Confidential

Collection No 36/42-43

Year 1942 43

CB 147 42-13

Subject: Reports from the Deputy Commissioner Tumkur Dist

FIDENTIAL.

Collection No. 36 842-43

Year 1942—1943

CS 1942-B

ıeral and Revenue
Secretariat.

ıfidential Branch.

SUBJECT .... Repair Dam Defence Cover Lunkhun Dist.

PREVIOUS REFERENCES.

LATER REFERENCES.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegraphic Address

No. J.C. 26/41-42.
Encls.

CS. 147-42-13

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
TUMKUR.

Date 10th August 1942.

To CS

CHIEF SECRETARY, 11. AUG. 1942 GOVT. OF MYSORE.

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Sir,

In acknowledging the receipt of your D.O. letter No. 609/17 C.B. dated 9-8-1942 with its enclosures I have the honour to state that copies of the notification declaring the All Mysore Congress Committes, All Mysore Congfess working committees, and the District and City Committees of the Mysore Congress to be unlawful associations were got served upon the Secretary of the Congress working committee, Tumkur and some of its leading members. It was arranged to hold a public meeting this evening under the auspices of the local congress committee and to deliver lectures criticising the policy of British Government in ordering the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and other congress leaders, and hand bills caliing upon the public to attend the meeting were distributed. As the holding of the meeting was likely to occasion a breach of the peace or disturbance the public tranquility, I issued an order prohibiting the holding of the proposed meeting under Rule 56 of the Defence of India Rules as applied to Mysore, read with Notification No. R.L. 1689/ Legis. 2-41-92 dated 9th March 1942 with necessary instructions to the polic. No meeting was held at the appointed time this day.

Subs for parusal
Law Sp d
Dewan
11/8

11/82

11/8/42

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Sunghunathacha Setti
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

J.C.26/41-42.

629/CB

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 12th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

In continuation of this office letter of even number dated 10th August 1942 regarding the holding of meetings by the Tumkur Congress committee, I have the honour to state that no congress meeting was held on the 11th instant.

CB

CHIEF SECRETARY
13. AUG. 194
GOVT. OF MYSORE.

13/8

I have the honour tobe,
Sir,
Your most obedinet servant,

District Magistrate,
Tumkur District.

Sullr for perusal
Law D.
Owen
13/8

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegraphic Address

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur.

No. C.C. 8/42-43.
Encls.

Immediate and confidential

Date 14th August 1942.

CHIEF SECRETARY
15 AUG. 1942
GOVT. OF MYSORE

CB.
V.S.S

XXXXXXXXXX

To The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore
BANGALORE.

Hasson 15/8/42

Sir,

I have the honour to state that there is immediate necessity for arresting one or two people in connection with the present congress activities. Two references were made to the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore, Bangalore requesting him to let me know the Jails to which they will have to be sent. But no reply has been received even to this day. I therefore request you to kindly reply me in the matter as to which Jail they are to be sent in case of their arrest.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Shanmugha Setti
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Mothamed-ul-Mulk

865/C3

15th August 2

Immediate and
Confidential.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your letter No:C.C.8/42-43 dated the 14th instant enquiring to which Jail the people whom you wish to arrest are to be sent, I am desired to state that they may be sent to the Hassan District Jail.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) M. G. Mehkri

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esq., B.A.,LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur.

No. 866/C3

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Inspector General of Prisons in Mysore, Bangalore, for information.

15/8

Chief Secretary to Govt.

CONFIDENTIAL.

D. O. Ros 234
42-43
Ever Imp

HIGH COURT
OF MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

14 August 1942.

Dear Sir,

I am directed by the Chief Justice to send you the two telegrams received in the High Court at 3-45 P.M. to-day from the First Munsiff and the Second Munsiff of Tumkur, stating that the Courts are being picketted by the civil resisters, that the police are helpless and that the work of the Courts has stopped. Necessary action in the matter may kindly be taken. The Munsiffs have been informed that the Courts will open as usual tomorrow (15-8-1942).

Yours sincerely,

Mothamed-ul-Mulk
Gulam Mohiyuddin Mehkri, Esq., B.A., LL.B.,
Chief Secretary to the Government,
BANGALORE.

MSN.

MGIPPAR -

(14) 141

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

C.

HIGH COURT OF MYSORE 14 AUG 1942 3-15 pm

NOTICE.

This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay. Rs. As.

Office Stamp

9

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.
Tumakuru City	14	14	20		21

Recd. here at 14 H. 30 M.

TO Registrar High Court Bangalore =

Court prevented may continue
longer work impossible
stopped police helpless
solicit instructions =
Second magistrate transfer

N.B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.

MGIPPAb.

140

HIGH COURT
14. AUG. 1942
3.15 p.m.

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

C.

NOTICE.	Charges to pay.		Office Stamp
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.	Rs.	As.	

Handed in at (Office of Origin)	Date	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.
Tumkur City	14	14	10		21

Recd. here at 14 H. 18 M.

TO Registrar High Court Bangalore

disturbance By Civil resistance no help from police work impossible stopped Salwat construct = first munsiff

N.B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.

CONFIDENTIAL.

No 863/C3

15th August 2

Dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O.letter No.R.O.C.234 of 42-43 dated the 14th instant forwarding to me two telegrams sent by the Munsiffs of Tumkur stating that the Courts were picketted and the work had to be stopped, I write to state that the Munsiffs may be requested to approach the District Magistrate for necessary Police help to prevent picketing

Yours sincerely,

(Sd) M. G. Mehkri.

N. Shamaiengar, Esq., B.A.,BL.B.
Registrar, High Court of Mysore,
Bangalore.

M-864/C3

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the District Magistrate, Tumkur for information and necessary action.

15/8

Chief Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegraphic Address

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
TUMKUR.

No. J.C. 26/42-43.
Encls. ~~Two~~ only.

Date ~~xxxxx~~ 14th August 1942.

CHIEF SECRETARY
15 AUG. 1942
GOVT. OF MYSORE

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of even number dated the 12th instant, I have the honour to state that on the 12th morning some students of the High School and the Intermediate College induced the students of otehr institutions not to attend the classes. Except the Muslim students, all responded to their call and came out. Some of the students at the instigation of one Mr. R.S.Aradhya, a local congressite went near the Girls' High School and requested the Head Mistress to send away the students. As there was no response, the boys stood at the gate calling out the students to come away and not to attend the classes. Some of the students removed the hats worn by people who were going about in the street and tried to put Khaddar caps on their heads. In the afternoon, they went round the streets with a congress flag, crying out JAIS. They distributed copies of the message said to be from Messrs. T.Subramanyam and K.T.Bhashyam. A copy of which is also enclosed for kind perusal.

On the ~~xx~~ 13th morning, about 100 students gathered near the Normal School Hostel and induced the students not to attend the calsses. They requested the passersby to give their hats and ties and asked them to wear Khaddar caps. It is reported that some hats were also removed and burnt. They went round the street as usual with the congress flag crying out 'Jais'. This day also the students led by Mr. R.S.Aradhya, went to the Empress Girls' High School where on account of Mr. Aradhya's rough temper in talking to the Head Mistress, the boys got excited and began to pelt stones. As a consequence of this some five doom lights were broken. The police advised the boys not to pelt stones and create danger to life and property. The boys then continued their rounds through the main streets.

It is reported that some of the congressites as noted in the margin met on the upstairs of the Madrs Hotel and held informal discussions. and decided to violate the prohibitary orders in force at Tumkur for a period of 30 days from 13-8-1942.

Messrs.
1. M.V.Rama Rao
2. Neelakanta Rao
3. Kempahonniah
4. Vittiba Rao
5. Brahmiah
6. R.S.Aradhya
7. Anantarama Setty
8. Gurappa Setti
9. Veerachar
10. Gatti Rao
11. Siddalinga Ehar.
12. Kittappa.
13. Raja Char.
14. K.Narayana Setti,
15. Visvanatha Setti,
16. N.Channappa.
17. S.V. Achar.
18. Sanjeeva Setti,
19. Ramachandra Rao
20. Mali Mariyappa.
21. V.C.Rangaswamy Iyengar,
22. Desikan
23. G.Rajagopala Char and a few others.

Again the students met near the Vokkaligar Hostel at 4 P.M. and went round crying slogans- Gandhiki Jai- Bharatha Mataki Jai etc. They went near the Police station and asked the police to throw away their uniform, resign their jobs and join them. The crowd after passing through Mandi pet and some other important streets, joined on the way by Messrs. M.V.Rama Rao, Kempahonniah, Vittoba Rao, Brahmiah, R.S.Aradhya, Bheemiah, C.Rajagopala Char and and some other important congress leaders, came to the Society maidan, where Mr.M.V.Rama Rao made a speech exhorting the audience to break the orders and defy the Government. The meeting terminated at 7 P.M. when Mr. Rama Rao was garlended. A copy of the Speech delivered by Mr. Rama Rao is enclc for kind perusal. This speech is objectionable and made an impression on the audience which mainly consisted of student folk numbering about 200.

At about 7-50 P.M. 60 studdnts went to the Railway Station where they requested some people in Europeon dlothes to surrender their clothers. They shouted slogans and requested some passengers who arrived by the shuttle train to hand over their hats and foreign caps.

On the 14th morning, some 50 students are reported to have gone to the Railway Station and boarded the shuttle train without tickets to go towards Tiptur. At about 10-30 A.M. about 150 students proceeded tow-ards the court premises and went round shouting slogans and asking the Lawyers to come out.

About 15 students are reported to have forcibly tried to get into a loaded bus coming from Gubbi side. But they gave up their attempt after due advise by the police. They are persisting in going round the courts.

It is also ascertained that Mr. M.V.Rama Rao will again address the public in a meeting this evening. The movements will be carefully watched and reported.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Ramachandra Rao

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

PROCEEDINGS of the Congress meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Ltd. Tumkur Town at 6-5 P.M. on 13-8-1942.

About 500 persons attended the meeting.

Prior to the commencement of the speech Mr. M.V. Rama (President: Town Municipality, Tumkur and President, Tumkur Town Congress Committee) was garlanded.

Mr. M.V. RAMA RAO then addressed the gathering to the following effect : " In connection with the arrests of Gandhiji, Nehru and other leaders of the All India Congress, we had arranged to hold a meeting day before yesterday, here, to condemn the action of the British authorities. A prohibitory order was then issued to us by the Deputy Commission-er, Tumkur, banning us from conducting that meeting and a copy of the Government order issued in the Gazette Extraordinary, declaring unlawful all the Congress associations in the country, was also served on us. But then we were expecting our leaders to come from Bombay, and so, we did not choose to defy that prohibitory order, in absence of instructions from our leaders. We know that later on our leaders were arrested at Yesvantpur on their return from Bombay. We have also read in the papers that our leaders had a talk with Gandhiji just 24 hours before the arrest of Gandhiji. It is therefore clear, from the present action of the Govt. that the Govt. in Mysore is not willing that Gandhiji's instructions to our leaders should not be carried out in Mysore. It is this thing that we have to protest at the first instance. There will indeed be no peace in the country till the leaders are released.

The Congress in Mysore had not yet come to a decision regarding their programme in line with the British Indian programme; but the Government hastened to take action prior to our decision in the matter. It is therefore our primary duty to see that, what the Govt. did not want us to carry out out, must be carried out,.. cause the Govt. took action pre-

P. T. O.

maturely before the Congress had decided their future programme. We must discharge our duty in the spirit of the debate that took place in the A.I.C.C. at Bombay, whatever be the consequences. Nobody should hesitate to implement this decision.

The present Govt. have no moral strength; all they have is the power of the gun. The Govt. know that the people are not behind them and that they are solidly behind the Congress.

The people are telling the British Govt. to quit, for, the weapons of the Govt. in India have no power against the enemies; but those weapons are misused against the Indians themselves - [illegible]
Nobody in the country would seem to be enthusiastic about the defence of India by the British Govt. The Indians want the defence of India by themselves by conceding the freedom of India. It therefore becomes our duty to make the Britishers quit India. (Claps). For this object, let us all sacrifice our utmost. I exhort you to come forward to carry out this programme(Claps, Claps). By all means in our hands let us put obstacles to the British rule in India and not allow the Govt. to carry on as before. The object of our movement is not to welcome the enemy but to defend India to our utmost.

I am told that some violent things happened in Tumkur today. We should do things that Gandhiji would approve of. My appeal to the younger generation, therefore, is that everyone of you should be strictly non-violent and I exhort you to determine your hearts to observe this non-violence.

Our Maharaja is the most enlightened of the Princes. He knows political philosophy to a great extent. Our Maharaja is not allowed to rule to his wish in Mysore. It is clear from the fact that our Maharaja is now not having his own way in as much as the Congress associations are declared unlawful, though Congress is a recognized association in Mysore. This is because that somebody is ruling our Highness. That enemy of our Maharaja must be ejected out of the country. It is our duty to make our Maharaja enjoy independence in his own country without interference from a foreign ruler. Hence the necessity to implement the programme as chalked

chalked out by Gandhiji. The programme of Gandhiji includes the carrying out of the Constructive programme as envisaged in 13 points given out by him, which includes khadi production, spinning, untouchability, picketing of toddy shops, boycott of foreign goods, strikes in schools and colleges and so on.

Strike in schools and colleges should be successfully carried out, for, the present system of education is defective; the present system only encourages its votary to become a slave in the British rule and not to be independent citizen in the world. As regards the Govt. servants, they become the instruments of British rule in India. The Govt. servants should search their hearts now and they should realise that they should not sell themselves off for the remuneration they receive, forgetting the call of the country, which is his primary duty. They should boldly declare that they are not willing to serve such a Government. If so much is done, the Govt. will then realise that the country is not at their back and that they have lost confidence in the existing Govt. It is thus that civil disobedience movement should find its way in all aspects. So everyone should search his heart and forget his personal troubles. For, the enemy never gives weight to the troubles that we have before his Air Raids.

The reply that Kasturibai Gandhi gave to the Police Commissioner when he asked whether she was determined to address the meeting in Bombay, must be the sign for us as to what we should do in the country. Kasturibai Gandhi said she was determined to address the meeting that Gandhiji intended to address; and then she was also taken away to jail. In all possible aspects we should show non-co-operation with the existing Govt. Do not send telegrams; do not travel in railways; do not post your letters in the Post Office. Do not allow the Govt. to function in any way. Entering the jails is not the objective of our programme, but to make the Govt. not able to function its way.

For no reasons given out by the Govt., Messrs. K. Hanumanthiah, President, Bangalore City Municipality, and Palahalli Seetharamiah of Mysore, were kept in detention. The object of the Govt. is therefore to see that no support of the public is brought to

to the voice of the leaders of the people. The duty of the people is therefore to keep always in view the programme of Gandhiji and carry out the same in a non-violent way.

We should break the order served on us, every day. So long as we are not free, our place is clearly the Prison-house. All who love freedom must seek jails in order that freedom may be worked out in the jails, as Nehru puts it. In jail only there is freedom, till freedom is achieved by us. I therefore exhort you all to work out such freedom through the prison-houses.

I will now place three resolutions before you for your approval. The first resolution refers to the condemnation of the British Govt. for the arrest and detention of Gandhiji, Nehru, Azad and other All-India leaders. The second resolution protests the action of the Govt. in having arrested and detained the President of Mysore Congress, The Secretary of the Congress and other prominent leaders of Mysore, under the Defence of India Rules, though the Mysore Congress leaders had not yet arrived at any decision as to their future course regarding the A.I.C.C. resolution. The third resolution urges the Mysore Govt. to take back its notification issued in the Gazette Extraordinary, declaring unlawful all Congress associations in the Mysore State, though Congress had established its reputation in Mysore by being the majority party in the local bodies and District Boards in Mysore State. (The fourth resolution was desired to be moved by Mr. Neelakanta Rao.) ~~There~~ The fourth resolution desires that the British Govt. should no longer work in India and that it should cease hereafter. (The approval for the above resolutions was given by the vociferous applause by the audience).

(One of the students from among the audience requested the speaker to give a piece of advice to the student-folk).

My advice to the students is this : Be disciplined; carry out the Congress Programme; This is India's last struggle; None of you should lose this opportunity: Do not attend to Schools and Colleges, as you would lose nothing by not learning in the present system of educatio but do not create scenes on the roads, but remain non-violent at home and carry out the Congress Programmes peacefully in a non-violent way. You need not pay the scheduled

scheduled fees in the schools and colleges.

Now this meeting comes to a close. All of you please remain peaceful and disciplined and attend to your duties." (applause, applause, claps).

The meeting terminated at 6-50 P.M. amidst vociferous applause and claps by the students.

The speech would seem to have produced effective impression on the audience, specially student-folk.

The Kannada Reporter also took down the proceedings of the meeting.

SD. Y. KRISHNAMURTI RAO,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 13, 1942.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

శ్రీ యుత తా. సుబ్రహ్మణ్యం - K.T. భాం ఇస్తాం,

ఇవర నం దేశ

వి విజ్ఞప్తి

నమస్కారములు నమస్కారములు!

నీ ఉత్తరం గారి గళ్ళన్ను సంప్రదించాం గి తెళ్ళపడినది. ఇదు నవుమ్మ శ్రీ తిరుమల్ కొరవ, బ్రాంగి, మరుత్తు మరియు నవ ఇవు గళ్ళాం నడెసువ శ్రీంగేరియం, కొత్తంత్రు ధ్యేయంగి యు కొడి దింద దేశగళల్లి ఏ దివసే. నీవు బేరె యుం దివ దినాంగళు, నిమ్మింద బేరె యుం దివ దినాంగళల్లి ధ్వేషగళు - ధ్వేషగళు బరుత్తిరువుదు, బేరెయాగి జనరు మత్తు బేరెకాగిదె. యావుదరన్నూ ఏ దే నుం నడెదిల్ల. యావుదన్ను తిళి, విళి, ఏ దొడ్డ శ్రీంగేరి దేవి, జనరు శ్రీంగేరియల్లి నమ్మను డెయిరువుదు మత్తు నమగె గళల్లి నడెసిరి, నమ్మ గళల్లి నేరవిరి, దేశగళల్లి సుత్తిరి, జనగళల్లి బంది ఏ కుళ్ళబేడి, బ్రాంతి యల్లి నడెయుత్తిరువుదు కాంగ్రెస్ కే కాంగ్రెస్ మత్తు గళల్లి నడెసిరి - నమ్మన్ను నోడువుదు దేశ - ఒందు దినవు యావుదే నిమిత్తవన్ను మాడదిరువుదు మరు శిక్షెయన్ను బేరెసిరి - క్రూరవాగి నడెసిరి

కొనెయ మాతు

Copy

A. Sunghunna Setti
Deputy Commr
Dharwar District
14/8/62

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegraphic Address

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur.

No. J.C.26/42-43.
Encls. Three.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Date 15th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of even number dated the 14th August 1942 regarding the movement of students and some of the congress leaders in Tumkur Town, I have the honour to state that the croud is gradually increasing in strength and acts done by the students are more serious and damaging. They go to the Railway Station and board the trains without tickets. They attempt to cut down telegraphic and electric wires. They remove the Postal letter boxes and smash them.

On the 14th afternoon, about 39 students went to Gubbi by the passenger train where they went round the important streets shouting slogons. There with the help of a local congressite Gatti Revanna they addressed a public gathering advocating the people to observe civil disobedience and returned to Tumkur in the evening. Some 15 students went to Kyatasandra and there joined by some local people went round the streets crying slogons. They removed the post boxes and trampled them. They set fire to a small hut opposite to the toddy shop, entered the toddy and Ganja shops, burnt Ganja and spilt out toddy. Further unlawful acts were preventeed by the police.

In the evening, about 600 people assembled in the Town Co-operative Society building premises and Messrs. M.V.Rama Rao and Krishnappa addressed the gathering. Mr. Krishanappa said that the view of Government in having kept quite without taking action reflected on their impotency etc. Mr. Rama Rao read and explained the A.I.C.C. resolution passed in Bombay from the 'Harijan' advising

the gathering to strictly follow the programme without fearing the consequences. The crowd disbursed at about 7-15 P.M.

This morning, a large number of students went round the town through the main streets asking the shop keepers to close their shops failing which they would starve to death at their doors etc. The went to the Toddy and Arrack shops spilt out the liquor and broke some bottles and glasses. They attacked carts and lorries carrying toddy and emptied the liquor and threw away the casks into the tank. They entered the First Munsiff's court and filled in it. One of them Krishnappa, a Secretary of the Town Congress committee occupied the Judges seat holding a congress flag. The attempts made by the Police to dissuade the students from their acts were not very effective and the court work had to stop. The crowd then went to enter the Special I Magistrate's court where the Magistrate skillfully managed to send them out though the work of the court had to stop. The boys then went to the Arrack Bonded Depot and wanted to break it open and destroy the contents. With some difficulty the police prevented them from this move. Near the Market square, one Adirajaiah is reported to have addressed the gathering which numbered about 500 including the citizens of Tumkur to strictly adhere to the 13 - points of Mahatma Gandhi and court their immediate arrest by - cutting down telegraphic and electric wires and boarding trains without tickests.

The Police should have arrested him for 16/8

In this connection I have to state that most of the Lawyers and citizens who were present on the spot were standing quite without even advising the boys to give up their violent acts. The local congress leaders are backing up the students and encouraging them in their mischevous deeds.

The leading congress man, Mr.M.V.Rama Rao was arrested - yesterday night and sent away for detention in the Hassan Sub Jail under Rule 26 (1) and (5) of the Defence of India Rules and an other Mr.R.S.Aradhya against whom an order has been issued is reported to be absconding. It is reported that some students

students went to Gulur and Heggere villages and burnt down the toddy shops there.

With defference to your memo No. 806-15/C.B. dated 13th August 1942 no violence was still now ~~been~~ used against the mob, and in view of the serious damages caused by the students who are well supported by the local congressites I am of opinion that the situation may not be brought under control without recourse to some force. As more drastic action will be necessary to maintain peace and order I request the favour of kind instructions in the matter. Copies of the marginally* noted communications received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. Sreenivasamurthy
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin*

1. Report No. S.B.145/42-43 dated 14-8-42.
2. Report No. S.B.145/42-43 dated 15-8-42.
3. Proceedings of the meeting held at 6-15 P.M. on 14-8-42.

Yes. All necessary possible action should be taken.
16/8

S.B. No. 145/42-43.

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 14, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

SECRET

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

14/8/42

I have the honour to state that it is reported that this morning about 60 students went to the Railway Station at Tumkur at 10 A.M. and boarded the Poona Passenger train without tickets shouting slogans.

It is reported from Gubbi that 39 students alighted at Gubbi at 11-5 A.M. and went round the important streets of the town shouting slogans. They are reported to have gone towards ~~near~~ Middle School and Girls Middle School and induced the students to come out of their classes. Gatti Revanna, local Congressite is ascertained to take active interest in selling Khadi caps and leading the procession. A Public meeting was held opposite to Mr. Krishnia Shetti's choultry where 300 persons, mostly students, are reported to have attended the meeting. After the meeting they all had lunch at the expense of Gatti Revanna. The aforesaid 39 students are reported to have left by 2-45 P.M. train towards Tumkur. At the meeting held at Gubbi, Messrs. Basappa, Mallikarjuniah, Mahantiah, Panchakshariah and Krishnamurthy addressed the gathering advocating the people to observe civil disobedience on the 13 points " ಸಂದೇಶ " of Gandhi.

They returned back to Tumkur by 5-40 P.M. train after going to Tiptur side passing Gubbi. It is also reported that they tried to pull the chain in the Railway compartment, but the connections were removed. One Kempahonniah, merchant of Tumkur and R.S. Aradhya met them in the platform and instigated all of them to come near the meeting at Tumkur.

About 100 students went round the Court premises shouting slogans and requesting the lawyers to come out of court and also shouting the presiding judges to resign. The magistrates' courts carried on their work as usual but the Munsiff's court

Court rose at 1-30 P.M. for the day. At About 2 P.M. they all dispersed from the court premises.

It is reported that a batch of 15 students stopped a bus coming from Gubbi side near Gubbi toll gate and forcibly tried to get in to bus which was already loaded. One of the students would have been run over but for the timely interference of the local Police. They dispersed from the Gubbi toll gate on the advice of the Police on the spot.

About 16 students went to Kyatsandra by Jutka led by Sreenivasamurthy of Kyatsandra. It is further reported that Bheemiah, Govindiah, K.H. Narayaniah, Hanumanthiah and Hutchiah and about 15 others of Kyatsandra went round the streets of Kyatsandra shouting slogans. They removed the post boxes hung in the public places and trampled them. They have also set fire to a small hut opposite to toddy shop, which is used for selling mutton. Not being satisfied with these acts, they also entered the Ganja shop and burnt Ganja and also spilt out toddy in toddy shops and arrack shop. They were prevented from continuing such unlawful acts by the advice of the Police. Complaint was received from the Postal authorities that a postal letter box with letters was missing since 13-8-42, at Tumkur. A case is taken on file and is being investigated by the local Police.

In the evening at 6-15 P.M. about 600 people assembled near the Town Co-operative Society to attend the public meeting. Messrs. Krishnappa and M.V. Rama Rao addressed the gathering. Mr. Krishnappa said that in view of the Government keeping quiet without taking action, reflected on the "impotency of the Government". Mr. M.V. Rama Rao after having read the extract from the A.I.C.C. resolution passed in Bombay, and 12-points published in "Harijan", translated them in Kannada and advised the gathering to strictly follow the said programme without fearing the consequences. Krishnappa requested the gathering to picket milk vendors who were supplying milk to Military. The crowd dispersed at 7-15 P.M.

It is reliably understood that Mr. Kempahonniah, Merchant

P. T. O.

Merchant, Tumkur has promised to support the movement with monetary help and has assured the Congressites of all help to them without himself coming to the fore-front. The central place of their meeting and chalking out their further programmes is the Panduranga Press, since Congress Office is being unobtrusively watched. Messrs. Brahmiah and Vithoba Rao, Proprietors of Panduranga Press are active-ly taking interest in launching the mass civil disobedience movement. Mr. G. Rajagopalachar, Advocate, Tumkur is also reported to lend active support for such unlawful acts indirectly.

Developments will duly be watched and progress submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Proceedings of the Congress Meeting held at 6-15 P.M. on 14-8-1942 in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur Town.

At first one Krishnappa, Secretary of the Tumkur Town Congress Committee, addressed the gathering in Kannada to the following effect - " I am the Secretary of a Congress Committee which is declared unlawful by the Mysore Government. The Govt. in Mysore is ruled by the British Govt., which is taking the Indians from India in order to kill them on the battle-fields, in order that the British may win the present War. Yesterday it was announced by tom-tom to the people that recruits for the War are wanted and that anyone may come and join the Army. For no valid reasons our leaders are imprisoned. This is our final struggle. If we succeed in this movement, we will get independence or, if we die, we get on to ' ದೇವರ ಕಡೆ

The Mysore Govt. is a toy in the hands of the ~~Mysore~~ British Govt. As the British Govt. did, the Mysore Govt. also arrested the leaders and declared Congress associations unlawful. The policy of the Mysore Govt. seems to be ~~this~~ to follow the British Govt. blindly.

The main item on our programme is production of Khadi. The next items of importance are boycott of foreign goods, cutting of telegram and telephone wires in a peaceful way, picketing of Railway labourers to strike work, stopping of trains, cutting of rails and dislocation of transport.

I am told that, till Monday next, the schools are closed by the authorities. I tell you not to attend schools so long as there is no freedom in India. You need not do this for a long time. If you only carry out this programme only for a few days, the Govt. will disappear and will go topsy-turvy. If all the schools remain closed just for a month and no fees are collected from the students, the Govt. will have no money to pay for the teachers and the staff; it will automatically go topsy-turvy. The parents of the boys must have patience in this respect and not allow their boys to attend schools and should not pay fees. Thereby the boys do not lose anything. I appeal to the parents to carry out this programme

in the interest of the country.

I am told that Courts worked today inspite of picketing. I believe that you will not allow courts to work from tomorrow. Messrs. /Rajasevasakta H. Venkataramiah, Mahantiah and others are serving in an organisation called the 'National War Front'. The members of that organisation preach the people to grow such food which are exportable outside India and for the use of the Army and they advocate for enlistment of recruits for the Army. For the sake of Rs.2 commission for every recruit, is it right for them to sacrifice our people on the battle-fields? (Cries of Shame, shame from the audience). Rather than live by such means, it is better to live by begging. Let them give up their membership to that organisation and come forward to serve the country's cause. Let them resign their membership on the National War Front. If they do not resign, I request the students to picket them, one by one, in order that they may change their conviction and be induced to resign their membership.

Picketing of toddy shops in Tumkur was ~~met~~ much successful in the whole of the country, sometime back. Then the Govt. had to yield; they did not effect any arrests after picketing became very powerful. Thus the Govt. was cowed down in Tumkur. Picketing among the Toddy Contractors is what is needed. It is only thus that the poor people addicted to drink habit could be saved.

When the students go on strike and when they go on picketing they should be strictly non-violent.

I need not remind the parents that they need not pay the fees of their boys when the boys do not attend the schools. Let them do this for 4 months, not even for 4 months; within 20-22 days the issue will be decided. I appeal to the parents to bear this programme in mind, not to send their boys to schools and not to pay the required fees.

The prohibitory order issued by the Deputy Commissioner is in force for one month from the 10th August 1942. When we conducted the meeting yesterday, that order became dead. This is a sign that the power of the Govt. is waning day by day.

Lastly I would urge you to picket the Military Milk Contractor of this place, in order that no milk from Tumkur may be exported out of Tumkur. The place where he collects milk is on the rock opposite this place(towards the well near the tank-bund).

Next Mr. M.V. Rama Rao(President, Town Municipality, Tumkur) addressed the gathering to the following effect - " Everybody is now aware that we have defied the prohibotory order served on us not to make speeches here. Somebody put me a question as to who authorised the Satyagraha movement that is going on in the country. I would now make it clear by reading a part of the Resolution passed in the A.I.C.C. at Bombay, which could be taken as sanction for us to conduct the Satyagraha - (Reads the part of the A.I.C.C. Resolution) - (explains and translates in Kannada)

> 'The Committee appeals to the people of India to face the dangers and hardships that will fall to their lot with courage and endurance, and to hold together under the leadership of Gandhiji, and carry out his instructions as disciplined soldiers of Indian freedom. They must remember that non-violence is the basis of this movement. A time may come when it may not be possible to issue instructions or for instructions to reach our people, and when ~~the Congress Committees ca~~ no Congress Committees can function. When this happens, every man and woman, who is participating in this movement must function for himself or herself within the four corners of the general instructions issued. Every Indian who desires freedom and strives for it must be his own guide urging him on along the hard road where there is no resting place and which leads ultimately to the independence and deliverance of India.

The programme that Gandhiji wanted the country to carry out,is given out in his speech delivered immediately after the A.I.C.C. resolution was passed. Here is extract from his speech which I will read out and explain to you in Kannada. (Reads and translates the speech of Gandhiji in Kannada,

E x t r a c t
From Gandhiji's speech dated Aug.8.

> "There is nothing secret about our plans. It is an open campaign. But yet see the circular of Puckle Saheb. It is an utter impossibility for the authorities to oppose and crush the Congress with the aid of mushroom parties.

(continued

We are opposing an empire and it is a powerful empire. It is going to be a straight fight and let there be no confusion also. There should be no subterrenean activity. Those who undertake underground activities will come to grief.

I have always enjoyed the confidence of the masses. I have toured the country extensively. I have always confidence in the masses. The time is very critical. I cannot ask Britain or Japan to wait till we are prepared to fight them. If I wait any longer, God will punish me. I am not speaking for India alone. This is the last struggle of my life. Delay is injurious and waiting any further would be humiliation for all of us. It is high time that we are free so that we can help other nations struggling for freedom.

Our struggle is now to start. But before launching the movement, I will address a letter to the Viceroy and wait for his reply. It may take a week or fortnight or three weeks. In the meantime, we will have, apart from carrying out the 13 points of the Congress constructive programme, to observed the following Code -

"Let every Indian consider himself to be a free man. He must be ready for the actual attainment of freedom or perish in the attempt. His attitude towards life should be that he is a free man. Mere jail going would not do. There is no mere bargaining. There is no room for office acceptance. There is no compromise on the demand for freedom. Freedom first, and then only the rest. Do not be cowards because cowards have no right to live. Freedom should be hyour 'Mantra" and you should chant it.

x x x

Let the Princes know that I am their well-wisher from the bottom of my heart. My father had been a Dewan. I myself was born in a State. I have eaten their salt. I do not want to be unworthy of the salt. The Princes should rise to the occasion. They must part with the responsibility of administration to their subjects. Let them read the sign of the times. If they fail to do this they will have no quarter in a Free India. The destiny of Free India will be decided by Jawaharlal and others who have no sympathy for Feudalism. Let the Princes shear themselves of their autocracy.

Let the Princes also not abuse their authority. Their only chance of a survival depends on the goodwill of their people. I would venture to ask the Princes whether they are not equally anxious to see India free. If the answer is in the affirmative, let them come forward; if the answer is in the negative, then I do not hesitate to say that even the Paramount Power will not be able to come to their rescue, because the Power itself will not be there. Responsible Government should immediately be conferred on their subjects."

Nobody should therefore feel that we have no sanction for the movement that we have been carrying on.

Government has recently formed a body called the "National War Front" the object of which seems to back up the action of the British Government and help them in recruiting work. We have to think for ourselves about the formation of such a body. It is reported that Rs.23000 is granted for carrying on the activities of this body, in Mysore State. In every district people are selected to carry on the work of this association. The work of the members of the National War Front seems to be mainly to abuse Congress and secondly to push others to the War Front ([illegible]) for the sake of a paltry sum of Rs.30 per month. The members of the National War Front are such cowards as to canvass others to join the army, while they themselves remain silent. If the members are so enthusiastic about recruting, let them join the Army, instead of preaching it to others. Let us see how many will join the Army by their example of themselves joining the Army. I repeat and exhort to the students to carry out the freedom movement in a most non-violent manner coupled with Ahimsa.

It is reported in 'Hindu' that the political circles in Bombay feel that Gandhiji would undertake fast, from August 29,1942 if he is not satisfied that the freedom movement in India is not being carried on the right lines as contemplated by him. If, therefore, you desire Gandhiji to live for the sake of freedom of the country, let all of you conduct this movement in a most non-violent way, so as to prevent Gandhiji from undertaking the fast. Let Ahimsa and non-violence be your watchwords in all your activities in carrying out the programme.

Mr. KRISHNAPPA (Secretary, Tumkur Town Congress Committee) spoke for the second time, to the following effect - " National War Front [illegible]

The members of the National War Front may create some trouble in Congress meetings like the one we are conducting now. I urge you not to be violent with them, if they were to speak something hot in the meetings like these. For, as a result of their interference, the Police may seek an opportunity to

open lathi charge on the gathering.

The Postal authorities took money for a telegram concerning observing successful Hartal in Tumkur, but did not transmit the message.

According to the recent Govt. order regarding the publication in newspapers, the people are not now able to get true facts as also all the facts in different places. In the present situation, newspapers do not necessarily form the source of news. All of you must patiently carry out the Congress programme. On behalf of the Tumkur town Congress Committee which is declared unlawful by the Govt., I thank you all for your patient hearing.

Meetings will be held every-day in this place for one month more till the prohibitory order is in force, and even afterwards. Whoever speaks in such meetings, you must all co-operate and attend in large numbers. Till freedom is won, your blood must be boiling and not be allowed to cool down.

The Govt. have not probably taken any action in order that we may cool down the movement, after a few days. But the people of Tumkur have taught them a good lesson in the past, during the last successful Satyagrahas conducted in Tumkur. Our object is not whether the Govt. take action or not, but to secure independence in India, to which purpose you must all co-operate with the Congress in carrying out its chalked out programme. You must be bold enough to say that you are of the Congress, which is declared unlawful by the Govt. All the jails in the State will be full, if only 2000 people enter into the prisons. Further arrests will non-plus the Govt. Lastly I exhort you, students and townsmen, to co-operate fully with the Congress, in carrying out its programme, imbued with non-violence and Ahimsa.

The meeting terminated at 7-15 P.M. with the usual cries of Congress slogans.

The speeches would seem to have made an impression.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office, Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 14, 1942

Copy

For Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

No.S.B. 145/158.

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 15, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that it is reported that the Municipal President Mr. M.V. Rama Rao was arrested early this morning and was taken to Hassan in accordance with the order of the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur passed under Section 26 Cl.2 of the Defence of India Act.

15/8/42

At 8-30 A.M. this morning Adirajiah of Magadi met the Jayadeva Hostel students and also Vokkaligar Hostel students. He ~~educated~~ collected a gathering of about 200 students and led them to Gumchi Square. He along with one Krishnappa of Tumkur insisted on every shop being closed. Both of them threatened the shop-keepers that they would starve unto death by sitting opposite to their shops, if the shop-keepers kept their shops open. Most of the shop-keepers closed their shops. They marched in procession from Gunchi Square to Chikpet and on to Congress Office insisting shop-keepers to close the doors and also shouting slogans. By the time the crowd came near the Market Square, it gained strength of another 300 persons - mostly Tumkur citizens. At Market Square, Adirajiah addressed the gathering and informed them to strictly adhere the 13 points of Mr. Gandhi and stated that they should try means and ways of getting themsel s arrested. He insisted on the students to cut down the electric and telephone wires and board trains without tickets which were the surest means of courting arrest. From the Market Square, he led the mammoth procession consisting of about 500 persons - mostly students - towards the Courts buildings. He forced his way into the First Munsiff's court brushing aside the Police with his henchmen and Krishnappa, Secretary of the Town Congress Committee, Tumkur, occupied the chair of the presiding Judges. He took with hi all

all his followers and made them sit inside the court.Hall so much so there was hardly any place for lawyers or for legitimate litigants. Adirajiah said that there was no Government and that everything was chaos and anarchy after the arrest of Mr. Gandhi. Messrs. Adirajiah and Krishnappa were persuaded by the Police at the spot to vacate the chair of the Presiding Judge immediately, which they did after much hesitation and influence. He came out asking about 20 people to sit in the court to see that no work was being carried on. He led his followers to the First and Second Magistrates Court where he repeated the old story. The crowd went near the Arrack bonded Depot situated adjacent to Excise Inspector's office and tried to break open the lock but was prevented by so doing by the interference of the local Police. He addressed a gathering of about 500 people opposite to the Sub Registrar's office where he strongly advocate the launching of civil disobedience on a mass scale and insisted that everybody should do some overt act to court arrest. The meeting terminated after half an hour and they all dispersed at 2-30 P.M. to again assemble in the evening at 6 P.M. near the Maidan at the Co-operative Society, Tumkur.

Meanwhile at 11 A.M. a batch of about 100 persons consisting of majority of students proceeded to the District Office Gate Square where they met a cart carrying toddy. They climbed on to the cart, spilt the toddy and threw the pipes to the tank. They were about to set fire to the cart, but the Police at the spot prevented the occurrence. They rushed in to the arrack and toddy shops and are reported to have spilt away the entire stock of arrack and toddy, brandy bottles about a dozen glass tumblers and half a dozen jars. They were again prevented from continuing such unlawful acts by the Police on the spot. From the arrack shop, they rushed to the cattle pound, broke open the door and let loose all the cattle that were impounded. Having come to know that a lorry carrying toddy

(continued

was near Amanikere gardens, they rushed to the lorry, forcibly got up the lorry and cut open the leather cover and spilt toddy and forcibly get-up the damaged the wind-screen of the lorry.

It is further reported that about 150 students went to Bheemasandra, some forcibly entering into bus going to Bheemasandra and others walking. They are ascertained to have stopped a Goods Train for a while and are also reported to have waylaid a lorry carrying toddy from Chikkanaikanahalli to Bangalore and forcibly spilt away toddy. They began to throw stones and pull out telephone wires but were prevented from so doing by the Police.

It is gathered from the reports of the local Police that they have set fire to Heggere and Gulur toddy shops, but are being prevented from continuing such hooliganism by the local Police.

It is also reported that the students brushing aside the Police are boarding trains without tickets and travelling aimlessly causing damage to I Class and II Class compartments and annoying the passengers and railway officials.

It is reported from Madhugiri Taluk Police that Mr. Honjerappa returned from Sira to Madhugiri and is carrying on his legal profession at Madhugiri.

I beg leave to submit that the students at the hands of their unscrupulous Congress-minded people are continuing to act violently in order to force the authorities to take action. Hooliganism has increased day to day and danger to property is imminent

Accompanied with the Deputy Commissioner, I am moving round the town and the surrounding villages giving necessary instructions to the staff.

Developments will be watched and progress reported.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

1.30 P.M. 18-8-42.

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Telephone Message

received at 2.40 P.M. on 19-8-1942.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur to the Chief Secretary to Government, Bangalore.

"A Detachment of 20 Mysore Infantry arrived at Tumkur and are guarding the Office of the Special First Class Magistrate (Mr. Anantha Murthy). The situation is quiet at Tumkur. Courts and Offices working. The Commissioner and District Superintendent of Police have gone to Tiptur".

Sd. Surappa.

Personal Assistant to D.C.

Recd 19/8

Telephone message

19-8-1942.

11-20 P.M.

From the Sub-Division Officer, Gubbi, Camp Tiptur.

Information has just been furnished by the D.S.P. Tumkur: One Siddappa who was injured in the recent railway firing at Tiptur and was under treatment died, and that Maramagiri village people are proposing to take the body in a procession. It is also heard that some other rowdy elements in the town are planning to incendiarism etc. in the town to-night. Situation was so far quiet. It is likely to cause some anxiety for the above reason. However, patrol is arranged all over the town in the night. Telephone information is also just now received from D.S.P. Hassan who is stopping at Arsikere ~~and~~ that he has got information that a big trouble at ~~Domma~~ Bana sandra is likely to occur to-night. Military party is being rushed to Banasandra immediately and I am proceeding there. D.S.P. is looking into the Bandobast at Tiptur town.

19-8-42

31

All concerned message dated 20th August 1942, from the Station Master, Arsikere, Mysore State Railway.

"Station Master Tiptur reports that 101 up of 18/8, Vans 7 and two brakes burnt with contents, station building part of waiting room and goods shed and Station Master's and Parcels offices burnt with records and furnitures, all Telegraph and Telephone communication cut off, block instrument damaged, semaphore signals wires and lamps with glass broken."

78/446

Copy of the above is forwarded, with compliments, to the Chief Secretary to Government of Mysore, Bangalore, for information.

CHIEF SECRETARY. 20 AUG. 1942 GOVT OF MYSORE.

Secretary for Railways,
Government of Mysore.

C. F. No. 45]

818
CB

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegram / Telephone

OFFICE OF
The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District,
Tumkur.

No. J.C. 26/42-43.
Encls. Five only.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Date 18th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of even number dated the 16th August 1942 about the movement of students and congress leaders in Tumkur, I have the honour to state that at about 11-30 A.M. on 16-8-42, about 200 volunteers came to Tumkur by the Poona Express from Bangalore and joined the students near the Veerashiva Hostel. The total gathering about 500 in number went round the important streets crying slogans. At about 3 P.M. about 100 labourers from the Minerva Mills came by the shuttle train and went round the important streets with the boys behind them crying "Jais".

In the evening at about 6-15 P.M. one Mr. Sreekantappa of Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 1000 people in the premises of the Town Cooperative Society buildings and exhorted the audience to carry on the struggle on a wider scale and induce the members of the National War Front committee and the other Government servants to resign and join the congress. He added that they should picket milk supplyers and cattle Vendars to the Military camps. After the termination of the meeting at 6-40 P.M., a crowd of about 500 persons rushed to Gubbi Toll gate - Toddy shop, removed the LOCK and finding that there was no toddy removed and burnt away some reepers pushing aside the police. The toddy shop near the Bus stand was picketted and toddy spilt out pushing aside the police.

It is reported that Honnudike toddy shop was set on fire and further mischief was prevented by the police. Telegraphic

connection between Tumkur and Bangalore was cut off. Police watch has been arranged to prevent further mischief.

At Hebbur about 100 persons led a procession with a photo of Mahatma Gandhi and picketted the Primary and Middle schools and Mr. G.Chikke Gowda of Gollahally addressed a public gathering of 100 persons in the shandy maidan.

At Tiptur, about 200 students went round the town on 15-8-42 crying slogans and asking the shop keepers to close their shops. About 100 students had gone to Tiptur by train without tickets and joined the students there. They tried to picket the Magistrate's court but the police prevented this. They attacked a toddy cart and burnt the toddy cask spilling out the contents. Again in the evening they went near the toddy shop but were prevented by the police from doing any mischief there. Some of the local congressites are reported to have joinedthe students and helped them.

Small processions of students with some congress leaders were held at Madhugiri and Chiknaikanahally. Mr. Gatti Revanna and some congress leaders of Gubbi followed by about 100 people went to the Railway Station and brushing aside the police poured out toddy from Goods van. ~~Danger~~ Damage to barrels was however prevented. They went to the toddy shop and poured out all the toddy. They went to the cattle pound and released all the impounded cattle.

Early in the 17th morning, the Inspector General of Police in Mysore arrived here with a force of some 50 military people and 50 P.R.P. constables. Necessary watch has been arranged near all the Government offices and institutions. Police constables are posted for duty in all the important places of the town. About 200 students gathered today in the High School maidan and picketted the others who were going to school. About 15 students who travelled by the passenger train were detained and

warned. At 12 noon, Pandit Marappa, Chennappa, Kyatasandra Siddappa and Gubbi Hutchappa followed by about 1000 students and merchants lead a procession through the main streets shouting slogans and requesting the shop keepers to Close their shops. Messrs. K.Narayana Setty and Srikantiah addressed a gathering of about 100 students in Jayadeva Hostel to go on non violent lines and continue picketting schools and toddy shops.

At about 3 P.M. about 20 lady volunteers lead by Mrs. Seshamma Subramanya Swamy induced the girls of the Empress Girls High School to come out of their classes and go on a procession. They also induced the students to persuade foreign cloth shop keepers to close their shops and help those engaged in the mass civil disobedience.

In the evening about 600 persons, merchants and students went round the streets shouting slogans. The procession came near the Town Cooperative Society maidan and joined a gathering of about 3000 men. Messrs. Srikantappa and Neelakanta Rao addressed the gathering of about 4000 people to carry on their work peacefully. They ~~enticed the~~ Briticised the British Government and ~~entreated~~ exhorted the audience to promote their movement till India gains independance. About 250 ladies also attended the meeting which terminated at about 7-30 P.M.

At Madhugiri and Tiptur also some students went round the town in procession shouting slogans and schools and toddy shops were peacefully picketted, loss or damage to property was prevented by the police.

At Gubbi, Mr. N.Channappa, president of the District Board is reported to have expressed that the British were responsible for the death of Mahadev Desai and he fondly hoped for a day in which the British Empire would be washed away by floods. Here a batch of students headed by Gatti Revanna and Mallappa went round the town in procession. The two leaders are reported to have instigated the students to cut off telegraphic wires, enter post offices and hinder work, and move Government servants to resign their jobs. These two people being engaged in acts prejudicial to public welfare and the

the British Government were got arrested and sent to the District Lock-up, Tumkur for detention. The above said Mallappa is reported to have cut some two date trees also near Mattighatta.

At Tumkur the College students wrote a leaflet by name "Kranti" and freely distributed carbon copies of it throughout the town. A copy of this is enclosed for kind perusal. The situation today is normal.

Copies of the marginally*noted papers received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur are enclosed for kind perusal

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Ranganathan Rao. C
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin.*

1. Copy of D.S.P.'s report dated-16-8-42.
2. Copy of the report dated 17-8-42.
3. Copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on 16-8-42
4. -do- -do- on 17-8-42.

అమిందే యువ్వు బడుగు

శాంతి

ఖమ్మం తేది 17.8.42

"భారతదేశ స్వాతంత్ర్యం - అదుగుంటారు లారు అంటున్నారు ఇప్పుడు భారతదేశ ప్రజలంతా స్వాతంత్ర్యం స్వాతంత్ర్యం అంటే అంటే అదేమిటో గాంధీజీ ఇరుపక్షాలు"

గాంధీజీ అంటుంటే

భారతదేశ స్వాతంత్ర్యం. అదు ఉగ్రంగుంటుంది నీళ్ళ నుంచి తీస్తారు?

గోదావరి మీద. నీలదేశాలో - బాగుంటుంది కాబట్టి ప్రజలందరూ విరుచుకుపడి బాగా తాగుతారు

ఈ గోదావరి దగ్గర కట్టిన కాలువలు కట్టిన తరువాత గాంధీయువ్వు గడిచిన పండరవన్న కుంటుపడ్డాడు అదంతా నీకు తెలుసు. రాజకీయాలు తెలిసి ఉన్నాయి. మనం తెలిసి.

ఇప్పుడేమో ఈ గోదావరి కాలువలు ఎత్తి గడిచిన దక్షిణం బ్రిటిషు వారు వాళ్ళకు? 11 నీళ్ళ కాలువలు నడిచిన పదవ నీళ్ళు / 5 నీళ్ళ కాలువ తీసుకుని రాలేక తీసుకుంటారు బాగా కారణం ఏమిటి? ఇదంతా ప్రజలు ఏమీ గవర్నమెంటు ఇట్టిదే. ఇదంతా కారణం రాజకీయాలు?

ఇప్పుడు గాంధీజీ ప్రజలు దగ్గర పడుతున్నారు తెలిసి విద్యార్థులు అదంతా నక్కలు నగరాన్ని ప్రజలు జీవనాధారం పరిష్కారం కుంటారు

(P.T.O)

బంగాళాఖాతం తీరం గ్రామ రాజధానాలు ఇప్పుడు

గతి నాశిన గాంధియువ్వు రక్షణ దక్షిణ గిరిజనం

దిద్దుతే అనేకమంది మరుగుదొడ్డి విద్యార్థి.

ఆఫ్రికాలో ఉగ్రగురువు భారతీయులకు విధులు గాంధీయువ్వు రక్షణ దక్షిణ రక్షణ అదిగా ప్రజలు అల్లాంటివారు తి కోసం ఎత్తి విద్యార్థి.

నేలంబత్తినవ బడులు మిలిటరీ పరిపాలన గాంధీజీ ఇట్టిదే.

విద్యార్థి దినపత్రికలో గుండు పాలి దిగ్గజ పడ్డ ఇంగ్లీషు రాజధానాలు పరిపాలన.

విద్యార్థి

పిల్లలు గట్టిగా జాగ్రత్తగా తీసుకుని పోండి. నన్నట్లే వాళ్ళు జాగ్రత్త జరగాలి

— ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ. —

ಶಾಂತಿಗೆ ಕೈಗೆ ಬಾ ಡಿ. ಬೀಡಿ ಗಳ
ಬೀಡಿ - ಬಿಕ್ಕ ಬಾಕ್ಸ್ ಗಳು ಕಾಲ್ಗೆ
ನಾಶಿ ಗಳಿಸುವಂತೆ ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಿ.

ಶೇಷಾ — ಎಂಬಿ.
ಪ್ರಾಂಶುಪಾಲ.

SECRET

No.S.B.145-24
42-43

District Police Office,
Tumkur District, Tumkur.

Dated the 16th Aug. 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report of this day, I have the honour to state that 11-30 A.M. about 200 volunteers came to Tumkur by Poona Express from Bangalore and went near Jayadeva Hostel. They along with the students of Tumkur and other persons numbering about 500, went round the important streets of Tumkur shouting slogans.

At 3 P.M. about 100 labourers of Minserva Mills came to Tumkur by Shuttle train and marched on procession in all the busy streets of Tumkur shouting slogans "Gandhi-ki-jai, Get Out British" etc. They left Tumkur by the Express train to Bangalore.

It is reported that Honnudike toddy shop was set on fire and further mischief was prevented by the Police at the spot.

It is reported that telegraph wires running from Bangalore City to Tumkur was cut near Kyatsandra and attempted to set fire to the electric pole.

About 500 persons mostly students assembled near the Vokkaligar Hostel and shouting slogans came to Gumchi Square and went to the toddy shop at the bus stand. It is reported that they pushed aside the Police constables and duffedars that were on duty at the toddy shop and spilt away a barrel of toddy.

Complaint from the Assistant Station Master is received stating that telegraphic connection is cut off between Tumkur and Bangalore City. Necessary Police patrol has been arranged to prevent further repetition of such mischievous acts.

About 1000 persons assembled this evening at 6-15 P.M. in the Maidan opposite to Town Co-operative Society where Mr. Sreekantappa, Merchant of Tumkur addressed the audience. After justifying the various acts of the people from the time of the arrest of the British Indian leaders, he exhorted the audience to carry on the struggle on a wider scale appealing the people to join the civil disobedience movement on a larger scale. He thanked Mr. Parswanathiah who is alleged to have promised to resign from the Nation War Front Committee. Condolence resolution owing to the demise of Mahadeva Desai was expressed by the speaker. After the meeting a group of 500 persons rushed to Gubbi toll gate toddy shop, removed the lock and finding that there was no toddy, threw away the reapers and tiles and are reported to have burnt the reapers pushing away the Police.

It is reported that at Hebbur G. Chikkagowda, H.P. Sreenivasa Setti, Ayyanna Setti and Hanumantharaju led a procession of about 100 persons camping a photo of Gandhiji and picketed the boys of Primary and Middle Schools which are eventually reported to have closed. A public lecture under the presidency of Sreenivasa Setti was held near Shandy maidan where about 100 persons are reported to have attended the meeting. Mr. G. Chikkegowda of Gollahalli addressed the audience

It is reported that about 250 students of Tiptur went round on a procession on the morning of 15-8-42 requesting the shopkeepers to close and shouting slogans. At 1 P.M. about 100 students are reported to have arrived by train without tickets, joined the students of Tiptur and attempted to picket the magistrates court when they were pacified by the Police and sent away from the Court premises. At 2 P.M. they have been reported to have met a bullock cart carrying toddy and they forcibly got in to the cart and spilt the toddy. They burnt the toddy barrel on the tank bund. Students who had come from outside are reported to have forcibly rushed in to the Bangalore-Passenger train and left towards Bangalore without tickets. S.R. Mallappa and S. Lingappa of Tiptur are taking active interest in these subversive activities and they are reported

reported to have led a procession of 200 students in the evening. They went near the toddy shop but were prevented by the Police from doing any damage at the toddy shop.

Nevannarudriah, Venkatarama, Ramakrishna Setty, Ashthiah Setty, Sreekanta Sastry and Sitarama Singh of Madhugiri are reported to have led about 20 local students in the main streets of Madhugiri shouting slogans. They are reported to have not had good response for their movement.

It is reported that Messrs. C.B. Bhoomegowda, C.H. Lingadevaru, H. Hanumanthe Rao, Sreenivasamurti, D. Seethappa, Gopala Setty and Rudramaraiah led a procession of about 50 students round the streets of Chikkanaikanahalli shouting slogans yesterday morning and held a meeting in the evening where Messrs. C.K. Narayana Setty, Krishnamoorthy, C.L. Kalaniah addressed the gathering. After sympathising with the dead and injured persons in British India owing to the recent political unrest, they condemned the action of the Government for its alleged "repressive policy

Gatti Revanna, Mallappa, Adaveeshaiah and Gopaliah of Gubbi with a following of about 100 persons are reported to have forcibly entered the Gubbi platform and brushing aside the Police, poured out toddy from a Goods van in the morning. They were however prevented from damaging the barrels. From the platform, they went to toddy shop at Gubbi and poured out all the toddy in the shop. They are reported to have also let loose the impounded cattle from the cattle pound after breaking open the door of the cattle pound assaulting the cattle pound-keeper. Their attempts to stop the toddy lorry that was going to Chikkanaikanahalli failed due to the tact of the driver who drove the vehicle at a fast speed.

After all these occurrences, Mallappa is reported to have congratulated his following for the "good work" and advised them to repeat the said acts next day also.

I am keeping vigilant watch by personal visits to the various spots of Congress activities and am issuing instructions

P.T.O.

instructions from time to time.

Further developments will duly be watched and reported.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

SECRET

No.S.B.145 - 26/42.43

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 17, 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commis
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that it is reported that about 200 students gathered opposite to the High School in the open Maidan and began advising the students there were going to the classes not to attend the classes. The schools were kept open and it is ascertained that about a few - fourteen persons - attended the classes.

The Poona Passenger train arrived here at 10-30 A.M. and about 15 students were found travelling without tickets; they were detained and warned not to repeat the same. At 12 Noon Pandit Rudrappa, Channappa, Kyatsandra Siddappa, Gubbi Hutchappa led a procession of merchants and students numbering about one thousand in all around the main streets of Tumkur, shouting slogans, and requesting the shop-keepers to close the shops. Most of the shops barring a few Mahomedan shops and hotels, remained closed. The Shuttle train arriving from Bangalore was watched but none travelled without tickets. At 1 O'clock in the afternoon about 100 students gathered inside the compound of Jayadeva Hostel. Messrs. K. Narayana Setty and Srikantiah advised the students to go on non-violent lines and advised them also to continue to picket schools, toddy shops etc.

It is reported that at about 3 P.M. about 20 lady volunteers led by Mrs. Seshamma Subramanyaswamy induced the girls of the Empress Girls High School to come out of their classes and to go on a procession along with other processionists- it is further gathered that the said volunteers met at the Mahila Samaj where Mrs. Seshamma Subramanyaswamy induced all the ladies of the Empress Girls High School to go on procession everyday and to persuade foreign cloth shop-keepers

(continued

shop-keepers to close their shops and to give all possible necessary help to others who are actively engaged in the mass civil disobedience movement; it is ascertained that they did not come to a final decision since very many of them stated that they had to take the consent of their parents or their husbands.

I beg to enclose a leaflet by name 'KRANTI'. It is written by the College students by carbon process and leaflets are being freely distributed throughout the town.

It is reported that at 6 P.M. about 600 persons - merchants and student-folk - went round the important streets of Tumkur, shouting slogans, prominent among those that were present were Sanganna, the merchant of Tumkur, Siddappa s/o Basappa, Parsvanaha Rice Mill, Vimalaraju, Rangappa, Stores, Chinhpet, Puttiah, Petty Shop-keeper, Mallikarjuniah, Shop-keeper, Huddappa, Nanjappachari, Goldsmith, Neelakantachar, Prahlada Rao, Satyanarayana Setty, Channappa s/o Chikkahurali Rudrappa, Krishnappa, Gubbi, Basavaraju s/o Chikkarudriah, Sampathkumaran, Brahmiah, Neelakanta Rao, K. Narayana Setty, Pandit Rudriah, A.S. Nanjundiah, Naranachar, and B.C. Nanjundiah. The procession eventually came near the Town Co-operative Society Maidan, where about 3000 persons had already gathered. About 250 ladies attended the meeting. The processionists all along the route were keeping to the left side of the road and were behaving in an orderly fashion. Messrs. Sreekantappa and Neelakanta Rao addressed the gathering. After approving the acts of the mass movement they stressed on the audience to be non-violent at all costs. The meeting terminated at 7-30 P.M. when they all dispersed peacefully.

It is reported that at Madhugiri, about 50 students went in a procession around the streets and also picketed before schools. The schools eventually closed. Their attempts to close the Magistrate's court proved futile as they were peacefully advised to disperse. They peacefully picketed before toddy and arrack shops, but no damage either to the toddy or to the property at the toddy shop was caused by them.

It is reported by the Police Inspector, Tiptur, that on 16-8-1942, in the afternoon, about 200 students went round the streets of Tiptur, shouting slogans; they were found carrying the photo of Gandhiji and the tri-coloured national flag. They are reported to have come near the toddy shop and attempted to spill away the toddy and caused damage to the barrels; they were prevented by doing such overt acts by the timely intervention of the Police as a result of which no damage to toddy or to property was caused. About a hundred students went to Annapur village toddy shop where they are reported to have poured away three casks of toddy, but were prevented from doing further damage by the Police at the spot.

It is reported at Gubbi, Mr. N. Chennappa, President, District Board, arrived at Gubbi, on the morning of 17-8-42, and is ascertained to have expressed to one Nanjundappa of Ragadevanahalli, that the British were responsible for the death of Mahadeva Desai, and he fondly hoped a day when floods would come and wash away the British Empire. At the instigation of Gatti Revanna and Mallappa, a batch of students led by the aforesaid persons, marched on a procession around the principal streets of Gubbi, and are reported to have eventually come near the Schools. Gatti Revanna and Mallappa are reported to have instigated the students to cut off the telephone wires, to enter the Post Office and hinder the Postal officials from carrying on any work and also to have advised all the officials to resign their jobs. They are also reported to have advised the students to carry on anti-war demonstrations against the British Government. As Gatti Revanna and Mallappa were reported to have been actively engaged in the acts prejudicial to public welfare and to the British Government, I took detention orders against the aforesaid two persons and went to Gubbi at 12 noon. After studying the local situation and giving necessary instructions to the Police Inspector,

Gubbi, I got the two persons arrested and brought them to Tumkur where they are remanded at District Lock-up, Tumkur. It is also reported by the Police Inspector, Gubbi, that yesterday the said Mallappa, with his brother Gurumalla and others, went to Mathigatta, and after securing an axe from Somalinga s/o Chikkegowda of Herur, cut two date trees near the level crossing at Mathigatta, and on hearing the said information, the Police rushed to the spot and prevented further damage. One of the leaders who were responsible for cutting the wires, is rounded up today, and the movements of the other are being closely watched.

The situation at Kunigal is reported to be quite normal.

Further developments are being duly watched and will be reported.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Proceedings of the Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, at 6-15 P. . on 16-8-1942.

MR. SREEKANTAPPA (Mandy Merchant of Tumkur Town) addressed the gathering to the following effect - "Sisters and Brother I am a member of the Congress Committee which is declared unlawful by the Mysore Government in consonance with the policy of the British India Government. I stand before you today to appeal to you to carry out the Congress programme as laid down by Mahatma Gandhi.

First of all I would lay emphasis on Khadi, as the Britishers came first to India as traders and later on occupied the whole country by dividing Hindus and Muslims and other communities. Khadi is a business proposition which is the surest way to drive a lesson home to the Britishers who came here as traders. The Congress programme must be carried out till the Britishers quit India. Unity of Hindus and Muslims must be achieved.

You will be glad to know that Mr. Parswanatha has resigned from the National War Front. I hope other members of the National War Front will similarly resign and join Congress. I hope students will not retard in their activities and damp their enthusiasm. I stress again that this movement should be carried strictly on the lines of non-violence and Ahimsa. It is our duty to request the Govt. servants to resign. When women have come forward in this struggle, it is the primary duty of all the male persons to come forward and join the struggle.

The Britishers are fighting this War since 3 years and have not so far gained an inch of ground. They are only adepts in shooting down the innocent people of India. Indians are taken to the battle fronts and are being killed. None of you should allow milk to be supplied to the British military camps you must picket cattle vendors to the Military camp. The Governor of Bombay says that not an inch will be conceded to Indians. Who is he to concede an inch of ground in India, our own country?

This is not the time for you to sit idle. There may be violence in some places contrary to the sanction of Gandhiji; that is so because all the important leaders of the country are behind the prison bars. Inspite of anything, it is our primary duty to be non-violent. Nobody need be wounded by the deaths of Indians in different places in India, owing to the opening of fire by the Government. All those who are dead now will be born Hitlers. This freedom struggle should not be stopped till freedom is won. This is my special appeal to you all. Mahadeva Desai is reported in Radio to be dead. If it is so, we have to record our deep sorrow. Believe me, this movement will not and cannot go on for long; within a month of our struggle the country will be free. I pray God to save the country at this critical juncture. After the arrest of Messrs. Adirajiah and Krishnappa yesterday, Mr. Adirajiah has given a message to the people of Tumkur, to carry on the movement strictly on non-violent lines, not to embarass the Government servants and to win over their minds to induce them to work with the Congress. The meeting for today is now closed."

The meeting terminated at 6-40 P.M. with the usual cries of Congress slogans. The gathering was about 1000 strong.

Tumkur,
August 16, 1942.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

S.B. 145-27/42-43
18.8.42

SECRET

Proceedings of the Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, at 6-5 P.M. on 17-8-1942.

Mr. Neelakanta Rao at the outset appealed to the gathering to subscribe to their mite towards the fund to be given to the Wrestlers who agreed not to participate in the War Fund Wrestling bouts. Thereupon volunteers went round and collected the amount.

18/8/42

MR. MANDI SREEKANTAPPA speaking first addressed the gathering briefly to the following effect - "I heartily thank the merchants and others of Tumkur town for having successfully observed Hartal today, both Hindus and Mussalmans united, owing to the unexpected demise of Mahadeva Desai, the Secretary and the right hand man of Gandhiji. Even now I remember the words of Desai who remarked that offering garlands was a waste.

Americans conquered Phillippines and with a few years they made it literate and when the Phillipinos clamoured for Independence, the Americans conferred independence on it. But, inspite of 150 years of British rule in India, the literacy in India is as poor as 8-9%, and the average income of an Indian is barely an anna and a half per day, as contrasted with the average inc of foreigner nations, viz., R.2, 3 and 4. The British Govt. is ruling India by adopting the policy of divide and rule. India is ours. We do not want the British to rule any longer. So everyone should enter this movement with the object that the British may quit India. No help should therefore go to the British army. We should not sit idle. Gandhiji has said that this is the last struggle of India. Therefore everybody should join this struggle.

MR. NEELAKANTA RAO OF TUMKUR next addressed the gathering to the following effect - " I am standing before you as a member of the Congress Committee which has been declared unlawful by the Mysore Govt. which is itself subordinate to the British Govt. My eatnest appeal to you all, ladies and gentlemen, is that you should be bold enough to say that you form part of the Congress association which is declared unlawful by the Govt. Let us see how many people will be arrested and how many jails will be filled up by such unlawful members. You must dash forward

forward with courage and patriotism, as this is the last struggle as Gandhiji puts it. Either we win in this struggle or we perish. If we win, we get independence; if we die, glorious heaven is ours.

Now I will mention the things that a Congressman should not do. The incident at Kyatsandra - burning an electric pole - and breaking glasses in Railway compartments and elsewhere, are things which has not the approval of Congress. Some enthusiasts might have done them in their over-enthusiasm, but that is not the correct policy. I do not want to damp the enthusiasm of the students, who have been exhibiting great enthusiasm and patriotism. But, I want to stress on keeping discipline by the students. Leaders must be selected for a group of students and the word of the leader must be followed. No violence should be exhibited by the students. If Gandhiji comes to know it, he will undertake a fast, and then all our sacrifice so far will be a waste. Programmes should be chalked out for each day and must be carried out at any cost, with discipline. Indiscipline will hamper our objective. Hitler is so progressive because of the discipline among his ranks.

The atmosphere in Tumkur has now changed. Today a big show of Police and Military Force has been exhibited in the Tumkur Town. I do not know whether the show was meant to frighten us or to take the opportunity for a lathi charge on the people or anything else. I ask the authorities what need is there to exhibit such show of strength, on the innocent people. I ask them how long can they also continue in the slavery that is enveloping them also. They are also our brothers. I ask them whether they do not want freedom. Instead of exhibiting all their strength on the British Govt., what use is it to show off against the innocent people of this country. If the authorities have got courage and patriotism, let them exhibit their strength against the British Govt., and let the high officers of the Govt. resign and join the movement that is going on. It is prophesized that even Maharajas would ultimately join the struggle. It is already becoming apparent. The sons daughters in the family of high officers like the Dewan etc., are becoming patriotic and Congress-minded. This is the sign of the times. Time may come when high officers may have soon to resign their posts. This is a new age; this is Gandhi-Yuga.

This movement is otherwise called as 'Non-violent mutiny' kindled by Gandhiji who is a great political doctor who knows when to prescribe what to the political patients. He was driven to start this movement owing to the procrastinating and stiff attitude of British Govt. The British have not so far gained an inch of ground in this War. Everywhere there are successful retreats. Singapore and Burma are lost. Gandhiji then became despondent about the powers of the British Govt. to defend India from foreign aggression. Gandhiji then determined that India's defence must be done by Indians, in order that independence may be won, having lost confidence in the power of the Britishers. If India were not to fight on its own legs, the new conqueror of India may occupy India and may begin to rule India instead of the British. Then the slavery of India will continue. To ward off the aggressor from India and to show that India could gain independence by its own efforts, and not as a gift by the conquerors of India, this movement has become a necessity and started in good time. Gandhiji's idea seems to be 'Asia for Asiatics and Europe for Europeans'.

All of you must be really proud and blessed, for having be n born in this critical period of India's history. The moral force of Gandhiji's words will shake great Empires, great nations and the whole World, especially when violence is rampant everywhere. The world will get the message of peace only through India in this restless world. All of you must therefore become lovers of Ahimsa, must cherish equality and discipline, if the peace contemplated by Gandhiji were to be established. It will be done.

Whatever is done must be done on purely non-violent lines. For, Ahimsa has got the power of converting the minds of the opponents. Many instances could be quoted to prove it, for example The incidents at the N.W.Frontier pronvice and South Africa. A step towards Ahimsa is a step nearer and nearer independence. Acts of violence will recede us from the goal of Swarajya. I desire that you should maintain Ahimsa at all times, whatever the Police and the Military might do. Never be enraged by the acts of the Police and the acts of Govt. officers. My special request to all well-to-do Govt. officers is that they should

should immediately resign from their posts and carry on the Ahimsa policy of the Congress. It is only through the success-ful observance of the policy of Ahimsa that our objective of Swaraj will be won. I exhort to you all therefore not to indulge yourselves in any sort of 'Himsa' activities. Please do not meddle with electrical power and water reservoirs. Do not do things that Congress will be ashamed of. Carry on the programme of the Congress; some of the important items of which are the following - to make the British quit India, not to help the progress of the present War in any way, to prevent supplies to the Army, to induce the Govt. officers and servants to resign their posts, to picket the courts in batches of determined people who are prepared to sacrifice their lives, and the removal of rails and telephone wires by duly announcing it and be prepared to meet the consequences.

This opportunity will not come to you again. From today parents should not send their sons and daughters to the schools as the present system of education has nothing good in it, teaching only how to become a slave of the British Govt. After freedom is won, they will be taught to become heroes and given the right education to fit them to become a citizen of India. We are suffering in slavery from a very very long time. Therefore I appeal, specially to the women of our country, not to prevent their sons and husbands from joining this freedom struggle; I appeal to them to bless them and send them to the movement. It is only that firm determination and fire of patriotism that can topple down the British Empire. Remember the brave words that Subhadra gave to her valiant son Veer Abhimanyu, never to return as a coward from the battle field, but to fight courageously and return victorious. Lastly I appeal to you all to carry on this movement to a successful end, following strictly on non-violent lines.

The gathering was about 4000 strong; including 250 ladies the meeting terminated at 7-15 P.M. with the usual cries of Congress slogans.

Tumkur, Aug. 17, 1942.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
STENOGRAPHER: DIST. POLICE OFFICE: TUMKUR.

" C O P Y "

SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE:
TUMKUR DISTRICT.

17.8.42 తేదీన మహాత్మా గాంధీ తదితరులు క్విట్ ఇండియా తీర్మానాన్ని ఆమోదించిన తర్వాత కాంగ్రెస్ కార్యకర్తలు :—

శ్రీ. నీలం సంజీవరెడ్డి : "నన్నూ నా సహచరులనూ విద్యార్థి దశలో కాంగ్రెస్ కార్యకర్తలుగా తీర్చి దిద్దిన ఘనత ఆంధ్ర జాతీయ కళాశాల కు చెందుతుంది. ఆ కళాశాల ప్రిన్సిపాల్ గా ఉన్న శ్రీ కొండా వెంకటప్పయ్య గారు మా గురువు. ఆయన మా కళాశాల కు ఎన్నో సేవలు చేసారు. ఆయన తన్ను తన్నుకొని కాంగ్రెస్ కు ఎన్నో సేవలు చేసారు. ఆయన

[illegible] నేను [illegible] కొంచెం [illegible] నేను [illegible] నేను [illegible] నేను

ఇక మి. గాంధీగారి యిగ. మి. గాంధీగారి పోలికలే కొంచెం వేరు. మీరు బాగా తెల్సుకోవాలి. ఒకటేమంటే తెల్లవారు. ప్రజలుగా మీరు యిద్దరి గురించి అర్థం కావాలి. అలా నాకు తెలిసి క్రీస్తుగారు చనిపోయారని చెప్పి తెల్సుకోవాలి. ఇవి రెండు ఒకటి కాదు. క్రీస్తు వంశం వేరు. మీ వంశం వేరు. మీ వంశం అన్నది ఎలా ఏర్పడిందో కథలు కథలుగా మీకు తెల్సుకోవాలి. ఇలా తెల్సుకోవడం వల్ల మీకు మంచి జరుగుతుంది. ఇప్పుడు గాంధీగారి పోలికలు వేరు. ఇప్పుడు మీ పోలికలు వేరు. ఇప్పుడు మీ పోలికలు వేరు. ఇప్పుడు మీ

వర్తమాన సంఘటనలు తెలుసుకోవడానికి కూడా ఉపయోగపడుతుంది. ఇవన్నీ ఇప్పుడు వాళ్ళు చదువుతున్నారు. ఇవన్నీ మేము చదివేవి. ఇవన్నీ ఇప్పుడు వాళ్ళు చదువుతున్నారు. వాళ్ళకి ఇప్పుడు కొత్త కొత్త విషయాలు తెలుస్తున్నాయి. మా ఇంట్లో మేము చిన్నప్పుడు చదువుకున్నప్పుడు మా నాన్నగారు మా చదువుకి ఎంతో ప్రాధాన్యత ఇచ్చారు. మా నాన్నగారు ఇంటర్ వరకు చదువుకున్నారు. మా అమ్మగారు ఇంటర్ వరకు చదువుకున్నారు. మా నాన్నగారు మా చదువుకి ఎంతో ప్రాధాన్యత ఇచ్చ

[illegible]

[illegible] 6.30 P.M. to 7.30 A.M.

[illegible]

H.C. [illegible]

Kannada Stenographer

Tumkur D.P.

18.8.42

"Copy"

[illegible]

Dist. Supt. of Police

Tumkur Dist.

Confidential
Spl R. 1/42-43

839
CB

From,

Syed Abdul Aleem, Esquire., B.A.,
Assistant Commissioner & Ex-Officio Magistrate,
T U M K U R.

For perusal
23/8

Dewan

To,

P. Suryanarayana Setti, Esquire., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner & District Magistrate,
Tumkur District,
T U M K U R.

Dated 20th Aug. 1942.

Camp Tiptur.

Sir,

As per your orders dated 19th Aug. 1942 I have the honor to state that the Military party from Bangalore arrived at Tumkur in buses at 4-30 A.M. on 19-8-42 accompanied by Mr. Sambashiva Rao Naidu Magistrate. I took charge of the Military column from him and also an advance amount of Rs 750/- . A party of 20 men and two Officers were stationed at Tumkur at the request of the First Magistrate Tumkur who had been asked to keep watch over the Tumkur Town and the Railway Station.

2. The rest of the Military party left for Tiptur at about 5 A.M. on the same day. I accompanied the party. On the way we visited Gubbi, Nittur and Karadi Railway Stations . Every thing was quite allright everywhere. We gathered information about the neighbouring stations also in the stations we visited and we were told that there was no apprehension of any kind. At Karadi station we saw a goods train stopping. The station master informed us that instructions had been received by him not to allow the goods train to proceed towards Tiptur until further instructions as the permanent way at Tiptur Railway Station had been damaged and rails removed and the Telephone line cut. Reached Tiptur at about 11-30 A.M. and found the town quiet. The Railway Station buildings had been burnt on 18-8-42 at about 3 P.M. and much damage of property had been caused. The circumstances under which the building was burnt down by the

by the hooligans of Tiptur town and adjoining places are being enquired into by the local Police. The entire incident started when a Military party was proceeding towards Arasikere in the train at about 2-30 P.M. The boys and others that had gathered at the Railway Station began to pelt stones on these Military men (Mysore Infantry) as the train began to move. This led to the opening of fire by the Military which resulted in injury being caused to two persons. This incident appears to have given cause for the burning of the Railway Station building, goods shed cutting up of wire and causing damage to the permanent way and property and removal of rails in some places. Even the Engine of a goods train that was stopping at the station was damaged.

3. Some time after the arrival of the Military party at Tiptur every thing was looking quiet . The Deputy Commissioner and the District Superintendent of Police of Hassan who had come to Tiptur to meet the Deputy Commissioner Tumkur informed that some boys were seen hovering about a toddy shop of Bidaragudi which is at a distance of about 5 miles from Tiptur in Arasikere road. The District Superintendent of Police Tumkur and Mr. Samad Khan Police Inspector proceeded to the spot with the Deputy Commissioner and District Superintendent of Police Hassan who were returning to Arasikere and found that the toddy shop was already on fire. The boys that had set fire to toddy shop were brought by the District Superintendent of Police Hassan to Tiptur in a car and handed over to the Police and he further gave information that some more people of Siddapura and surrounding villages were gathering and it may be that they might mean more mischief . So myself accompanied by a Military party proceeded to the spot. The crowd which had gathered at a distance in the fields towards Siddapura village began to disperse. We then proceeded to Siddapura village . Two more persons namely B. Chikkanna of Bagavala of Arasikere Taluk and another

another Siddappa of Siddapura village were taken to Tiptur and handed over to the Police as their behaviour appeared somewhat suspecious.

4. In the evening on the same day i.e. 19-8-42 I accompanied the Military party to Honnavalli Road Railway Station and made enquiries of the Station Master. I was told that there was no apprehension of any kind. Then the Military party moved up to Arasikere and returned to Tiptur in the night. Immediately after our arrival - Telephone messages were received from the District Superintendent of Police Hassan who was camping at Arasikere and the - Station Master at Nittur that trouble was apprehended in ~~both~~ the Railway Stations of Banasandra & Nittur in the night. I was also informed by the Police that some of the people of Tiptur town were - apprehending danger to their houses in the night as they thought that some of the hooligans were designing to set fire to their houses. On receipt of this information I immediately proceeded to Banasandra with the Military party. Reaching the place it was found that every thing there was peaceful and calm and that there was no apprehension of any kind. - Similarly the other Military party accompanied by the First Magistrate Tiptur which proceeded to Nittur returned to Tiptur at 5 A.M. today with the information ~~that~~ that there was no trouble at all at Nittur even.

5. There were no incidents in Tiptur town also last night and proper patrol arrangements had been made in the town.

6. The Collector C & M Station - with a party of Reserve Police came by a special train last evening from Bangalore, inspected the station and made enquiries regarding the local situation Etc and proceeded to Arasikere where he was halting yesterday. He again came to Tiptur this morning in a special train with the party of Reserve Etc as he was also wrongly informed that the Station at Banasundra had been set on fire last night. Myself and the

and the District Superintendent of Police met him at the Railway station and when he was informed that there was no truth in the above information he went back to Arasikere without proceeding to Banasundra.

7. One of the injured persons Siddappa of Maranagere - in the shooting on the ~~Railway~~ Tiptur Railway paltform who was under treatment in the Hospital here expired yesterday evening. The Post Mortem is being held today and I am informed by the Police that there is no cause for anxiety on account of this death.

8. In all there have been nine arrests on 19-8-42 in Tiptur Town under the Defence of India Act. The names of these persons are mentioned below:-
1. N.D. Ramaswamiah. 2. S. Lingappa. 3. B. Viswanatha Setty. 4. S.R. Mallappa. 5. Painter Nanjappa. 6 - Nanjundiah. 7. Ganigara Gangiah. 8. Maranagere Settappa 9. Basettappa.

9. The Excise Inspector Tiptur has just now reported to me that the toddy shops at Sugur and Annapura have been similarly burnt on previous days and that the toddy Contractor has been unable to carry on his trade. The Police will be instructed to take suitable action in this respect.

10. Until 10 A.M. this morning quiet prevails in Tiptur Town.

I have the H onor to be,
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant,
Sd/ Syed Abdul Aleem,
Assistant Commissioner & Ex-Officio
Magistrate, Gubbi Sub Division,
Camp Tiptur.

Copy of the above is submitted to the Minister of Law and Order to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore for kind perusal.

Syed abdul alem
Assistant Commissioner & Ex-Officio
Magistrate, Gubbi Sub Division,
Camp Tiptur.
20.8.42

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegraphic Address

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur,

No. J.C. 26/42-43.
Encls. Four Only.

CONFIDENTIAL

Date 20th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

CHIEF SECRETARY, 22. AUG. 1942 GOVT. OF MYSORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous report regarding the disturbances in the district, I have the honour to state that on the 17th night the slaughter house was burnt. On the 18th morning, as usual there was prabhat pheri and about 100 or 150 students picketted the schools and college. The Girla' schools were picketted by lady volunteers under the leadership of Mrs. Seshamma Subramanya Swamy. In the evening the students met near Koti Thope and went round the streets in procession. Messrs. Srikantappa, B.C.Nanjundiah and Bhanumurthy Rao of Bhejawada addressed a public gathering of about 2,000 people in the Co-operative Society building premises. There was some picketting of schools and toddy shops in Madhugiri, Hebbur and other places without any damage to life or property. At Tiptur, the Railway Station and Goods shed were reported to have been burnt down. I went to the spot and a detailed report on the incident is submitted separately.

On the 19th morning, there was the usual prabhat peri and about 150 students assembled in the College grounds where Bhanumurthy Rao of Bejawada, Narayana Murthy a student addressed them. At about 11 A.M. they devided themselves into batches and began to picket Lawyers and parents of School-going children in their houses. In the evening, about 500 students marched in a procession round the main streets of the town and joined a gathering of about 2,000 people in the Cooperative Society maidan where Messrs. K.Narayana Setty, Brahmiah, B.C. Nanjundiah and Bhanumurthy Rao addressed them to carry on the measures in a non violent manner. They criticised the actions of Government and Government officers in bringing the military to put down their

their violent actions. The situation is brought well under control.

Copies of the reports of District Superintendent of Police dated the 18th and 19th instants together with copies of the speeches delivered on the two days are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District

SECRET

No.S.B.148 - 31
42.43.

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 18,1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To
The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my yesterday's report, I have the honour to state that it is reported by the Police Inspector, Tumkur, that the slaughter shed was burnt last night. Today as usual, there was Prabhat Pheri in the morning and about 100-150 students assembled and went on picketing the schools, calling out those that were attending the schools, attended with cries of Congress slogans, standing at a distance from the School premises, and that, as a result, the school authorities closed the schools. The Girls Schools also were closed being picketed by lady volunteers, headed by Mrs. Seshamma Subramanyaswamy.

In the evening the students held a meeting at "Koti Tope" and a public was held in front of the Co-operative Society, Tumkur, after procession in the main streets; it was attended by about 2000 persons. Messrs. Mandi Sreekantappa, Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada and B.C. Nanjundiah addressed the gathering, and exhorted the audience to carry on the Congress programme as laid down by Gandhiji @ on purely non-violent lines. The meeting terminated at 7-30 P.M.

The scavengers of the Town Municipality, Tumkur, had gone on a deputation to the Deputy Commissioner, that they would strike as they were ordered by the Chief Officer that they should all sleep at the Municipal Office inspite of their appeal that they would sleep by batches. The Deputy Commissioner heard them and told them that he would instruct the concerned people in the matter.

It is reported from Madhugiri that some students collected at the toddy shop and tried to rush in but were prevented from doing so. Then they made an appeal to the vendor. On 18-8-1942 the students picketed the schools as a result of which the schools closed. Later they are reported to have proceeded

to the Munsiff's court and the same was closed after 3 P.M. Messrs. Bodi Mariappa and Hanjerappa are reported to be attending courts.

It is reported that at Hebbur, Hartal was observed on 17-8-42 and the students picketed the schools and they dispersed on the advice of the Police. Some Congressites including students are reported to have made some appeal to the gathering in Urdugere Chandy.

Report from Gubbi is to the effect that the citizens observed Hartal today and that Sugramchalli Hevanna, Hosarchalli Chickkaramiah and Doddaangappa, after consulting with Mr. Chennappa, were going round the town.

It is reported from Kodigehalli that students and villagers picked near the schools on 17-8-1942.

It is reported from Kiptur at 6-30 P.M. that, as a result of some Military passengers travelling in the train injuring two persons on the platform with revolver, the mob set fire to the Go-Down which is reported to have been burning etc.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

D. H. Leach

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

PROCEEDINGS of Congress Meeting held near the premises of the Tumkur Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur on the evening of 18-8-1942.

The meeting commenced at 6-15 P.M. and terminated at 7-15 P.M. The gathering was about 4000 strong.

MR. SREEKANTAPPA (Mandi Merchant, Tumkur) first spoke to the following effect: - " This is the third day I am speaking on this platform. Though my friends who spoke here were arrested, my arrest has not so far been done. In accordance with the programme laid down by Gandhiji, I believe that picketing will be undertaken in schools and other places in the villages, and (toddy) that date trees will be cut hereafter. Government servants should be induced to resign their posts and join the movement. As the country is still very backward, it is left to the lot of the students to carry on this movement forward. The progress of Russia is due to the high literacy drive in that country - 98-99% - while in India literacy is barely 8% inspite of the long rule by the British. Our primary duty now is the ejection of British out of India, by carrying on the programme laid down by Gandhiji, based on strictly non-violent lines. In this movement, it is wrong to cause destruction of property indiscriminately. The Britain is now faced with a problem as to how to get out of the situation, when, on one side Japan is sitting on its head, and, on the other, the freedom movement is going on in India. Knowing not what to do, the British are simply shooting innocent Indians. Indians are 400 millions strong and are bound to cause dismay to the British. The divide-and-rule policy of the British is bound to compel the Indians to eject them out of India, by carrying on the movement, based strictly on non-violent lines".

Mr. Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada spoke briefly in Telugu for a while to the following effect - " The sacred name of GANDHI contains 'G' which means God, 'A' meaning Ahimsa, 'N' meaning Non-violence, 'D' meaning Dharma, 'H' meaning Hindi and Harijan uplift, 'I' meaning Inspiration. People believe that Gandhiji is the incarnation of Lord Krishna.

P.T.O.

Indiscriminate travelling of students and others, without tickets, in the train, is wrong. Some sort of principle must be involved in travelling without tickets and not indiscriminately as and when they like. Such things will not carry us forward in this struggle. I hope that parents will not allow hereafter, their boys to travel without tickets. When I travelled from Bangalore to Tumkur in the train, I saw students behaving in an indisciplined manner. The students should organise themselves and be disciplined....." (At this stage there was disturbance in the audience and the speech was not audible).

Nextly MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH of Tumkur addressed the gathering to the following effect - " My friends, sisters and brothers, all of you are aware of the present political situation. The main object of all of us should be to make the British quit India and thus achieve the independence of India. We should not only resist British but fight the aggressor of India whoever he be. Our sole aim in this struggle is the resistance of alien rule by carrying on a non-violent fight in accordance with the programme laid down by the Congress. Sooner we adopt pure non-violence in this struggle, nearer becomes our objective. Gandhiji has said that the British machinery in India must be soon disabled, and that all prohibitory orders must be defied, that schools and Mills must strike work, that lawyers should discontinue work in the courts, that Govt. servants should non-co-operate with the Goverment machinery and thus make the British to stop their activities in India. Mishappenings such as deaths etc., throughout India have taken place owing to the futile show of arms and ammunition by the Govt. Especially in Mysore there is absolutely no need for such show of arms.

Where is there any need to issue prohibitory orders on the fifth day when all was quiet since 4 days? In such matters the authorities do not seem to have any discretion. In a place where there are large labourers, it is quite natural that the labourers commit some violent acts, owing to the fact that they are mostly ill-educated and indisciplined. In places like Tumkur there could be no violence at all. The struggle launched now is strictly a non-violent fight, and in this struggle people are prepared to sacrifice their lives for the sake of their country. It is highly

highly unjust to open fire on indisciplined labourers and other who have struck work and are going on processions, just to show their non-co-operation with the machinery of the Government. People who have struck work have atleast to go on processions in the morning and evening, just to record their non-co-operati with the Govt. Things were quiet for 4 days. Why then was th any necessity to issue prohibitory orders on the 5th day, thereby inviting trouble and unrest? What use it is to order lathi charge on such illiterate and indisciplined labourers? Why should such people be unnecessarily shot down? The present movement is certainly not against the Mysore Government. The movement is aimed against the British Government. So long as the British Govt. exists in India, there is no salvation to India. Gandhiji has advised the Rulers in the States that they are to rule as custodians of guardianships of the welfare of the people ....." (owing to disturbance in the crowd as a result of rains, the speech closed abruptly).

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 19, 1942.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.
19/8

18.8.42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.30 pm. నుండి 1.30 వరకు మేము కలకత్తా జైలులో రాజకీయ ఖైదీలుగా నేను మరియు మా తోటి ఖైదీలు అనుభవించిన కష్టాలు మరియు బాధలు

మంత్రి కాంగ్రెస్ రాజీనామా:— నాకు తెలిసిన మరియు నేను చదివిన వార్తల ప్రకారం కాంగ్రెస్ మంత్రులు రాజీనామా చేసారు. నన్ను మా ఊరు ఎస్.డి.ఓ. కోర్టులో ప్రవేశపెట్టి, తరువాత మేజిస్ట్రేట్ ముందు ప్రవేశపెట్టి, తరువాత జిల్లా జైలుకు పంపారు. తరువాత బాలురు మరియు బాలికలు, వారి తల్లిదండ్రులు మరియు కుటుంబ సభ్యులు, నన్ను కాంగ్రెస్ కార్యకర్తగా గుర్తించి, నా ఇంటి ముందు ధర్నా చేసారు. నన్ను కలకత్తా జైలుకు పంపారు. నన్ను కలకత్తా జైలులో 95 మంది ఖైదీలు ఉన్న గదిలో ఉంచారు. నన్ను కలకత్తా జైలులో ఇరుకైన గదిలో ఉంచారు. Soviet Russia లో 100 మంది 95 మంది వరకు ఉంటారు. నన్ను కలకత్తా జైలులో 150 నుండి 200 మంది ఖైదీలు ఉన్నారు. నన్ను కలకత్తా జైలులో నా గది నెం. 7-8 మరియు మా తోటి ఖైదీలు నా గదిలో ఉన్నారు. అక్కడ ఎంత మంది ఉన్నారు అని అడిగితే, వారు ఎనిమిది మంది అని చెప్పారు. వారు మా తోటి ఖైదీలు, వారు ఎనిమిదిమంది ఉన్నారు. వారు మా తోటి ఖైదీలు. వారు మా తోటి ఖైదీలు. వారు మా తోటి ఖైదీల

[illegible] సంతరావు తన్ను [illegible] చేశారు. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తనకు [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] భుజం [illegible] తోడు [illegible] తీసుకొన్నారు. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెద్దవాళ్ళ [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] చేశారు. [illegible] తోడు [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] (Gandhi) [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] A - [illegible], N - Non violence D [illegible] H - Hindu and Harijan uplift; I పెంచడం Inspiration. గాంధీ పెంచడం [illegible]. విద్యార్థులు [illegible] త్రివర్ణ [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. ఇంకా [illegible] పెట్టి [illegible] నన్ను తండ్రి [illegible]. తండ్రి [illegible] పెట్టి [illegible] త్రివర్ణ [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. నన్ను [illegible] నేను [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] (ఇట్లా [illegible] వుపన్యాసాన్ని [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]). ఇట్లా [illegible] పెట్టి [illegible] నేను [illegible]. తండ్రి [illegible] పెట్టారు. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెట్టారు. [illegible] నేను [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] Arrest [illegible] Arrest [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] నన్ను [illegible]. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible]. నాకు [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] - [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] "[illegible] పెంచడం - [illegible]" పెంచడం [illegible].

సంతరావు Br. సంతరావు (తమ్ముడు) [illegible]:- [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] నన్ను [illegible]. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible]. [illegible] తండ్రి [illegible] పెంచడం [illegible].

[illegible] Prohibitory Order [illegible]. [illegible] Prohibitory Order [illegible]. [illegible] 4000 [illegible]

H.C. Srinivas
Kannada Steno.
Tumkur Dt. Police office.
19.8.42

Copy.

K. N. [illegible]
SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE
TUMKUR DISTRICT.
19/8

SECRET

No.S.B.145-33/42

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 19, 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that today, after the Prabhat Fheri as usual, it is reported that the students assembled in the Intermediate College grounds wherein Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada and Narayanaswamy, a College student, addressed them, about 150 strong. The general trend of the speech was they should work up their scheme in an organised and non-violent manner and 15 volunteers are reported to have offered themselves to render service. The meeting dissolved with a proposal to meet again in the evening.

20/8/42

At 11 A.M. the students divided themselves into batches of eight, proceeded to schools, lawyer's houses, the parents of the school-going children, and appealed to them to give up attending courts and requesting the parents not to send their children to schools.

In the evening at about 6-30 P.M. a procession started from the Town Hall with a batch of 100 students which increased to about 500 on the way, till it arrived at the Co-operative Society premises, Tumkur. In the public meeting there, Messrs. K. Narayana Setty, Brahmiah, B.C. Manjundiah, and Bhanumurti Rao addressed the gathering. Messrs. Brahmiah and B.C. Manjundiah advised the gathering to be peaceful in their acts as some hooligans and loafers may take this opportunity to bring a bad name to the Congress. Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada spoke in Telugu. The meeting terminated at about 8 P.M. and the gathering was about 2000 strong.

Among the students Shankar s/o Sivaramiah is reported to be taking a leading and active part.

P.T.O.

Copy of some of the posters found pasted on walls etc., are enclosed for kind information.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.
1918

PROCEEDINGS of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur Town, at 6-15 P.M. on 19-8-1942.

Introduced by Mr. Sreekantappa MR. NARAYANA SETTY OF TUMKUR addressed the gathering to the following effect " For the present I am a member of the association which has been declared unlawful by the Government. You must remember what work these members so called 'unlawful' have done in the British Provinces. They have carried on Government in the Provinces. In Mysore State also these members have occupied important and responsible seats in the administration and are thus doing public service. Gandhiji who has deeply thought over the matter and has been saying to the British to quit India, is considered to be in the wrong.

Since three years of the War period, the British have not so far won any battles or any new territory. It becomes therefore evident that the British are not able to defend India. No preparations have been made by the Britishers to defend India. Sitting 7000 miles away from India, the Britishers deny self-Govt. to India on the ground that people in India are not united. I think that the Mysore Govt. have declared Congress associations as unlawful, mainly on account of pressure from somebody, in accordance with the policy of Govt. of India, declaring Congress associations as unlawful; Because our Maharaja has great love for his people.

Through various publications Gandhiji has laid down the programme to be followed in India strictly on non-violent lines. The Govt. Officers have really no hatred against Congressmen. They sympathise with the Congressmen. But they dislike hooliganism. In the name of Congress many violent things are reported to have taken place. I request you all to carry on the Congress movement, purely on non-violent lines".

MR. BRAHMIAH of Tumkur next addressed the gathering to the following effect - " I am a member of the association which has been declared unlawful by the Mysore Govt. in accordance with the policy of the Govt. of India. Also I am a member of the Tumkur Municipality and of the Representative Assembly.

P.T.O.

I want to narrate some incidents which, I am anxious, should reach the notice of the Law Minister, the Education Minister and the Dewan. In the Mail train which started from Tumkur at 1-45 P.M. day before yesterday, students were travelling in that train, without tickets, as usual. About 40-42 Military people were travelling in the next compartment to whie that where I was also travelling. The boys were one to one-and-a-half thousand in number. among whom about 700-800 students were of Shimoga & Davanagere. At 4-30 in the early morning, at Arasikere, the Military people severely beat the students and other passengers including women, many bangles of whom were broken to pieces and stand as proof of their violent acts. If required, I am prepared to give the names of women who were treated like that by the Military. Students were removed out of the compartments and fire was opened. At Banasandra all the students were removed out of the train and were left to themselves. At Banasandra the students somehow managed to get some food by the hospitality of the local residents. As a result of this incident, the parents of those people were naturally enraged. The news spread far and wide and to Davanagere also, where the under-bridge was completely destroyed and the permanent way and the good-shed were also destroyed. The station at Banavar was set fire to by some rowdies. Thus, it could be seen that the whole blame for all these incidents rests on the Military people who enraged the parents of the students who were beat by them. I can prove that the mistake certainly does not lie either on the Congress or the students. It is no doubt true that, at the bottom of these violent acts, rowdies are liable, and the Congress knows fully well that it is their duty to stop the mischief of these rowdies. I am told that many high officers employed in the Mills at Bhadravati have resigned. The Mills there have ceased to work as a result of strike by Mill coolies. The responsibility for these things lies on the Government, and not on the students or the Congressmen. Wherever I went I saw that the Military people were responsible for all the violent action by the people.

Where is the necessity to post Military in the Musafarkhana in a place like Tumkur. Girls in that locality are afraid to go to the schools

I can assure the Govt. that no viol-

can or will take place in Tumkur, at any time. In this respect Tumkur has earned a good name and it will be quiet in future also. I therefore request the authorities to withdraw Military from Tumkur, at once. The Congress will be responsible for anything untoward that may happen in Tumkur. Our students will not loot the treasury, will not burn the stations, and they will be properly instructed to refrain from committing violent acts. In fact Congressmen returned a purse to an European traveller at Davanagere, which was knocked off by a student. During the past days of Satyagraha in Tumkur, non-violence has been strictly kept up and it will be done in future also. It took Ireland and America many many years to gain independence and so it will be in India also. The movement that has started now will not stop because of the Military; it will continue more and more day by day. I hope that the Govt. will realise this and will please withdraw the Military from Tumkur.

My appeal to the merchants of Tumkur is this. This is not the time to worry about their business, for, the Govt. by various control orders have been controlling rice, paper, iron and such other important commodities, not for the sake of the people of Mysore, but for the sake of the Army who may have to withdraw from the battle-fields at South Africa. Propaganda must be carried in the villages to see that village products do not reach the needs of the Army. Scrap iron that will be used for arms production must not be sold to the army. At any cost, stop to pay for the telegrams which will open the eyes of the British Govt. Travel in railways should be cut down and milk should not be supplied to the army. Cattle should be prevented from being sold to the Military camp. Successful picketing in the above said matters will lead to the starvation of the soldiers in the Military camp and will greatly hamper their activities.

Propaganda is required in the villages to stop payment for Hulbanni etc. I request you to defy the prohibitory order passed in Tumkur, as in the past, till any length of time, as the order is in force in Tumkur, and thus carry on the movement whatever be your hardships.

For the sake of Rs.3 commission for every army recruit, the National War Front members are carrying on propaganda against the interests of the people. I shall thank them if they resign from their posts soon. Mr. Ranga Iyengar was saying that he would join the movement only when Gandhiji would give the lead and not till then. I appeal to him now to join the movement, as Gandhiji himself has laid down the present programme, and lead the struggle.

During the last Satyagraha in Mysore, about 3000 Satyagrahis sacrificed and as a result of it, power was given to the hands of Congressmen in various local bodies. If all the people sacri-fice in India, it is evident that the British Govt. will automatically quit India. I request the students not to criticize either the Police authorities or any Govt. servant, and not to commit violent acts. [illegible] I appeal to you to carry on this movement with non-violence and discipline and earn for Tumkur a good name. It is no great thing for me to go to the jail, as I am prepared for it, as when so many leaders are kept in the jail, which is the birthplace of Lord Krishna. None need be afraid of jail life. It is far happier to be in jails rather than outside the jails. I have ten children and a wife to protect. If I die today, who will protect them? Our life is transitory. Let us sacrifice our lives in a national cause, and let us all carry on the programme in a non-violent way."

MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH of Tumkur next addressed the gathering to the following effect - " On my way from Bhadravati I thought I would be arrested. Even after I addressed meetings here I am not yet arrested. It has become difficult for me to move about in the streets, for, everybody asks me why I am not yet arrested. I shall say a few words to-day and if, as a result of it, my arrest is affected, I shall be thankful to the authorities. Our main object in this struggle to make the Britishers quit India and resist any aggressor effectively. We have heard how the Burmese and Siamese co-operated with the Japanes because of their hatred towards the Britishers who are as much hated in India also. Gandhiji has therefore planned this programme to

make the British quit India. Incidentally he has also advised the Rulers in Native States not to place their reliance on the Britishers who issued orders from 7000 miles away, but to place their confidence in their people, who are eager to be loyal and devoted to the Maharaja, and that they (Rulers) should carry on the administration as the guardians of the people. There is no truer friend of the Rulers than Gandhiji. The movement will not stop till the British quit India, as certainly they will be made to quit India. Why should the Rulers shed the blood of innocent students in the States? My friend M.S. Ramachandra Rao was travelling in a train, having purchased a ticket. At Yesvantpur he was severely beat by the British Police, for no fault of his except, perhaps, that he was wearing a Khadi cap. What was the Mysore Govt. doing then? Why did not the Mysore Police look to things and what was the Govt. doing? If the present Mysore Govt. is not able to carry on the Govt., let the Govt. be handed over to the people. Why are the Govt. in Mysore puppets in the hands of the British Govt.? Where is the necessity to bring down the Military and cause innocent people to be shot dead? This kind of repression will not do against a non-violent fight; if they do it, what little confidence the people have, will be lost.

What use it is to make a show of the Military in a place like Tumkur, where the people are strictly non-violent? The petrol used for Military buses is a waste and nothing more. In Tumkur the local Police will do to maintain law and order. No room will be given for violence in Tumkur. The show of Military will only enrage the people and nothing else. I am informed that, in Bangalore, the first few stones were pelted by the C.I.Ds. themselves. I therefore appeal to the authorities to withdraw Military from Tumkur. Otherwise the Military will be responsible for any violent acts that may take place in Tumkur. It is clear that we are sure to resist this Govt. at any cost, in a non-violent way, and for that purpose, the local Police will do. For 50 years of political life, Gandhiji did not advocate the programme that he has now advised the people and Gandhiji says that this would be the final fight.

In this struggle the existing Govt. should end. Students should come forward. Patels and shanbogues should refuse to work. I appeal to my Police friends to resign their posts and suffer for some time. Supplies to the army should be cut off. Let the Govt. effect as many arrests as they like and fill up the jails. If the authorities say that the cost of price has gone up and they cannot feed so many people, I cannot reply, for, the present authorities are meant to run the Govt at any cost, as the Bombay Governor said that the Govt. will be run at any cost. If the authorities cannot abide by their own rules and regulations, let them give up the reins of the Govt. and hand it over to the people, that is, Congress. This movement is bound to be successful from Rameswar to Himalayas. The newspapers have been suspended on account of the gagging Press order. Gandhiji has said that everyman is his own leader and that he must discharge his duty to make the Britishers quit India, following non-violence. All those who have faith in non-violence may leave away the Congress-fold. Only non-violence will bring forth moral support from the people, and not violence. Truth will be victorious in the end. Some pamphlets are reported to have been distributed in the town that the records of the lawyers who do not co-operate with the movement, will be burnt and so on. For this act, Congress will not be responsible as Congress means to be purely non-violent. Muslim friends may also join the movement, if the Muslim League decides in favour of the movement. Gandhiji says that Pakistan will be conceded after the question of independence is settled. In this situation, no room should be given for Hindu-Muslim riots. The end of the British Govt. in India is certain. If we go back in this struggle we cannot hope for freedom for centuries to come. and our future generation will curse us. I appeal to each of you, therefore to co-operate with this movement, discharge his duty, sacrifice his interests, enter jails if necessary, and carry on the struggle, so that the British may quit India and independence may be won for India".

Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada spoke in Telugu, briefly the details of which will be reported by the Kannada Reporter.

The meeting terminated at 8 P.M. The gathering was about 5000 strong including 200 ladies.

SD. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer, Dist. Police Office, Tumkur.

" C O P Y "

9.8.42 తేదీన సాయంకాలం 6.30 నుండి 7.45 వరకు జరిగిన సభలో గౌ. శ్రీ టి. ప్రకాశం గారు చేసిన ప్రసంగపాఠం క్రింద యివ్వబడినది.

కుటుంబరావుగారు పరిచయం చేసిన తర్వాత టంగుటూరి ప్రకాశం పంతులు గారు మాట్లాడుతూ:- నాకు ఒక్క ఉత్తరం మీద ఆధారపడి మాట్లాడవలసి వస్తున్నది. నన్నడిగి ఈ ఉత్తరం వ్రాసినవారు ఎవరో నాకు తెలియదు. ఈ ఉత్తరం వ్రాసినవారు ఈ సభకు రాలేదు. ఈ ఉత్తరం వ్రాసినవారు ఈ సభకు రాకపోవడం నాకు ఆశ్చర్యమే. ఈ ఉత్తరం వ్రాసినవారు ఈ సభకు రాకపోవడం వలన నేను మాట్లాడవలసిన విషయాలు కొన్ని మరచిపోయాను

[illegible] ఉన్నదంటే మనుష్యులు [illegible]. అప్పటికంటే ఇప్పటికి [illegible] కొంత [illegible] [illegible]. కొంత [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

నన్నాయనగారు రాయించి ఆతడి యిచ్చిన పరిచయ పత్రము. వెంకట్రావు
పిలిచి గోదావరి జిల్లా కొవ్వూరు తాలూకా కోడూరు గ్రామ కరణాన్ని కలిసి
రమ్మని చెప్పి పంపినారు. అతడు వి.ఎ.గారి కన్నా పెద్దవాడు కనుక గౌరవించి
తిరిగి వచ్చి వారి పేరు నన్నయగారు అని చెప్పినారు. ఆ రోజు రాత్రి
నాకు నిద్ర పట్టలేదు. నాకు పేరు పెట్టిన నన్నయగారు ఎవరు? వారి
వివరాలు తెలుసుకోవాలని అనిపించింది. ఆ రోజు రాత్రి నేను ఒక నిర్ణయానికి
వచ్చినాను. నన్నయగారి పేరు పెట్టిన వారి వివరాలు తెలుసుకోవాలని
నిర్ణయించినాను. నాకు అయిదు సంవత్సరాలు నిండినవి. నాకు 40 రోజులు
పట్టినవి. ఇప్పటికి 7 రోజులు పట్టినవి. ఇంకా 20 రోజులు పట్టవచ్చును
అని అనుకున్నాను. ఇదంతా ఒక అద్భుతమైన కథ. నన్నయగారి
వివరాలు తెలుసుకోవడం కోసం ఎన్ని ఊళ్ళు తిరిగినాను. ఎన్ని
వివరాలు సేకరించినాను. ఇంటర్వ్యూలు చేసినాను. ఇంటర్వ్యూలు
చేసినప్పుడు వారి పేరు, వారి వివరాలు వ్రాసుకున్నాను. ఇంటర్వ్యూలు
చేసినప్పుడు వారి పేరు, వారి వివరాలు వ్రాసుకున్నాను. నన్నయగారి
పేరు, వారి వివరాలు తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఎన్ని ఊళ్ళు తిరిగినాను. ఎన్ని
వివరాలు సేకరించినాను. ఆ వివరాలు అన్నీ ఒక పుస్తకంలో వ్రాసుకున్నాను.
ప్రస్తుతం నా వయస్సు 22. నేను చేసిన ప్రయత్నాలు అన్నీ.
వివరంగా వ్రాసుకున్నాను. చదువుతాను. చదువుతూ ఉంటే నా కళ్ళ వెంట
నీళ్ళు వస్తున్నవి. ఆ రోజు రాత్రి నేను ఒక నిర్ణయానికి వచ్చినాను.

నేను తన్నీరు B.C. వంశం అయ్యవారి అబ్బాయి :-

నేను ఒక కథను నిజంగా జరిగిన కథను వ్రాస్తున్నాను. ఈ కథలోని
పాత్రలను గురించి వివరించి చెప్పవలసి వస్తే. వెనుకటి రోజుల్లో
ఎవరు ఎవరు ఎక్కడ ఉండేవారు అనే విషయాలు తెలుసుకోవలసి వస్తే. ప్రతి
కన్నా తండ్రి తాతల పేరు ఉపయోగించవలసి వస్తుంది. ఉదా॥ నాకు తండ్రి
ఉన్నారు. వారి పేరు తన్నీరు వెంకటయ్య. ఉదా॥ నన్నయగారి
తాతగారు పేరు పెద్దన్నగారు. ఇంటిపేరు తన్నీరు. నన్నయగారి
తండ్రి పేరు తన్నీరు వెంకటయ్య. నన్నయగారి తాతగారి పేరు
పెద్దన్నగారు. నన్నయగారి పేరు తన్నీరు వెంకటయ్య. నన్నయగారి
తాతగారి పేరు పెద్దన్నగారు. నన్నయగారి పేరు తన్నీరు వెంకటయ్య.
నన్నయగారి తాతగారి పేరు పెద్దన్నగారు. నన్నయగారి పేరు తన్నీరు
వెంకటయ్య. నన్నయగారి తాతగారి పేరు పెద్దన్నగారు. నన్నయగారి
పేరు తన్నీరు వెంకటయ్య. నన్నయగారి తాతగారి పేరు పెద్దన్నగారు.
నన్నయగార

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

809/CB

CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, Dated 20th August 1942.

To,

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

CB

CHIEF SECRETARY
23 AUG. 1942
GOVT. OF MYSORE

I have the honour to state that on receipt of information on the 18th evening that the Railway Station building at Tiptur was set on fire, I proceeded to the spot with the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur and some 24 reserve constables. We arrived at the spot at about 10 P.M. and saw the station building and three Goods Vans under flames. The fourth Goods Van contained a large quantity of Kerosine oil. Immediate action to prevent the spreading of fire to the oil Van was taken with the help of the police, the revenue and Excise staff who were able to extinguish the fire and bring it under control by about 5 A.M. By the time we arrived at Tiptur the crowd had dispersed and not a man was found in the streets. Arrangements were made to post the police staff and P.R.P. men for watch near the petrol bunk and Kerosine oil go-downs to avoid further ~~danger~~ damage.

On enquiry it was ascertained that on the arrival of the Bangalore Passenger train at the platform some military people who were in the train got down and posted themselves at the platform with guns and dispersed a crowd of about 100 persons. By the time there was a gathering of about 1000 persons outside the platform. After dispersing the crowd the military got into the train and the train began to move. When the train had hardly gone about 10 yards, there was an indescriminate pelting of stones from the gathering outside towards the moving train. Then the Assistant Station Master

by a danger signal stopped the train. As the pelting of stones continued the military opened fire as a result of which two persons were injured and the train moved. Immediately the crowd outside rushed into the station and soaking their clothes and the wooden fencing meterial in the kerosine oil which was easily available in the parcel room set fire to the station building and Goods Vans. The station building is burnt with the exception of the Second Class waiting room which is slightly damaged. The dome lights are smashed and Goods shed also burnt. The tools of gangmen are reported to be missing. Three rails at a distance of about 6 furlongs from the sation have been removed. The two injured persons were admitted to the Hospital where one of them is reported to have died.

Attempts are made to book the persons responsible for this. Issuing necess ary instructions to the District Superintendent of Police to stop there and watch the situation for some time more I returned to Tumkur on the 19th night at 10 P.M.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P Puttaiyya Setti

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

810/CB

CONFIDENTIAL

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, Dated, 21st August 1942.

J.C. 26/42-43.
Encs:-Four only

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

CB

CHIEF SECRETARY
23. AUG. 1942
GOVT. OF MYSORE.

Sir.

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the disturbances at Tiptur and Tumkur, I have the honour to state that the situation has been brought well under control and there have been no more troubles. On receipt of information about the burning of Station houses at Gubbi and Nittur, the District Superintendent of Police was sent to the spot and it was ascertained that the information was only false. Necessary police and military force has been posted near the Railway stations, Petrol and Kerosine oil bunks and the like to prevent damages to life and property.

Small parties of students and congressites are picketting school children and toddy shops in parts of Sira, Madhugiri and Gubbi taluks. The local police are carefully watching the situation. The shed used as a toddy shop at Kallambella in Sira Taluk was burnt and toddy spilt out. The loss sustained is estimated to be about Rs.23/-. A toddy shop near Bidaragudi in Tiptur taluk is also reported to have been burnt. Further damages were prevented by the police.

At Tumkur, the situation is normal. On the 20th evening, Messrs. Narayana Setty, Anantarama Setty, B.C.Nanjundiah and Mallappa addressed a public gathering of 2,000 people (including students, merchants and about 200 women) in the town Cooperative Society building premises. They instigated the audience to defy orders and carryon the programme peacefully

peacefully and do every thing in their power to make the British quit India.

Regarding the unhappy incident at Tiptur, a seperate - report has already been submitted. Copies ofthe reports received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur District dated the 19th, 20th and 21st August 1942 with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on the 20th evening are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Lingaraja Sen

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

S.B.No. 145-38/42-43

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 19, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

SUBJECT: REGARDING THE INCENDIARISM THAT OCCURRED ON 18-8-1942 AT TIPTUR RAILWAY STATION PLATFORM.

I have the honour to state that, on receipt of information, from a messenger sent by the Police Inspector, Tiptur that the Tiptur Railway Station was on fire, the Deputy Commissioner and myself proceeded immediately with 24 Reserve men to Tiptur. There was a Goods train on the second line and 3 goods van on the rear side of the train were still on flames. The fourth goods van contained only kerosene oil. To avoid the fourth van from catching fire, the Deputy Commissioner and myself with the assistance of the P.R.P. men, local Police, Revenue and Exci Staff, brought the fire under control by the early morning 5 O'clock. By the time we arrived at Tiptur the crowd had cleared and not a single man was found moving in the streets. To avoid further damages during nights, P.R.P. men and local Police, were posted near the Petrol bunk, kerosene oil go-down and such other important places.

It is ascertained here that at 2-30 P.M. Bangalore-Poona passenger train arrived at Tiptur platform carrying passengers along with a van containing Military. As soon as the train arrived at the platform the Military is ascertained to have gone got down and posted themselves on the platform with guns and cleared away a crowd of 100 persons on the platform. It is gathered that there was already a gathering of about 1000 persons outside the platform. After clearing the crowd, the Military got into the Compartment and the train moved. The crowd that was outside the platform, began to pelt stones on the moving train as a result of which the Assistant Station Master seems to

to have stopped the train by showing Danger Signal. The train stopped about 10 yards away from the platform. The stone-throwing seems to have been continued and the Military is reported to have opened fire in consequence of which two were injured. The train moved on with the Military. As the train moved on, the crowd is reported to have rushed into the platform, made use of the kerosene oil that was handy at the Parcel Office, and the Station Master's office, and set fire to the Railway Station, Goods-shed, Parcel Office and Wagons, by soaking some of their wearing apparel, and wooden fencing of the Railway Station. The Railway Station Building is burnt, barring the second class waiting room which is also slightly damaged. The five doom lights on the Railway Station platform have been smashed to pieces and the Parcel Office is also burnt. The gang tool box is broken and the tools are ascertained to be missing. The Goods-shed is almost burnt etc.

Three rails have been removed at a distance of about 6 furlongs from Tiptur Railway Station towards Honnavally Road.

The two injured persons are one Siddappa of Haranagere and one Sundararaja of Tumkur. They were removed to the hospital and are undergoing treatment. Their conditions will be ascertained and reported.

The Deputy Commissioner and myself are collecting evidence regarding the persons who were responsible for this incendiarism and attempts are being made to book the offenders.

Developments will duly be watched and reported.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

No.S.B. 145-39/42-43

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 20, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To
The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report of yesterday's, I have the honour to state that this morning, on credible information and evidence collected so far it is was reliably understood that Messrs. N.D. Ramaswamy, Ex-Mokhthyar, S. Lingappa, B. Viswanatha Setty, S.R. Mallappa, Painter Nanjappa, Nanjundiah, Gangar Gangiah, Municipal Councillor, Basettappa and Maranagere Settappa were responsible for yesterday's incident as well as for the subversive activities ever since the arrest of Congress leaders in British India. I got them arrested under Section 26 Cl.(1) (b) of the Defence of India Act and sent them over for detention in the Tumkur District lock-up. At 11-30 A.M. Gubbi Sub Division Magistrate accompanied with a posse of Military arrived at Tiptur.

The Deputy Commissioner and the Dist. Superintendent of Police of Hassan came to Tiptur and informed me that some four or five boys were designing to create trouble at Bidaragudi limits toddy shop which is at a distance of 6 miles from Tiptur towards Arsikere. The Deputy Commissioner and the Dist. Superintendent of Police of Hassan and myself proceeded towards the village. By the time we went to the spot the toddy shop was on fire. A crowd of about 100 persons had gathered on the road. We asked them to disperse; some of them ran away towards their villages and others stood at a distance of about 200 yards with a defiant attitude. Meanwhile the Military came to the spot and on seeing the Military they ran away to -wards Siddapura village. About 6 or 7 persons out of the crowd were taken into custody and due enquiries are being made if they were responsible for setting fire to the toddy shop. Necessary action will be taken after due enquiries.

The Police patrol in Siddapura and ~~Bidasagere~~ Bidaregudi villages is strengthened to avoid further mischief.

At about 7-30 P.M. it was reported that one of the injured persons - Siddappa of Marangere, who had received gun shot wounds near the Tiptur Railway Station - succumbed at the Local Fund ~~Dispensary~~ The Deputy Commissioner, Dispensary, Tiptur. Necessary Police arrangements were made near the hospital and Military patrol was arranged during the night to avoid any untoward incident.

At about 10 P.M. intimation was received that there was some trouble at Banasandra Railway Station. Immediately Sub Divisional Magistrate with a posse of Military rushed to Banasandra and found that everything was quiet. Meanwhile information was also received that imminent danger was apprehended to Nittur Railway Station. Another batch of Military accompanied with the Special 1 Class Magistrate, Tiptur, rushed to Nittur and it was ascertained that everything was quiet there also.

Barring these incidents there is nothing of importance to report at Tiptur.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

S.B.No. 145-40/62-63

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 21, 1942.
CAMP: TIPTUR.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to report that the Special First Class Magistrate, Tiptur, held an inquest over the dead body of Siddappa, at the local fund dispensary, Tiptur, and subjected the body for autopsy. The funeral of the said person was attended by his relatives and friends numbering to about 20 persons. Police pickets were stationed in important places of Tiptur to avoid any sensation owing to the death of the individual.

Information was received at about 11 A.M. that telephone wires near Nittur Railway Station were cut and while we were about to start subsequent information was also received that Nittur platform was on fire. Accompanied with the Sub Divisional Magistrate, I rushed to Nittur Railway Station with a batch of Military and on going to the spot, found that the subsequent information was false, but telephone wires between Sampige and Nittur had been cut. I gave necessary instructions to the Station Master and village officers of Nittur and the surrounding villages. I have also deputed a duffedar and 2 constables to be at Nittur Railway platform. From Nittur we came to Gubbi and 12 Military men were stationed at Gubbi to meet any emergency that may arise either at Nittur or at Sampige or at Gubbi Railway Station. The Police Inspector, Gubbi was instructed to keep careful watch in and around Gubbi taluk so far as Sampige Railway Station. Necessary Police arrangements are made at Banasandra and Sampige Railway Stations to avoid any untoward occurrences.

I returned back to Tiptur and made necessary Police arrangements in the important places at Tiptur, since there

P.T.O

there was information that some mischief mongers would set fire to some of the important go-downs, consequent to the arrest of ring-leaders yesterday.

I patrolled the important streets of Tiptur with a batch of Military, in the night, and found nothing of importance to report.

The Local Police at Tiptur have seized some of the properties in Tiptur town that were removed from the Railway Station on 18-8-1942 when the Station was on fire and cases are being investigated.

Further progress will duly be watched and submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Proceedings of the Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur at 6-15 P.M. on 20-8-1942.

Introduced by Mr. Sreekantappa, Mr. Narayana Setty(President, Tumkur Merchants' Association and Municipal Councillor) addressed the gathering briefly as to the following effect " You are all aware of the present political situation. When I remarked yesterday in my speech, that the British must quit India, it means that the British rule in India must go and that the Britishers may live in India as friends. The National War Front members say that food must be grown in larger quantities. Milk is going in large quantities out of this place, with the result that our children are deprived of that essential food. This inconsistency must be explained by the National War Front members. The bans imposed in Mysore State may probably be due to the pressure from the British Govt. I however appeal to the Rulers of the Native States to take their people into confidence and carry on the administration in the States."

Mr. Anantharama Setty(Merchant, & Municipal Councillor, Tumkur addressed the gathering next to the following effect - " As this is my first speech, I request you all to excuse me if I speak anything amiss. I am a member of the association which has been declared unlawful by the Mysore Govt. It is our first duty to defy the prohibitory order passed in this place. I am doing the same thing that my friends did during the last few days, headed by Mr. M.V. Rama Rao.

It is our first duty to work for the independence of India. The message of Gandhiji as to what programme must be carried out in India, for winning independence, is published in 'HARIJAN' extract from which I shall read to you for your information. (Reads Kannada translation of the speech of Gandhiji dated 9-8-42 as published in Kannada 'Harijan'). We should abide by the programme of Gandhiji for earning the freedom of India, following on non-violent lines. If we are not non-violent, Gandhiji will undertake a fast and we would be committing a sin by allowing him to do so. We should do everything in our power to make the Britishers quit India. I will speak in greater detail in my speech tomorrow and day after."

Next Mr. Mallappa spoke to the following effect - " I am a member of the association which has been declared unlawful. We do not want the present British Govt. any more. We have no hatred against the Britishers, but against their Government. India is the very embodiment of peace and non-violence while the British Govt. stands for violence, such as the enforcing on Indians Curfew Orders, Sec. 144, Ordinances and so on, owing to the fear of Indians by the Britishers. The British is ruling India by adopting the policy of divide and rule, which is to be found abundantly in British History in India. Now that the Congress association has grown to be a big one, the British are afraid of it and so it has been declared unlawful. We should protest this British Govt. at any cost, whatever be our hardships and sacrifices. Life is transitory and let us therefore die in a national cause.

The Police are simply a set of hirelings who are meant to carry on the orders issued to them by the Govt. Indian officers are not trusted by the British Govt. as they are afraid that Indians might use ammunition against them. There is a book in Hindi entitled "50 years after' which describes how people in South Africa gained their independence within 21 days of Satyagraha, at great sacrifice and hardships. If such spirit is exhibited in India, the same thing is possible in India also. Indians are considered to be weak; but the spirit of India is now aroused. If all the Govt. servants resign today, independence will be automatically secured. India has become a goose which lays golden eggs for the Britishers. Therefore let us all stop paying taxes to the Govt., boycott foreign cloth and goods; stop supplies to the War Camps and let all the women in the land enthuse their husbands and children to join the movement. If all these happens, freedom will be won within 21 days. Let the womenfolk sacrifice something for the national cause and prevent their children from going to the schools. I am going away from this place day after tomorrow. If the Police want to take me away, let them do so before that time; my address is - B. Malliah, Hindi Pracharak, Dewan's street, Tumkur."

Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur next spoke to the following effect - " Though I am prepared for arrest at any moment, I have no far been arrested. I will take this opportunity to organise the movement more and more, on non-violent lines. Violence should be prevented at any cost. The object of our movement is to quit the British rule ~~in~~ out of India and thus gain the freedom of India. Let the authorities effect arrests according to their rules and regulations. We say that schools should not be attended and that patels and shanbogues should refuse to work. If the Police and the Military co-operate with the national cause it is easy to make the British quit India. The Police and the Military must think that they are Indians first and nextly the paid officials. It so happened in Russia and other countries, before freedom was won. Let them not think that it would be difficult to eke out their living. India is a land of plenty. Each family could provide for atleast one constable.

In Tumkur there is no necessity for a show of Military. No overt or violent acts will be committed in Tumkur. The fight will be purely a non-violent one and there is no secrecy in our plans. The movement shall not stop till independence is won. Repression should end. From the Dewan down to the constable opportunity should be taken of to serve the country now. If it is done, within 3 days, the British are bound to quit India.

I appeal to you, most emphatically, to resort to no violent acts, at any cost, for anything done with violence, the objective of freedom will recede from us and violence will hamper our efforts for independence. None should have any vengeance or hatred towards any Govt. officer. We are sure to defeat this Govt. following non-violence strictly, and our movement shall not stop till the British quit India".

The meeting terminated at 7-30 P.M. The gahtering was about 2000 strong including about 200 women. The Kannada Reporter also attended the meeting.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer, Dist. Police Office, Tumku

"C o p y"

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

817/CB

CONFIDENTIAL.

J.C. 26/42-43.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, Dated 21st August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

CB.

CHIEF SECRETARY
23. AUG. 194
GOVT. OF M

Sir,

I have the honour to invite kind reference to my letter of even number dated 20-8-1942 regarding the burning of the Railway Station and Goods Vans at Tiptur on the 19th evening and to state that from enquiries the responsibility for this serious damage has been fixed on some of the local leaders and I am of opinion that some deterrent punishment in respect of these persons is very necessary and intend to instruct the local police to investigate the matter and take action against them for offences under Rule 35 of the Defence of India Rules as applied to Mysore and place a charge sheet before the Special I Magistrate, Tiptur under Rule 130.

The appointment of Special Tribunals with enhanced powers for the trial of such offences may also be expedient in view of the large number of offences that may have to be dealt with under Rules 35 and 36 of the Defence of India Rules. I request the favour of early instructions in the matter.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. Sringhnagana Rao

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Confidential.

From

Syed Abdul Aleem, Esq., B.A.,
Assistant Commissioner,
and Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Division, Tumkur.

To

P. Suryanarayana Setti, Esq., BAA. LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate,
Tumkur District, Tumkur.

Dated. Camp Tiptur, 22nd August 1942.

No. Special.Br 2/42-43.

S i r,

In continuation of my letter No. Spl.R.1/42-43 dated 20th instant I have the honour to submit the following report as to the incidents that took place on the 20th instant after 10 A.M.

2. At about 11A.M, the station Master of Nittor sent a message stating that the telegraph wires had been cut and that he apprehends danger to the station etc., Myself along with the Military and Mr. Sammad Khan prepared to proceed towards Nittoor. Meanwhile rumour was received that the people had set fire to the station and that the Military force that was travelling in the special train from Arasikere towards Tumkur opened fire and shot 4 persons etc. So the military party was rushed to the place. The District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur also accompinied us. On reaching Nittoor railway station it was ascertained that some body had cut the telegraph wires in the morning alone between Nittoor and Sampig road and all the remaining information received was found to be false.

3. I sent for the Revenue Inspectors and other village Officials of the neighbouring stations of Nittoor, Banasandra and I have advised them to keep a careful watch over the railway line and stations. I have also instructed the Amildar/Turuvekere to camp at Banasandra and keep in touch with the Station Masters of the neighbouring stations.

4. We then proceeded to Gubbi, asked Lt. Raghunatha Rao to station 12 Mysore Infantry Sepoys at Gubbi and to arrange for necessary petrols between Banasandra and Gubbi. A Bus is also left at the disposal of this party at Gubbi. The Amildar and the Police Ins-

Inspector Gubbi have been instructed to look to the confortsm of the Militry Force and also to keep necessary watch over the ring leaders of the movements and also to collect information of importance and to report the same to me.

5. Returned to Tiptur in the night. Necessary Military Patrols are being arranged in Tiptur Town night and day. Reserve Police ~~are~~ are deputed to watch the Railway Station and the goods train that is stranded at Tiptur on account of the damage caused in the distrubance.

6. Information is being received that some of the properties that were removed from the Goods train in the Railway Station on 18-8-42 are being recovered from some of the local people, and some more properties are said to have been found thrown under bridges and in bushes etc, in the neighbourhood of the Railway Station.

7. The Buses that are at the disposal of the Military are not in good order at all and they are more a hindrance than a facility in case of emergency. The Inspector General of Police may kindly be requested to send more useful vehicles for the purpose with necessary tools. Two Buses are already out of order. If Buses of good condion are not immediately sent, a most embarassing situation may arise, at the time of emergency. Further these buses are too old and are consuming a good lot of patrol. This is a matter which requires kind and immediate consideration.

8. Met the Collector C & M. Station and had a talk with him about the incidents.

9. While I was giving instructions to the Amildar Gubbi, the Chief Commandant of the Mysore State Troops also came to Gubbi and asked me about the arrangements that are beeing made regarding the comforts and disposition of the Militry.

10. The situation on the whole appears to be coninuousl improving.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant.
Sd/ Syed Abdul Aleem,
Assistant Commissioner and
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Subdivision
Camp Tiptur

Copy of the above is submitted to the Minister for Law & Order to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore for kind perusal.

Syed abdulla

Assistant Commissioner and
Ex-Officio Migistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Division,
Camp Tiprur.
22.8.42

Confidential.

Cheyshe

From

Syed Abdul Aleem, Esq., B.A.,
Assistant Commissioner,
and Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Division, Tumkur.

To

P. Suryanarayana Setti, Esq., B.A. LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate,
Tumkur District, Tumkur.

Dated. Camp Tiptur, 22nd August 1942.

No. Spl. R. 3/42-43.

S i r,

In continuation of my letter No. Spl. R. 2/42-43 dated 22nd instant, I have the honour to submit that there is nothing of importance to report pertaining to the 21st instant. The day passed of quietly in all the Railway Stations even including Gubbi. Went as far as Arsikere and made enquires at Konehally Railway Station. Returned to Tiptur ~~and camping~~.

Passenger Train is running between Arsikere and Banglaore since yesterday- but telephone has not yet been restored.

The Buses with Military party are not working well. Some Reserve police men are with-drawn and taken to Tumkur.

Some Excise Shops were got opened yesterday.

Nothing more to report

I have the honour to be
S i r,
Your most obedient servant.

Sd/ Syed Abdul Aleem.

Assistant Commissioner and
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Division,
Camp Tiptur.

Copy of the above is submitted to the Minister for Law and Order to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore for kind perusal.

Syed Abdul Aleem

Assistant Commissioner and
Ex-Officio Migistrate,
Gubbi Sub-Division,
Camp Tiptur.
22.8.42

8 05/eb

CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur , Dated 22nd August 1942.

To

e Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the political disturbances in the district, I have the honour to state that the situation at Tumkur is normal. There was the usual prabhat peri and some slight picketting by boys and girls near schools. Reports have been received from rural parts to the effect that there was some trouble in the toddy shops at Kestoor, Devalapura, Agalakunte and toddy was spilt out. The toddy shop at Bittanakurke was set on fire and the toddy bag cut. Pots tied to the toddy trees at Seetakal were broken. Some of the congressites of Kestoor are reported to have destroyed the roof of the cattle pound and the Post box at Devalapura. The local police and Excise officers have been instructed to arrange for proper watch and prevent further damages.

In Koratagere taluk some students picketted the schools at Koratagere and Holavanahally and burnt some cocoanut leaves of the toddy shop at Thowinakere. Three students addressed a small gathering advocating the teachers to resign.

The situation at Gubbi, Tiptur and Kunigal is reported to be normal. At Chiknaikanahally, some 50-60 students went round the streets in procession. Some of the congressites have pulled down the roof of the toddy shop and a few window panes of the Middle School have been damaged. They ~~have~~ addressed a public meeting under the presidentship of one Narayana Murty and stressed the winning of independence

by

by non violence.

At Tumkur, Messrs. Mallappa, Y.P. Shivan and Bhanumurty Rao of Bejawada addressed a public gathering of about 600 people in the Society maidan. Mr. Mallappa criticised the attitude of the British Government, their method of warfare and ~~some~~ some incorrect informations about the disturbances in several places.

A copy of the report dated 22-8-42 together with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on 21-8-42 received from the District Superintendent of Police Tumkur is enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Lingaraja Rao
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

No.S.B.145-53/62-63

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 22, 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated 21-8-1942 I have the honour to state that it is reported that there was the usual Prabhat Fheri in the morning with a very few students and a formal gathering of 20 students near the Intermediate College to discuss about their activities of the day, namely, picketing near the schools etc. Later some girl volunteers picketed near the Empress Girls' Primary School as a result of which the school was closed.

Reports from Koratagere are to the effect that some students of Basappanapalya came over to Tovinakere and set fire to the cocoanut leaves of the toddy shop etc., and that on 20-8-1942 the school at Holavannhalli was picketed and that on 21-8-1942 10 students of Madhugiri with the local students of Koratagere picketed near schools and having succeeded in their attempts went in a procession, terminating the same with a meeting addressed by Hanumantha Reddi, Revanna and Muddaramiah (all students), advocating that teachers should resign and that students should not attend schools etc.

Chikkanaikanahalli Police reports that on 17-8-1942 there was only a procession and that some writings such as 'Police, Resign' etc., were found on some walls of some buildings., and that there was a report to them of the window panes of the Middle School being damaged etc.

It is further reported that on 17-8-42 some Congressites pulled down the roof of the toddy shop etc., the same being committed by Sadasiviah and others.

It is reported on 19-8-42 that a procession was held at Chikkanaikanahalli with about 50-60 student Congressites and that a public meeting was held in the evening between 6-40 and 8-45 P.M. in which Sreenivasamurti. Siddalingachari and Narayana

Narayanamurti addressed the gathering under the presidentship of Narayanamurti. All of them are reported to have stressed on winning independence by non-violence as dictated by Gandhiji. In the meeting they have expressed their condolence for the demise of Mahadeva Desai and have condemned the repressive action of the Government.

Report from Gubbi is that all is quiet there on 21-8-42 and report from Tiptur is also to the same effect.

Everything at Kunigal on 20-8-42 is reported to be calm except for a Prabhat Pheri in connection with the election for the Representative Assembly and it is further reported that Mr. Subramanyaswamy has left for Tumkur.

Report from Tumkur Police dated 21-8-42 is to the effect that toddy was spilt in Kestur toddy shop on 20-8-42; that Bittnakurki toddy shop was set on fire on 20-8-42 and that the toddy bag was cut; that at Devalapur some Congressites of Kestur destroyed the roofing of the Pound House and posted box etc., on 20-8-42; that on 21-8-42 some toddy was spilt in the toddy shop of Agalakunte; that on 18-8-42 the pots that were ~~tried~~ tied to the date trees were broken near Seethakal etc. Police arrangements have been made to prevent further damages; Excise authorities have been requested to depute Excise Staff to assist the Police.

Further progress will duly be submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Proceedings of the Congress meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-Operative Society, Tumkur, on the evening of 21-8-1942.

MALLAPPA (OF Tumkur) spoke first to the following effect - " The movement that is now going on requires funds for its successful termination. I therefore appeal to merchants and others to contribute a portion of their income towards this fund. I will speak now in Hindi just for five minutes and then speak again in Kannada(Speaks for five minutes in Hindu on the meaning of revolution and the origin of it.)

As a result of revolution in India, the urge for independence is becoming predominent in the minds of everybody in India. The British rule is one of the main reasons for this revolution. There are two kinds of revolution - armed revolution such as those that took place in the Western continents and disarmed revolution such as the one taking place in India. The latter revolution is also otherwise known as 'Satyagraha'.

It is remarked by an European that Britain has opened a third front for itself in India. The British are now in a fix- on the one hand they have to face the enemy and on the other, internal movement in India. All the countries such as Abyssinia, Poland, Holland, Belgium and France, that were promised help by the British have been duped by the diplomacy of the British. The British themselves have not been successful in any continental warfare. We only hear of their "successful retreats", 'army withdrawn according to plan' in their dictionary. No more will Indians be afraid of Britishers. They have done enough cheating and created enough disharmony during these 150 years of their rule. It is therefore high time that they should quit India thereby meaning that the British rule in India must end in India. Till there is ammunition there will be gun fire and there will be lathi charge till lathis are strong enough. After that, there is bound to be peace. The British performance in Burma and Malaya has not created any confidence in the might of the British. Subsequently British officers are distrustful of Indian soldiers. The repression that is now going on in India is the result of this fear of Indians.

The only remedy for this repression is non-violence and discipline among Indian Satyagrahis. I shall now read to you a message just now received (reads from a slip of paper given to the speaker by Basavaraju) - "A Goods train at Banasandra is burnt. Many Military men died at Davanagere. The situation there is very tense. It is reported that Military there have surrendered. Peaceful picketing in metropolitan places with more discipline among students than the Military. 108 deaths at Bangalore and innumerable arrests. The whereabouts of Inspector General of Police not known. Devudu Narasimha Sastri died. Tumkur College Superintendent has not yet declared the closing of the College. The Viceroy refused to interview Mr. Jinnah till the 24th of this month".

The children must be taught how to be brave and should be the examples to the whole world, because the children of today are the future citizens of tomorrow. Let all parents teach their children properly and lead them on to the right channels.

No taxes which help the Govt. must be paid. No milk should be supplied to the Military camps. We must resist this Govt. in all respects in a non-violent way. Let the Police and the Military be exhausted of shooting people, till they refuse to kill their own brothers. Let us all come forward in this struggle, irrespective of caste or community and resist this Govt. boldly inspite of their orders under Sec.144, 56 of Defence of India, Curfew orders and others. At the same time, let us carry on this movement in a non-violent way, in order that British machinery in India comes to a stop in India.

Independence was promised in the last war, but the same was refused on the plea that there was no Hindu-Muslim unity. Churchill refused to include the terms of Atlantic Charter applicable to India. Let us not therefore be duped in future as in the past. The League of Nations is a farce. Hitler and Mussolini therefore never co-operated with it, having come to know the ~~duplicacy~~ duplicity of the Britishers. There is no salvation for India if confidence is placed in the British. The second front opened by the Allies has already proved a failure. I once again bring to your notice that funds are required for carrying on this movement.

e Basavaraju, a student, speaking next, detailed the me for the next day, viz., Prabhat Pheri at 6 A.M. from the College Maidan, 8 A.M. meeting at the College, 5 P.M. meeting again at the College. He exhorted the students to co-operate in the procession in large numbers and thus rouse the people in Tumkur.

Nextly Y.P. Shivan, a Mandi Merchant, spoke briefly to the following effect - " I am a member of the association which has been declared unlawful by the Government. Vithoba Rao and Kempahonniah are already arrested while some of those that addressed in this gathering have not yet been arrested at all. This is a discredit to the Govt. The blame has been laid on Congressmen for setting on fire to the office of lawyer Kanti Rao. Perhaps he has set his office on fire himself and has thrown the blame on the Congress. The Tiptur Railway Station was set on fire as a result of the provocation by the peep Military who opened fire on the people on the platform. Information is gathered that the Station Master himself set the station on fire, having removed his samans.

Where is there any necessity to station Military in Tumkur. If at all disturbance takes place in Tumkur, the Military shall be held responsible. I therefore request the authorities to withdraw Military from Tumkur.

Nextly one Bhanumurti Rao of Bezwada spoke for a few minutes in Telugu.

The meeting terminated at 7-30 P.M. The gathering was about 600 strong.

Tumkur,
Aug. 22, 1942.

Sd/- Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

21.8.42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.30 నుండి 7.30 వరకు

ముఖ్యమంత్రి శ్రీ ఆంధ్ర కేసరి టంగుటూరి ప్రకాశం పంతులు గారి ఉపన్యాసము వివరాలు

శ్రీ అనంతరాజు, మల్లు స్వామి ఎం.ఎల్.ఎ. :- ఈ సభకు తెలియచేయునది ఏమనగా ఇప్పుడు మన ముఖ్యమంత్రి వారు ఉపన్యసించుచున్నారు. వారు ఇప్పుడు ఆంధ్ర కేసరి అని పిలువబడుచున్నారు. వారు ఆంధ్ర కేసరి అని పిలువబడుటకు కారణము ఆంధ్ర దేశమునకు ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలక

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[illegible]

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రేలువళ్ళన్ని పెట్టి పరా త్రైకాలు ఉపయోగించి ఇవి రేలు తీసుకోవాలి. యుద్ధాలు శ్రీలంక తీరాలు ఒక్క యుద్ధం పంపకోవడానికి మాత్రమే కాదు కాబట్టి, ఇవి ఏ విధంగా. నాలుగు ~~ప~~ పరిచయాలన్ని ఇవ్వ వలసి. 56 లక్షల టన్నులు రవాణా కాగలవు. మిగిలిన వాటిని కూడా ఉపయోగించి ఉపయోగించి పరిశ్రమలను పెంచుకోవాలి. మరి మిగిలిన పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. వీటి ద్వారా ఇంకా మిగిలిన పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. మరి మిగిలిన పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. ఇవి కాకుండా ఇంకా ఏ ఏ పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. ఇవి కాకుండా ఇంకా ఏ ఏ పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. D.I. Act, 56 లక్షల టన్నులు, 106 లక్షల టన్నులు - ఇవి కాకుండా ఇంకా ఏ ఏ పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. ఇవి కాకుండా ఇంకా ఏ ఏ పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. ఇంగ్లీషు వారు వెళ్ళిపోయిన తరువాత తమిళులు తమ తమ పరిశ్రమలు పెంచుకోవాలి. ఇవి కాకుండా ఇంకా ఏ ఏ

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[illegible]

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CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, Dated 22nd August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE

Sir,

With reference to your D.O. letter No. 974/C.B. dated the 21st August 1942 regarding the action taken against those that instigated the students and the people for committing lawless acts, I have the honour to state that the marginally* noted gentlemen who took an active part in inducing the students and the people for such acts were arrested and sent for detention under Sec. 26 (b) of the Defence of India Act.

The movement of he other gentlemen noted in my letter under reference are being carefully watched and orders for their detention will be issued if necessary.

I have the honour to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Sreenivasa Setty
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin*

Messrs.
1. Adirajiah,
2. Krishnappa.
3. Kempahonniah,
4. Gatti Revanna.

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CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.

Encs:- Three.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 23rd August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated yesterday regarding the political situation prevailing in the district, I have the honour to state that on the evening of 22-8-42, Mr. Sreekantappa, Mandi Merchant Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 500 persons in the Co-operative Society maidan and addressed the audience to carry on the struggle with complete non violence. ~~On information~~ Some boys who were tampering with the porcelain insulators of telegraph wires on the Tumkur Sira road were caught by the police and necessary action will be taken against them.

Mr.N.Channappa, President of the District Board, Tumkur is said to have arrived at Pavagada with Mr. Venkatesha Gupta of Hosakote where some 5 High School students went round asking the shop keepers to close their shops. Orders under Sec. 144 Criminal Procedure Code were passed by the local authority and served on them to desist from such unlawful activities. There was some picketting of schools at Honnavally in the Tiptur Taluk and Kodagenahally in the Madhugiri taluk. Some of the congress leaders at Madhugiri held a public meeting on 20-8-42 wherein Messrs. Henjarappa, Male-Mariyappa and Nanjaiah Setty advised the students to follow the principles laid down by Gandhiji regarding the observance of strikes. A copy of the speech delivered by Mr. Henjarappa is enclosed.

The marginally noted congress leaders of Kyatasandra have been ordered to be detained in the District Lock-up at Tumkur under Rule 26 (5) of the Defence of India Rules.

On the 23rd morning, the usual prabhat peri was held in

Tumkur

Tumkur town and sme boys moved from house to house picketting Lawyers and School children. But for the above events the situation is normal. A copy of the report received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur together with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on 22-8-42 is enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. Sanjeevaiah

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin

Messrs.
1. Venkatachaliah,
2. Hanumanthiah,
3. K.L.Narasimhiah,
4. Lakshminarasimhi
5. Vyasachar,
6. Srinivasachar.

No.S.B.145-56
ar-ur

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 23, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To
The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report submitted at 4 P.M. on 22-8-1942, I have the honour to state that at Tumkur, at about 6 P.M. after the usual procession, a public meeting was held in front of the Town Co-operative Society and about 500 persons attended the same. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Sreekantappa, Mandi Merchant, Tumkur; after advocating complete non-violence in the present struggle, he wished to carry on the propaganda in a peaceful way which will automatically end in the British quitting India. He further referred that so many Government servants in Bengal and Madras Presidency had resigned and that time would not be far when all others would have to do likewise etc.

In the evening information was received that some boys were tampering with the porcelain insulators of the telegraph wire on Tumkur-Sira road, about a mile from Tumkur; the local Police proceeded to the spot and caught the culprits. Necessary action will be taken against the culprits.

Report from Pavagada is that on 20-8-42 Mr. N. Chennappa, President, District Board, Tumkur, had arrived there accompanied with Mr. E.S. Venkatesa Gupta of Hosakote; on 21-8-42 some 5 High School boys went round shops requesting the shop-keepers to close and that, as the advice of the local officers failed, order under Section 144 Cr.P.C. was got served on them directing them to desist from such unlawful activities. In view of having had no response Venkatesa Gupta, Nanjunda Rao and Narasinga Rao, Govindappa, are reported to have made arrangements to get these students to Pavagada and other places.

All is reported to be quiet at Gubbi on 22-8-42.

At Sira nothing of importance is reported on 22-8-1942 except the procession of some boys with the tri-coloured flag, picketing near shhools and toddy shops.

Report from Tiptur Police is to the effect that on 19-8-42 Hartal was observed at Honnavalli and that the schools were closed as a result of picketing, and in the evening a public meeting was held wherein K.S. Narayana Rao and Siddalingappa advocated resignation on the part of Government servants and condemned the alleged repressive policy of the Britishers.

On 22-8-1942 everything is reported to be quiet at Tiptur and that the case of incendiarism is being investigated by the Railway Police of Arsikere.

Madhugiri Police reports that on 19-8-42 the Kodigenahalli schools were closed as a result of picketing and that on 20-8-42 too, the schools were closed for the same reason, and that one Nagesha Rao addressed the students near a temple and reiterated that they should not attend schools etc. One Chandrasekhara Setti is reported to be actively instigating all these students.

About the public meeting held on 20-8-42 at Madhugiri wherein Messrs. Henjerappa, Mali Mariappa and Nanjiah Setti spoke, it is reported that Mr. Henjerappa advised the students to follow the principles laid down by Gandhiji regarding the observance of strikes etc....A copy of the speech is enclosed.

The situation on 21-8-42 is reported to be completely normal.

At Kyathsandra, Tumkur taluk, 6 persons, viz., Messrs. Venkatachaliah, Hanumanthiah, K.L. Narasimhia, Laxminarasimhia, Vyasachar and Sreenivasachar were arrested under the Defence of India Rules and detained at the Tumkur District Lock-up. At Tumkur on 23-8-

23-8-1942 as usual, a Prabhat Pheri was held in the morning, and some picketeers were moving from house to house, requesting lawyers not to attend courts and the parents not to send children to schools.

Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah is reported to have left for Madhugiri today.

Further report will be duly submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Z. N. Reddi

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

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Speech delivered by Mr. Hanjarappa at Madhugiri on 20.8.62 in a Congress meeting

Then Mr. Hanjarappa stood up & spoke as follows

నాన్న గారి పేరుతో ఈ త్రి ఈ త్రాలు - మీ కు తెలుసు నాకు ప్రజలు నా ఆయుష్కం కొరకు నా పేర ఈ త్రాలు పెట్టారు. ఇలా పెట్టడం వల్ల నా ఆయుష్కం పెరుగుతుందని నా నమ్మకం. ఆయుష్కం అనేది నా చేతిలో లేదు. నాకు గుండెకు సంబంధించిన జబ్బు ఉంది. Heart failure అంటే నా గుండె బలహీనపడి పోయింది. గుండెకు సంబంధించిన జబ్బు ఉన్నవారు ఎక్కువ రోజులు బతకరు అంటారు. నాకు 60 సంవత్సరాల వయస్సు దాటింది. నాకు 1/4 భాగం గుండె పనిచేయడం లేదు. మిగతా భాగం ఇప్పటికీ పనిచేస్తోంది. 60 సంవత్సరాల వయస్సు దాటి నేను బతుకుతున్నాను. 60-61 నుండి 1939 వరకు ఆరోగ్యాన్ని జాగ్రత్తగా చూసుకుంటూ ఇప్పటి వరకు నేను పనిచేస్తూ వస్తున్నాను. నాకు ఇప్పుడు 62 సంవత్సరాలు నిండి 63 లోకి అడుగుపెట్టాను. ఆగస్టు 6 నుండి ఈ రోజు వరకు 14 రోజులు, 26 రోజులు అయ్యాయి. మధ్య కాలంలో ఇప్పటికీ ఆరోగ్యం బాగుపడలేదు. ఈ 16 రోజులు, 26 రోజుల మధ్యలో కేవలం 3 రోజులు మాత్రమే నేను పనిచేయగలిగాను. ఆ రోజులు ఇవి. నా ఆరోగ్యం నాకు సహకరించకపోవడం వల్ల నేను పనిచేయలేకపోయాను. నా ఆరోగ్యం బాగుపడితే నేను పనిచేయగలిగి ఉండేవాడిని

నేను ఆ రోజు సెలవు తీసుకొని వచ్చి నా గదిలో ఉన్నాను. శ్రీ కొండపల్లి సీతారామయ్య గారి నాయకత్వంలో ఆ రోజు కొన్ని వేల మంది గుంటూరు కలెక్టరేట్ ముట్టడించారు. శ్రీ టంగుటూరి ప్రకాశం గారు ఆ రోజు ఉదయం 10 గంటకు నన్ను పిలవడం కంటే ముందే నేను వెళ్ళి పోలీసు వారు కాల్పులు జరిపారు. 10 గంటకు 10½ ఇరవై మంది పోలీసు వారు తుపాకులు పట్టుకొని వచ్చారు. 10 గంటకు శ్రీ. 10 గంటకు నన్ను పోలీసు వారు అరెస్టు చేశారు. 10 గం. Quit India. 10½ ఇక్కడ ఈ విధి కార్యక్రమ శ్రీ. కా. యం. బాబు గారి పేరిట రాయవలసి వచ్చింది. ఈ నా ఉపన్యాసం కారణం 10 గంటకు నన్ను నేను అరెస్టు చేసుకొని జైలుకు వెళ్ళాను. 10½ కి నేను ఆ రోజు సెలవు తీసుకొని ఇంటి దగ్గర ఉన్నాను. కాని నేను ఆ రోజు కలెక్టరేట్ ముట్టడి కార్యక్రమంలో పాల్గొనలేదు. 10 గంటకు నేను ఇంటి దగ్గర ఉన్నాను

Proceedings of Congress meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, at 6-15 P.M. on 22-8-1942.

Sreekantappa (Nandi Merchant) addressed the gathering to the following effect - " The present political situation requires everyone of you to be disciplined. Our Maharaja is an enlightened personality who knows the realities of things, having picked up vast experience during his tours in foreign places as well as in his own land. He is not the person who is to be responsible for the lathi charge and shooting tragedy in Bangalore. The British Resident in Mysore is responsible for the shooting tragedy in Bangalore City.

Gandhiji has always stressed the fruitful qualities of non-violence and Satya (truth) and he has also said that this struggle will be the final one. The British have been ruling India by adopting the policy of 'divide and rule'. The British have not won outstanding success inspite of fighting for 3 years. The countries that were promised help have all been duped and have been defeated by the Germans, viz., Czechoslovakia, Poland, Norway, Holland , Denmark and France etc. Everyone should know that the British will not outlive this War. It is not possible for the British also to defend India. It is therefore right that they should quit India, as Mahatma Gandhi says. Each one of you should therefore co-operate in this movement and work with discipline. The students should see that all the schools should close and that they are enlightened on the present situation in the country. Yesterday we had been to Bellavi to picket toddy shops. " 25 Persons have determined there not to drink toddy. Students should not burn toddy shops but must mildly request the people not to drink toddy. Violence should not be resorted to at any cost. Supplies to the Military such as milk, cattle and vegetables, should be picketed. During the present emergency, merchants can never hope to carry on their business as usual; they should see therefore that no supplies are made to the Military. If this is done, there will be none in the country who will not have joined the movement going on now. Because this is the final struggle. Ultimately the guns held by the Military will fall off from their hands automatically, as it is certain that all the Indians will soon join this movement.

I appeal to the Merchants belonging to the Merchants Association to defy the prohibitory order at any cost. Because this is our final struggle. Let us carry on this struggle with non violence and discipline. Victory must be there where there is truth. Information has reached us that many high officers in Bengal and Madras have resigned their posts. Even the Viceroy's Executive Council Member has resigned. Both the Muslim and Hindu soldiers have been refusing to fight as per the orders of the British officers; even so are Gurkhas and Sikhs. These are signs that the British will soon have to quit India. Even in Africa, people, having come to know about the arrest of Gandhiji and leaders in India, are clamouring the Govt. they should quit. The secrets of the British are now out. A very critical situation has arisen. God is sure to favour the votaries of truth in this struggle. In this emergency all the castes and communities must unite. India has suffered enought for all these 150 years. The nemesis has commenced and it will be carried out within two or three months. I therefore appeal to you all to carry on this movement, following discipline and non-violence."

The gathering was about 500 strong.

The meeting terminated at 6-45 P.M.

Tumkur,
August 23, 1942.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

22.8.42 నాడు కొలంబో నగర కాంగ్రెస్ కమిటీ 6.15 గంటకు
తమకు తెలిసిన వార్తలు మీకు తెలియజేయడానికి నేను క్రిందటి సారి
కాంగ్రెస్ వారు చేసిన పని తెలియజేస్తాను:

మహాత్మా గాంధీ, శ్రీ జవహర్‌లాల్ నెహ్రూ, మౌలానా
ఇతరులు అరెస్టు:—

ఈ నెల 8 వ తారీఖున బొంబాయి నగరంలో జరిగిన
అఖిల భారత కాంగ్రెస్ కమిటీ సమావేశం తీర్మానం చేసిన విషయం మీకు
తెలిసి ఉండవచ్చు. ఇందులో ఇంగ్లీషు వారు తక్షణమే భారతదేశాన్ని
వదలి వెళ్ళాలని కోరడం జరిగింది. ఆ తీర్మానం ప్రకారం
మహాత్మా గాంధీ, శ్రీ జవహర్‌లాల్ నెహ్రూ, మౌలానా
ఆజాద్, ఇతర నాయకులు పని మొదలుపెట్టారు. వీరు
తీర్మానం చేసిన మరుసటి రోజు కాంగ్రెస్ కార్యాలయాన్ని
స్వాధీనం చేసుకున్నారు. ఆ తర్వాత మహాత్మా గాంధీ
మరియు కొంత మంది నాయకులను అరెస్టు చేశారు. వీరు
ఆగస్టు 9 వ తారీఖు ఉదయం బొంబాయి నగరంలో అరెస్టు అయ్యారు.
వారిని పూణా దగ్గర ఆగా ఖాన్ మహల్‌లో నిర్బంధించారు. కాంగ్రెస్
కార్యవర్గ సభ్యులు, ఇతర నాయకులు అందరూ అరెస్టు అయ్యారు.
వారిని ఎక్కడ నిర్బంధించారో మాకు తెలియదు. వారి
పేర్లు ఇవి: శ్రీ జవహర్‌లాల్ నెహ్రూ, మౌలానా ఆజాద్,
శ్రీ వల్లభాయి పటేల్, శ్రీ రాజేంద్ర ప్రసాద్, శ్రీ సరోజినీ
నాయుడు, శ్రీ అరుణా ఆసఫ్ అలీ, శ్రీ అశోక్ మెహతా,
శ్రీ యూసుఫ్ మెహరాలీ, శ్రీ రామ్ మనోహర్ లోహియా,
శ్రీ జయప్రకాశ్ నారాయణ్, శ్రీ నారాయణ్ దేశాయ్,
శ్రీ మహాదేవ్ దేశాయ్, శ్రీ కృష్ణదాస్, శ్రీ పురుషోత్తమ్
త్రికమ్‌దాస్, శ్రీ గోవింద్ వల్లభ్ పంత్, శ్రీ కృపలానీ,
శ్రీ శంకర్‌రావ్ దేవ్, శ్రీ అచ్యుత్ పట్వర్ధన్, శ్రీ నరేంద్ర దేవ్,
శ్రీ రామానంద మిశ్రా, శ్రీ బి. పట్టాభి సీతారామయ్య,
శ్రీ ఆసఫ్ అలీ, శ్రీ రఫీ అహ్మద్ కిద్వాయ్, శ్రీ మోతీలాల్
వోరా, శ్రీ సాదిక్ అలీ, శ్రీ దామోదర్ స్వరూప్ సేఠ్,
శ్రీ జుగళ్ కిషోర్, శ్రీ రామ్ కిషోర్, శ్రీ విఠల్ భాయి
ఝవేరీ, శ్రీ బాబా రాఘవ్ దాస్, శ్రీ బిశ్వనాథ్ ముఖర్జీ,
శ్రీ సత్యవతీ దేవి, శ్రీ ఆచార్య నరేంద్ర దేవ్, శ్రీ రామ్
మనోహర్ లోహియా, శ్రీ అచ్యుత్ పట్వర్ధన్, శ్రీ అరుణా
ఆసఫ్ అలీ, శ్రీ అశోక్ మెహతా, శ్రీ యూసుఫ్ మెహరాలీ

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

(Confidential)

Spl. R 4/42-43

From,

Syed Abdul Aleem, Esquire., B.A.,
Assistant Commissioner &
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub Division, Tumkur.

To,

P. Suryanarayana Setti, Esquire., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner & District Magistrate
Tumkur District, Tumkur.

Dated, Camp Tiptur 23rd Aug. 1942.

Report for 22-8-42

No. Special R. 4/42-43

Sir,

In continuation of my report No Spl. R. 3/42-43 of the 22nd Inst I have the Honor to state that no incidents are reported for the day Viz 22-8-42.

Met the Chief Commandant Mysore State Troops who had come to Tiptur on the 22nd evening. He enquired from me whether the Military party stationed here may be moved on to Arasikere. H e was informed that he might consult the District Magistrate in the matter.

It is ascertained that the Traffic Manager ~~xxxx~~ also visited Tiptur and has proposed to run the trains from the 23rd Inst. up to Harihar if possible.

As usual Military and Police patrols are being arranged.

It is ascertained that the Arasikere Railway Sub Inspector who has registered a case in

a case in connection with the Tiptur Railway incident in Crime No 63 of 42-43 of Arasikere Railway Station has come to Tiptur and is proceeding with the investigation. Arrests also in this connection are being made .

I H ave the Honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most Obedient Servant,

Sd. Syed Abdul Aleem,
Assistant Commissioner &
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub Division,
Camp Tiptur.

Copy of the above is submitted to the Minister of Law and Order to the Government of Mysore B angalore for kind perusal.

Syed Abdul Aleem
Assistant Commissioner &
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub Division,
Camp Tiptur.

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CB

CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43

Encs:- Four

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 24tg August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated yesterday regarding the political situation prevailing in the district, I have the honour to sate that on the evening of the 23rd instant Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 300 persons in the Cooperative Society maidan and stressed on the audience to fearlessly carry on the programme in a peaceful manner. Necessary police watch has been arranged near the Railway Station, Post Offices and all other Government Institutions and Kerosine Oil godowns to prevent mischief. Arrangements are also made to prevent the Hooligans from cutting the Telephone wires and tampering with Railway lines.

A crowd of about 50 students led by Sadasiva Murty, Shambu and Mallikarjuniah and others gathered near the several Educational Institutions in Tumkur and began requesting boys not to go to schools. Myself and the District Superintendent of Police went round the town and dispersed this crowd by asking them not to stand in the public road and disturb the classes, and obstruct traffic. They are marching along the streets shouting slogans.

Some 10 students from Tumkur High School and College went to Koratagere on 22-8-42 and went round the town in procession with a photo of Gandhiji. They met near the Town Hall and addressed a gathering condemning the policy of Government. They stressed on the audience to carry on the struggle by cutting telegraph wires, burning Toddy shops and cutting Military supplies. A toddy shop at Tumbadi is reported to

to have been burnt and a cart carrying toddy attacked and the toddy spilt out. Instructions have been issued to book these offenders.

Except for procession of some 15 to 20 boys in streets and picketting of some school children, the situation at Madhugiri and Sira is reported to be calm. At Tiptur also the situation is quiet and the Railway Police have arrested 3 persons of Marangere in connection with the incendiarism on the 18th instant.

Copies of leaflets under the Captain "Last appeal by Mahatmaji" and ಹಂಗಿ ಕೂಲಿ , freely distributed and posted on the Electric poles at Tumkur are enclosed.

A copy of the report dated 24th August 1942 together with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on the 23rd evening received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedinet servant,

T. Sreenivasa Setty
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

No. S.B. 145-/42-43.
60 G.2

DISTRICT POLICE OFFICE,
TUMKUR DISTRICT, TUMKUR.

DATED 24th AUGUST 1942.

From

T.Venkatasiva Reddy, Esq., LL.B.,(Wales),
District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District, T U M K U R.

Sir,

I have the honour to state, that in continuation of my report of yesterday's, it is reported that a public meeting was held in the premises of the Tumkur-Town Cooperative Society building on the evening of 23-8-1942 where Mr. B.C.Manjundiah addressed the gathering. After reading the Official programme of the Indian National Congress issued by the authority of the All India Congress Committee received from the Mysore Congress authorities, he stressed on the audience to fearlessly carry on the programme in a peaceful manner. About 300 persons were reported to have attended the meeting. Copy of the proceedings of the meeting in Kanarese and English are herewith enclosed for favour of information.

I also enclose herewith typed leaflets under the caption "Last appeal by Mahatmaji" and also ' ಹಂಗಿಲ್ಲದೆ ' which are being freely distributed and also pasted on electric poles.

At 10 P.M. I was informed by the Superintendent of the Intermediate College that he had heard that some boys had designed to set fire to the Railway Station. After posting Reserve Police Constables at the Railway-Station in addition to Civil Police that were on duty, I moved about the Town giving necessary instructions to those who were on duty at the Mysore Bank, Post -

P.T.O.

Post Office, District Office, Court Premises, Kerosine Oil go down etc. Necessary Police were also sent to Tumkur - Sira road, Tumkur - Kyathasandra road and Tumkur - Gubbi road to prevent the hooligans from cutting the Telephone wires and also from tampering with the Railway Lines.

Nothing unusual was reported to me this morning.

About 50 students led by Madasiva Murthy, Shambu, Mallikarjunaiah, L.M.P. Medical College Bangalore and Channappa s/o Chikkahalli Siddappa Aralepet gathered opposite to the grounds of the High School and began requesting the students not to go to School. They were advised by the Deputy Commissioner and myself not to disturb the students and also not to stand in the public street which caused hindrance to the passer's by. They marched in a procession and came near the Intermediate College but were advised there not to disturb the classes but to keep out of the School premises. From the Intermediate College premises, they came on a procession near the Krishnaraja Middle school where they began shouting slogans asking the students that were inside to come out of the classes. The Deputy Commissioner and myself interfered there also and instructed the students not to disturb the classes that were going on and they were peacefully dispersed from the spot. They came near the Old Middle School from Krishnaraja School where they also began to shout asking the students to come out of their classes. They were also peacefully dispersed from the Old Middle School and were advised not to stand on the road and disturb the working of the school. They are

LAST APPEAL BY MAHATMAJI

EVERY MAN IS FREE TO GO TO THE FULLEST LENGTH UNDER AHIMSA. COMPLETE DEAD LOCK BY STRIKES AND ALL OTHER POSSIBLE NON VIOLENT MEANS. SATYAGRAHIS SHOULD GO OUT TO DIE NOT TO LIVE. IT IS NOT ONLY WHEN INDIVIDUALS GO OUT TO SEEK AND FACE DEATH THAT THE NATION WILL SURVIVE. DO OR DIE. KARANGE YA MARANGE

Tiptur Taluk except that the Railway Police of Arasikere arrested C.K.Keppanna, Honnagangappa and 3 others of Marangere regarding the incendiarism of Tiptur on the 18th of this month.

Nothing of importance to be reported from Gubbi-Taluk.

It is reported from Sira Taluk that students of Bukkapatna went round the streets of Bukkapatna shouting slogans and peacefully picketed near the toddy shop on 22-8-1942. Students of Kellambella: Sidda, Krishna-murthy and others numbering about 26 went round the streets, picketing near the schools and succeeded in inducing all boys to keep out of their classes.

Further developments will be duly reported.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. N. Leader

Superintendent of Police,

Tumkur District.

They are still marching on procession in the main roads shouting slogans.

The Deputy Commissioner and myself met this morning all the heads of the Institutions and gave them instructions to keep the schools open and necessary Police arrangements are made near every Educational Institution to safeguard the students that are attending classes.

It is reported from Koratagere that on 22-8-42 about 10 students of Tumkur High School and College went on cycles and led by Y.C.Shivanna, K.S.Narasimhiah Setty, Huddaraniah and Thimmanna, they went on procession in the Town shouting slogans with the photo of Gandhiji. They are reported to have eventually assembled near the maidan opposite to the Town Hall where Krishnaswamy, student, Tumkur, K.S.Shankar, Huddaraniah, Kamanna of Teotha adressed the gathering. After condemning the alleged " Repressive Policy " of the Government for having arrested the leaders, they stressed on the audience to carry on the struggle by cutting the telegraph wires, burning Toddy shops etc., and cutting the Military supplies Etc. It is also reported that the Toddy shop near Thumbadi was burnt and a toddy cart going from Hadiga - Venkatapura was attacked and all the toddy spilt out. I have issued instructions to day to book the offenders by putting up cases for their overt illegal acts.

It is reported from Madhugiri that a procession consisting of about 15 boys went round the streets on 22-8-1942 shouting slogans with the photo of Gandhiji. Having this incident everything is normal at Madhugiri. Mr. Ranjerappa is reported to have left Madhugiri to go to Sira on the evening of 23-8-1942.

Nothing of importance is reported from Tiptur,

P.T.O.

కు కం కాం. "వందేమాతరం" తే. 23. 8. 42

శ్రీ ఉండే వస్తు

నాయకులారా! కేంద్రపాలిత ప్రదేశాలు 56 నోటీసులు జారీ చేయబడినవి వారి యిష్టం, ఈ నోటీసు కలుగు భావం మీరు తప్పక తప్పక తెలుసుకోగలరని కోరుచున్నాను. ఇదంతా దేనికోసం మనం జరుపుతున్నాము? (స్వాతంత్ర్యం కోసం) నిజం, ఈలోపల ప్రజా శాంతి నిమిత్తం పోలీసు కాల్పులు జరిపి, మీలాంటి అంబులు వారిని చంపేశారు? ఇదంతా తెలిసి వారు నీకు ఇచ్చిన జవాబులు ఏమిటి?

ఆచార్య: ఇవన్నీ కేంద్రపాలిత ప్రదేశాలు స్వతంత్రమైనవి అని చెప్పడానికి నిన్న మీ ఆచార్యులు అరవమన్నారు అన్నారు.

కిందటి సంవత్సరం బ్రిటిష్ వారితో ఏమన్నారు? - మేము కాంగ్రెస్ వారిని మంత్రులు అరవమన్నారు అన్నారు. కాంగ్రెస్ వారు మేము మీ మంత్రులు అని అన్నారు. మేము మీ మంత్రులు అని అన్నారు. ప్రజలు అడ్డు రాకుండా చూడండి అని అన్నారు. మేము అలాగే చేశాము. ఇకపోతే మిమ్మల్ని గద్దెమీద కూర్చోబెట్టి మీ పని మీరు చేసుకోండి అని అన్నారు. ఇదంతా ప్రజలకు కాంగ్రెస్ వారు మోసగించారు అని అన్నారు! అవునా? మీరు కాంగ్రెస్ వారిని మోసగించారు అని అన్నారు! మీరు కాంగ్రెస్ వారిని మోసగించారు అని అన్నారు. మీరు కాంగ్రెస్ వారిని మోసగించారు అని అన్నారు. అధికారులు మీ మాట వినకపోతే మీ పని ఏమిటి?

జీవాజీ: అల్లా వస్తాయి! అధికారులు మీ మాట వినకపోతే నిజమే! ఇదే బ్రిటిష్ వారు మేము కాంగ్రెస్ వారిని మోసగించాము అని అన్నారు.

విద్యార్థి: విద్యార్థినీ విద్యార్థినీ అంటారే. నాయకులు వస్తువులు వస్తువులు కరువు - కరువే అంటారు. ఈ పరిస్థితి వస్తువులు దొరకక అంటారు. కేంద్రపాలిత ప్రదేశాలు బాగా అంటారు. మరి అంటే బాగా లేదనే! ప్రతి అంశాన్నీ కూడా మీ గుర్తుకు వచ్చేటట్టు చేయగలరు. కేంద్రపాలిత ప్రదేశాలు అని అధికారులు అంటారు. విద్యార్థి నిన్న గుర్తుకు వచ్చిన రాంజీ వారు చేసిన పనులు అంటే ఏమిటి? ఇప్పుడు విద్యార్థి నిన్న చదివిన పుస్తకాలు వస్తువులు అంటే అర్థం ఏమిటి? విద్యార్థి నిన్న గుర్తుకు వచ్చిన రాంజీ వారు చేసిన పనులు అంటే ఏమిటి? ఇప్పుడు ఈ విధంగా చదువుతున్న ఇతిహాసాలు ఏమిటి? అరవిందుడు

(Contd.)

ಅಂಪ್ಲಿ ತಿಮ್ಮಾಪುರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಶಾಲೆ ಪಕ್ಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವ ಸರ್ವೆ ನಂ. ೧೮೯ ರಲ್ಲಿ ಬಲಾಢ್ಯರು ಅಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಪಾದನೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದು ಸದರಿ ಸ್ಥಳವನ್ನು ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ವಾಪಸ್ ಪಡೆಯಲು ನಿಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ವಿನಂತಿ. ದಯವಿಟ್ಟು ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಿರಿ.

Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Tumkur Town Co-operative Society building, on the evening of 23-8-1942.

Mr. B.C. NANJUNDIAH addressed the gathering to the following effect - "Brothers and Sisters, I will now place before you the official programme of the Indian National Congress issued by the authority of the All-India-Congress-Committee, received from the Mysore Congress authorities. I will now read the text of it in English and shall translate it to your benefit in Kannada - (Reads the text of instructions issued by the A.I.C.C. to Mysore Congress) -

"With the arrest of Mahatma Gandhiji every man and woman in India is his successor. Victory of death should be the motto of every son and daughter of India. If we live we live as free men. If we die we die as free men. There can be no rest for us so long as Mahatma Gandhiji is in jail.

This is our final struggle. If all do their duty the struggle should finish in 2 months time. All classes of men are called upon to join the fight. Millions have to move and break the chains that bind India. The struggle will include all activities that a non-violent mass struggle can include. Let our struggle gather momentus from day to day till it becomes an irresistible force and we regain our precious heritage. Let us be true to the message which Gandhiji has left us, " DO OR DIE

There shall be Hartal throughout the country in all the Cities and villages of India. The Hartal will be peaceful. Hartals will be the country's protest against the arrest of Gandhiji, the Congress President and members of the Working Committee. It will be also the symbol of our determination to carry on the struggle which started with the arrest of Gandhiji to its successful conclusion. If participation in Hartals carries

P. T. O.

"carries with it any penalties. they should be cheerfully borne".

There ~~sha~~ will be meetings in the evenings in villages and cities where we shall deliver the Congress message - 'QUIT INDIA'. If there are bans on the meetings they should be resisted.

Our struggle is non-violent non-co-operation on the widest possible scale. The teeming millions that inhabit the 700000 villages form the backbone of our struggle. They have the biggest and most vital part to play. Let them withhold all co-operation from the alien administration that has reduced them to servitude and abject ~~slavery~~ poverty. Let them, when that time comes, withhold payment of all revenues to the Government.

Where there is Zamindari system the Zamindar may be given his share of the revenue provided he throws in his lot with the people and refuse all co-operation with the Government.

The students are the van-guard of our struggle. It is ~~the~~ their solemn and sacred task to rouse and awaken and utilise the dumb millions from one end of the country to another. It is unthinkable that they can be passive spectators of the grand struggle for freedom that is going about them. Let students above 16 leave the Colleges and Universities, and conduct the non-violent struggle to its victorious conclusion. They are the intelligentsia of the country and know fully well how our leaders want them to act. Our leaders have been arrested. A few that remain will soon be clapped if worst does not befall them. The students alone can fittingly supply the gap. There is no doubt they will prove worthy of the great call that has come to them.

The members of the Government Services are faced with the choice in this titanic clash between the people and an alien Government. What is their place? Is it part of their duty to suppress to betray their people? Must then earn their livelihood by betraying their country at a time when the country is engaged in a mortal and deadly struggle? Do they like to have the blessings of the present and future generation or their curses? The days of the administration which is giving them their bread and butter are now numbered. Why lean on a broken reed? Those who have not the strength to resign their job should atleast have the courage to say 'No' to all orders that are designed to suppress and curb our people. If the same 'No' involves dismissal let it be cheerfully courted. Every such dismissal will be a nail in the coffin of the Empire that is throttling us.

As Gandhiji said let every Indian soldier in the Army consider himself a Congressman. If his officer issues orders which hurt his ~~consciousness~~ conscience as a Congressman, let him disobey them and take the consequences cheerfully. It can be no part of their duty in lathi charges, tear-gas, or to shoot non-violent crowds, in peaceful processions or meetings.

India hopefully looks to play their worthy part in the great struggle. The fellow soldiers will fraternise with the people when they rise in revolt against misrule and oppressions, whether indigenuous or foreign. Let our Indian soldiers follow their glorious example.

The Indian States are a part and parcel of India. The struggle today is such as there is in what is called British India. Gandhiji at the A.I.C.C. issued an appeal to the Princes to make a common line whatever the response of the Princes to the

appeal of Gandhiji, let our brothern in the Indian States make the struggle their own. Their fight today is not with the Princes but with the alien master who is keeping them and tie people with subjection. If the Princes side with the alien master, it will be the painful duty of the people to wage struggle against the Princes and the alien master. Gandhiji has time and again stressed the vital and decisive part that our womanhood can play ~~can pley~~ in our nonviolent struggle. It is for them to justify Gandhiji's faith in them. If they bring to the struggle the non-violent sacrifice and suffering of which they are capable, our struggle will inevitably be sure and swift. Let it fall to them to rouse and organise the people of India at the fateful period in its history.

Let every man and woman carry on his person a badge carrying the motto 'DO OR DIE'. This will proclaim their determination to be free or perish in their attempt to be free. This is the struggle in which all the Hindus, Muslims, Sikhs, Parsis and others have to participate. Freedom struggle knows no communal or racial distinctions. If there must be competition between communities let it be won in the sacrifice and suffering for the great cause.

Ending of foreign rule is our objective. Whatever helps in the attainment of that objective is subject to the inexorable condition of non-violence, permissible or legitimate.

People in the Provinces have to devise and attempt all non-violent ways of paralying the administration. Every man is his guide and leader. All the Provinces have full provincial autonomy in the matter of carrying on this struggle. Let them remain true to non-violence. All will be well with the struggle. There is no place for fear in the struggle. It should be banished from our minds and hearts. Let each one of

"of us feel and assert that he is a free man. Suffering that comes our way as consequences of this assertion and of our action, shall be cheerfully borne.

Our leaders have done their part. It is for those who hare left over to do theirs. The burden of carrying on the struggle falls on them. Let them carry on their burden worthily.

Last but not the least, let us not forget spinning which is so dear to Gandhiji. If the Millions spin it will administer a powerful stimulus to the struggle. DO OR DIE."

This is the authoritative programme to be carried by the people in order that the Britishers quit India. On students especially lies vast responsibility in this struggle. Gandhiji had been saying that students need not enter politics; but now he has called upon the students to enter this struggle. It is left for them to enlighten the people on this struggle in all the corners of the country. Their duty now is no longer to study in the Colleges, for the present. They should do their duty. Merchants also should co-operate. It is wrong to burn our own property as they have done in some places. Whatever is done should be done strictly on the basis of non-violence. The prohibitory orders shall be defied at any cost. If it is a question of livelihood if the Govt. servants resign, let them somehow manage to live by selling the jewels on the body of their wives, just for 6 months. Our immediate objective is freedom, because we are disgusted with slavery since a long time. Whatever he be, let one and all join the movement, for this is no time to be light-hearted; this is a serious period. War efforts must be resisted at any cost, until at last this British Govt. will be incapable of continuing in India. The Britishers are determined not to leave India. It is our duty to make them quit out of India, by unanimous carrying on the programme as laid down by Gandhiji. Hereafter none need wait for any further instructions, for the programme is

clearly laid down, for all. But care must be taken to see that we do not burn toddy shops, or commit acts of incendiarism or any violent act of that kind. That is not way for earning swaraj. Whether the Govt. effect arrests or not, our programme shall be carried out with precision and regularity, in a peaceful way. I once again exhort you all to co-operate and join the movement.

Tomorrow I will read to you the resolution of the All-Mysore-Congress-Committee, giving instructions in this movement."

The meeting commenced at 6-15 P.M. and terminated at 7-30 P.M. The gathering was about 300 strong.

The Kannada Reporter also took down notes of the meeting.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
Aug. 24, 1942

Copy.

UPERINTENDENT OF POLICE.
TUMKUR DISTRICT.

23.8.42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.30 నుండి 7.30 వరకు జరిగిన బహిరంగ సభలో శ్రీ కృష్ణదేవరాయలు మాట్లాడుతూ తెలియజేసిన విషయాలు:—

మహాత్మా గాంధీ గారు, కాంగ్రెస్ వర్కింగ్ కమిటీ A.I.C.C వారు మైసూరు కాంగ్రెస్ వారికి ఇచ్చిన సూచనలు తెలియజేస్తాను (Here he read in English the instructions issued to the Mysore Congress by the A.I.C.C.) అవి ఇలా ఉన్నవి:-

మహాత్మా గాంధీ గారు మరియు వర్కింగ్ కమిటీ వారు ఇచ్చిన సూచనలు ఏమనగా, ఇప్పుడు ఉన్న పరిస్థితులలో ఎవరికీ ఎటువంటి ఆటంకం కలగకుండా ఉండేటట్లు ఆందోళన జరపవలెను. ఆందోళన జరిపే సమయంలో ఎవరికీ ఎటువంటి నష్టం కలగకుండా జాగ్రత్త వహించవలెను. విద్యార్థులు గాని, ఉద్యోగస్తులు గాని, రైతులు గాని, కార్మికులు గాని ఎవరు పాల్గొనవలెనో వారు పాల్గొనవలెను. ఆందోళన జరిపే సమయంలో ఎవరికీ ఎటువంటి నష్టం కలగకుండా జాగ్రత్త వహించ

బళ్ళకి వెళ్ళకుండా ఉపవాసాన్ని పట్టి కూర్చుంటారట కొందరు. ఆ రోజుల్లో ఉపవాసాన్ని పట్టి కూర్చోవడం అనేది చాలా గొప్ప విషయం. నన్ను విద్యార్థులు గమనించడం మొదలుపెట్టారు. నేను కూడా ఉపవాసం పట్టి కూర్చున్నాను. ఆ రోజుల్లో ఉపవాసం పట్టి కూర్చోవడం అంటే ఒక్కపూట తినకుండా ఉండడం అన్నమాట

ఉద్యోగం ఉన్నవి" అని Badge ను కూడా తీసుకోండి అని తీసుకోవలసి వచ్చింది. ఈ బట్టలు వాళ్ళ యజమాని దగ్గర అరువు తీసుకుని, కొంతమంది అనుచరులు, కార్యకర్తలు ఊరు నుండి ఒక్కొక్కరి గట్టిపట్టు. ఒక్క తెలుగు పత్రిక తప్ప మిగిలిన అన్ని పత్రికలు వాళ్ళ వాళ్ళ సొంతం అయి, తమ తమ పేపర్లు అన్నీ ఎల్లప్పుడూ ఇక్కడ ఉండవలసి వచ్చింది. ఎల్లప్పుడూ వీళ్ళ కొంత యజమాని తరఫున వచ్చేవారు. ఈ రకం ఈ తెలుగు పత్రికలు వాళ్ళ యజమాని తరఫున వచ్చేవారన్న పేరిట ఒక్కరు ఒక్కరు వచ్చి, ఆ రోజు జరిగిన సంగతులు తెలుసుకుని, ఆ రోజు ఏ పత్రికలో ఏ వార్త వస్తుందో అన్న విషయం తెలుసుకుని వెళ్ళేవారు. ఇదన్నమాట మీ కొంగొత్త అనుభవం. ఒకరు కాదు ఇద్దరు కాదు ఎందరో. గాంధీ అనుచరులు. ఈ పత్రికలు. ఒకరు కాదు ఇద్దరు కాదు. తెలుగు పత్రికలు అన్నిటికీ కొంతమంది అనుచరులు ఒక్కొక్కరు వచ్చి, కొంతమందిని నియమించి వెళ్ళేవారు"

కాని ఇదన్నమాట. మరి ఇంకా A.I.C.C. నుండి రకరకాల కాగితాలు వస్తూనే ఉండేవి. ఈ సమయంలో శ్రీ తిరుమల రావు గారు ఆంధ్ర పత్రికకు సంపాదకులుగా వచ్చారు. నాకు బాగా తెలుసు. ఈ తెలుగు పత్రికలు అన్నీ వెల్లంకి వారి ఆధ్వర్యంలో నడుస్తూ ఉండేవి. వెల్లంకి వారి పత్రికలు అన్నీ ఒక్కటి తప్ప మిగిలిన అన్నీ ఎల్లప్పుడూ ఇక్కడ ఉండవలసి వచ్చింది. నాకు తెలుసు. ఈ పత్రికలు అన్నీ వెల్లంకి వారి పత్రికలు. ఆంధ్ర పత్రికకు మాత్రం ఈ తెలుగు పత్రికలు అన్నీ ఒక్కటి తప్ప మిగిలిన అన్నీ ఎల్లప్పుడూ ఇక్కడ ఉండవలసి వచ్చింది

ಇಂತಿ ಬಂದು ಕೆಲಸವಾಗಬೇಕು. ಇವು ಬಂಗಡವನ್ನು ವಸ್ತ್ರಸಾಮಿಗೆ
ಬಿಟ್ಟರು. ಯಾವ್ದೇ ಕೆಲಬಂದು ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಕಮಿಟಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ತರು
ಕೆಲಸ ನಡೆಸಿದರೆ ಗೆದ್ದು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾರೆಂದು ಯೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು.
ಈ ಪ್ರಾಂತ್ಯದವನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿಯವರೆಗೆ ಸೇವಾದಳದ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು
ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ಬಹಳ ಕಷ್ಟಪಟ್ಟು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ಈ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ
ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸೇವಾದಳದ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು
ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ organisation ಮಾಡಿರುವುದು ಒಂದು
Programme ಹಾಕಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು. ನಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಈ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು
ನಾಳೆ ವಸ್ತ್ರಸಾಮಿಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಬಿಟ್ಟರು. ಈ ವಸ್ತ್ರಸಾಮಿಯವರು ನಾವು
ಸೇವೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಟ್ಟೆವು. ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಇನ್ನು ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು
ಈ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ತರನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಿದರೆ ಈ ಪ್ರಾಂತ್ಯ ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ಸಿನ
ಕಾರ್ಯ ಕೆಲಸ ಕಡೆಗೆ ಬಂದು ಕೆಲಸ ನಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡಿ
ಕೊಡ್ತೇನೆ. ಈಗಿನ ಕೆಲವು ಸ್ಟೇಷನ್‌ಗಳು ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಕ್ಷದ ಪರವಾಗಿದ್ದು
ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಒಬ್ಬರಿಗೆ ಸೀಟಾದರೂ ಸಾಕು ಅಂತ ಕೆಲಸ,
ಇನ್ನೊಬ್ಬರಿಗೆ ಸೀಟಾದರೂ ಸಾಕು ಅಂತ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ. ಒಬ್ಬರ ಕೈಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ
ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮಾಡಿಸಿದ್ದೆವು

ನಮ್ಮ ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಗಳು 300-400 ಜನ ಇದ್ದರು

H. Siddaramappa
Kanada Sevak.
Tumkur D.P.O.

24.8.62

ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ

K. V. Nair
SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE,
TUMKUR DISTRICT.

863/CB

CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.

Encs: Six

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 25th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the political situation prevailing in the district, I have the honour to state that on the 24th evening Mr.B.C.Nanjundiah of Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 400 persons in the Cooperative Society maidan pressing upon the audience to continue the struggle with non-violence and self sacrifice. A few pamphlets such as "Students Call" have been distributed among the students and posted in the public places, but for this the situation is calm at Tumkur.

In Chicknaikanahally taluk some of the cogress leaders addressed ~~the~~ a public gathering pressing upon the audience to carry on the struggle with non violence. One of the speakers Mr. Narayana Murty is reported to have spoken about the Tokiyo Radio broadcasting the death of Mahadev Desai as due to poisoning etc.

Some of the congressites in Pavagada Taluk led by Messrs. Venkatesha Gupta, Nanjunda Rao, Narasinga Rao and Govindappa are reported to hold secret meetings. One barrel of Toddy has also been spilt out at Hosakote and the matter is under enquiry.

Nothing of importance is reported from Tiptur and Kunigal.

Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur is reported to have met some of the congress leaders at Korategere and talked to them

them about the carrying on of the Civil disobedience movement wherein cutting of telegraph and Telephone wires, keeping away of childfen from schools and forming unlawful assemblies formed a part. Toddy shops at Teeta, Voddagere and Potaganahally were burnt and a bag containing toddy was cut to pieces at Mavathur. Some of the congressites advocated the people in Mavathur Shandy not to pay taxes and cut off all the Military supplies. Enquiries are being made to book some of these rowdies.

The situation has been brought under control. Copies of the marginally noted papers are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedinent servant,

P Sreenivasa Setty
Deputy Commissioner.
Tumkur District.

Margin.

1. D.S.P's report dated 25-8-42.
2. Copy of the pamphlet "Students' Call"
3. - do - " ಎಂಬೇಡುಂಕರಂ "
4. } - do - " } ಕಂಗಿಬೂಲರ "
5. }
6. Copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on the 24th evening.

No.S.B./45-62/42-43
Es. 4

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 25, 1942.

From
T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To
The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report submitted at 4 P.M. on 24-8-1942, I have the honour to inform you that it is reported that on the evening 24-8-1942 a public meeting was held in front of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, wherein Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah read the resolution passed by the All Mysore Congress Committee and addressed them to carry on the present struggle in a non-violent manner and to strictly adhere to the principles laid down by Gandhiji. The meeting terminated at 7-30 P.M. and the gathering was about 400.

At about 9-30 P.M. information was received that some students marching along the line of telegraph wires in Mallasandra side, and necessary Police were deputed to watch the mischievous elements information being sent to Gubbi Police also. On verification the information proved to be false. Nothing else of importance is reported so far except that a few pamphlets were pasted in public places such as "Students Call" [illegible] etc., copies of which are enclosed for kind information.

In a report from Chikkanaikanahally taluk submitting the copy of speeches by Sreenivasamurthy, Krishniah and Narayanamurthy, it is found that Srinivasamurthy advised the gathering to strive hard in the struggle to get independence by making the British to quit India etc. Mr. Narayanamurthy also has spoken in the same tone but has further stated " [illegible] 17.8.42 [illegible] etc., and in the end passed resolutions, thanking those that are helping in the struggle, expressing their sympathy to families whose members were victims to the shooting at Bangalore, and condemning the 'repressive' policy of the Government.

In the meeting held at Chikkanaikanahally on 20-8-1942 Name Siddappa, Narayanamurthy, Malayappa and Thammayya are reported to have addressed the gathering, the general trend of the talk being to carry on the struggle to the last in a peaceful way without taking recourse to violence. A copy of the pamphlet "Vande Mataram, [illegible] reported to have been distributed is herein enclosed for kind information.

Report from Pavagada is that merchants observed Hartal on 22-8-42 at Pavagada and Hoskote and that a barrel of toddy was spilt by the boys at Hoskote. Venkatesa Gupta of Hoskote, Nanjunda Rao and Narasinga Rao, and Govindappa are reported to be behind these mischievous acts and enquiries are being made about their activities.

On 23-8-42 nothing of importance was reported except that the Congressites had a secret meeting.

Tiptur Police report that all is calm on 24-8-42 and that the three other accused Lingappa, Bora and M.R. Rangappa were sent to Arsikere Railway Police.

Gubbi Police report that nothing of importance occurred on 24-8-42 and that Mr. Channappa arrived at Gubbi and had a talk with Gattyappa b/o Mallappa.

It is reported from Koratagere that on 20-8-42 Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur visited the place, had a talk with Hanumantharayappa, the local Congressite, regarding the civil disobedience movement, wherein cutting of telegraph and telephone wires, keeping of children away from schools and forming unlawful assemblies, formed a part etc.

It is further reported that he met Nanjundiah and Sivanna and having conferred with them on the same subject left the place at 3 P.M.

It is also reported that the toddy shop at Pathygonahally was burnt on 23-8-42.

Some Congressites addressed the gathering in the Ma-

P. T. O.

Mavathur shandy advocating the ryots not to pay tax, to cut off all the Military supplies etc., and proceeded to Teetha and Voddagere, set fire to the toddy shop, entered the house of Naranappa, Toddy vendor of Mavathur by breaking open the lock and cut to pieces the leather bags containing toddy etc. The names of these rowdies are reported to be as Sankarappa, Kamiah, Allappa, Narasappa of Teetha, Mazeed Sab of Koratagere, Muddaramiah of Woddagere, Channappa, Gubbanna and Chikkahanumiah of Teetha. Enquiries are being made and suitable action taken.

That a toddy shop at Bukkapatna was burnt on 22-8-1942 is the report from Sira and barring that, no other incident is reported.

Further report will duly be submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. N. [illegible]

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

Students' Call

We are seeing mighty strike actions by students throughout the country during this year unprecedented militant demonstrations in Benares. Lathi charges and fighting in Benares. Lucknow, Allahabad, Nagpur Bangalore etc. innumerable meetings and strikes have shown our students in action. It pains me much to bring to your notice that in Junkur that only comparatively small body of students are taking active part in this struggle. Do not be lead away by the communal organisations they will be formed from the top. We have to work here and now among the backward section of the students to see that the axe is applied at the roots before they get deep into the soil

Demand radical change of the present imperialistic govt. paralyse the existing govt by cutting of the war supplies and communications only by your ceaseless efforts. you can paralyse the govt. Students defend your culture & your interests. The defence of your cultures & your interests are not problems which can be separated from the struggle of the people for their liberty. you are vitally concerned in this common task. Do not deceive your conscience and be traitors to your mother " ಹೆತ್ತವರಿಗೆ ಹೆತ್ತ ಭೂತಾಯಿಗೆ ದ್ರೋಹ ಮಾಡಿದ ಹಾಗೆ ಆಗಬಾರದು " If your parents object for your participation in the emancipation of your motherland from the foreign yoke defy them act, Do or die.

Students' Call.

copy [illegible] 8B PA.

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Continue THE STRIKE UNTIL YOUR GOAL is achieved.

(ప్రంథోపోద్ఘాతము)

శ్రీ బాలషరీఫ్ దర్గా

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

సహోదర సహోదరీలారా!

ఇంగ్లీషు, ఇదు అంతర్జాతీయ భాషలు. ఈ భాషలు వస్తే చుట్టుపక్కల ఏం జరుగుతుందో తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఈ పత్రికలు చదవడం అవసరం అవుతుంది. ఇంత వరకే కాదు కొన్ని సందర్భాలలో ప్రపంచ వార్తలు కూడా వస్తాయి. ఇందు వల్ల మనకు ఎంతో ఉపయోగకరమైన అభిప్రాయాలు తెలుస్తాయి. మనం తప్పకుండా ఇంగ్లీషు నేర్చుకోవాలి. ప్రపంచంలో మనం ఇంగ్లీషు నేర్చుకోకపోతే ఇతరులతో కలవలేము. ఇతరులతో కలవకపోతే మనకు ఎన్నో నష్టాలు కలుగుతాయి. ఇతరులతో కలవడం వల్ల మనకు ఎన్నో లాభాలు కలుగుతాయి. అందువల్ల మనం ఇంగ్లీషు నేర్చుకోవడం అవసరం. ఇంగ్లీషు నేర్చుకోవడం వల్ల మనకు ఎన్నో లాభాలు కలుగుతాయి. అందువల్ల మనం ఇంగ్లీషు నేర్చుకోవడం అవసరం.

సెలవు

నిన్నటి వ:—
వంగి శేఖర్

Copy
[illegible]
[illegible]

తారీఖు 25-8-52

కుమారులారా, మంచివారలారా!

శాంతి, ఓం శాంతి, నిత్య

కుమారులకు జ్ఞప్తి చేయుట :- మీరు ఒక్కరే మీ పిల్లలు. మీరు స్వీకరించిన దక్షిణ పిల్లలు మీకు పిత్రార్జితం ఉన్నదా? కేవలం స్వీకరించినదే. మీరు జీవనోపాధి సంపాదించుకోవలసినదే! మీరు మీ తల్లిదండ్రులను పోషించుకోవలసినదే! మీ తల్లిదండ్రులను చంపకండి అని చెప్పి మీ తల్లిదండ్రులు మీకు ఇచ్చిన ఆస్తి మీ తల్లిదండ్రులకు మీ పిల్లలు ఇవ్వవలసినదే. మీ తల్లిదండ్రులను పోషించకపోతే రాజు దండిస్తాడు. మీ తల్లిదండ్రులను పోషించకపోతే మీ పిల్లలు మీకు ఇవ్వర

పోలీసు శాఖలో శాంతి ఇవ్వవలసిన పోలీసులు
ఈ వైదరదస్త్రి రాష్ట్రం. ఒప్పుకోకపోతే లంచం తీసుకుంటున్నారు
కింద నీ వైదరద రక్షణకే రాయిస్తున్నారు. కనుక
పత్రికల ప్రచారాన్ని గ్రేడు గుర్తించి ఇట్టి పురజ నిరసనలు
ఆపివేయవలెను.

శ్రీరాజనరసింహ గారు నాలుగు రోజుల క్రితం
కర్నూలు జిల్లాలో పర్యటించినారు. వీరు కొలిమిగుండ్ల
ఎస్సైగారి పనితీరు మీద మాట్లాడుచున్నారు. శ్రీ జాతీయ నాయకులు
పాల్గొనినారు. రవులు పట్టిన దొంగలకు ఉరితీయాలని
కోరినారు. వీరు వారికి రెండు నెలలు గడువు ఇచ్చినారు
వీరు వారు నిజానికి ఒప్పుకుంటున్నారు అని.
ఈ శాఖలో కొలువులు శ్రీ జాతీయ నాయకులు పోతున్నారు.
వీరు ఎలా చేయగలరో చూస్తాము. కుంధ్రవారు
ఎక్కువగా ఉంటారు.

"చంద్రశేఖర"

Copy

Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur Town, on the evening of 24-8-1942.

MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH of Tumkur was the main speaker. He addressed the gathering to the following effect - " I shall now read to you the text of the resolution passed by the All Mysore Congress Committee at Bangalore, yesterday - (reads the text of the resolution of the A.M.C.C. from a letho copy in Kannada, a copy of which is herewith appended for kind information) - (the resolution purports to endorse the decision contained in the A.I.C.C. resolution on the mass movement and supports it in all aspects specially in the matter of establishment of Responsible Government in Mysore under the aegis of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore) - the three directions in which the movement should take its course is explained by Vinoba Bhave, in an article published in 'Harijan' (reads the quotation from the English copy of 'Harijan' and translates it in Kannada), viz., firstly, non-co-operation with the Government, secondly, non-violent resistance to the Govt., and thirdly, propagation of the Congress Message. Rules of Conduct in carrying on the movement are also explained as - 1) put up with violence against yourself, 2) do not use violence against person or property, 3) shed fear of losses, harassments and tortures, 4) do not break the rules of good moral conduct, 5) give up caste and communal differences, whether high or low and 6) act as if the British Govt. has ceased to rule and resist it by all non-violent methods and 7) work with discipline for the release of Gandhiji.

(Reading an extract from an article of Mr. Mushruwalla in Harijan') Mr. Mushruwalla has stated that a tonga-walla refused to ply his Tonga in Calcutta on behalf of the Police to shift some detenus to the allotted places, and that magistrates and the Police should copy the same and so refuse to carry out the orders received from the higher authorities, if such orders are issued to curb the people during the mass movement launched now. The Govt. servants should give up personal troubles when they resign their posts and take this opportunity to join the movement, which has fortunately come in their own life time, and that too, initiated by no less a person than Gandhiji.

Hesitancy or indifference in the minds of the people should immediately be put aside and one and all should join the movement whole-heartedly and not leave this chance which comes only once in a lifetime.

Our objective is not only to make the Britishers quit India, also, the aggressor must be resisted, whoever he be. The situation at present in India is that danger to India cannot be avoided either way. Either the enemy will shower bombs on India or there will be bombs showered on Indians by the present Govt. itself. Either way there is trouble. Why then should people hesitate to join the movement, which is to do or to die for a noble cause? Let us not be cowards and remain indifferent to things going on around us. Let us be brave and sacrificing. For my part I have dedicated my life for the independence of India. Each one of you should give up personal discomforts and love of your lives, in view of the indepence of India. Sacrifice your lives and thus be redeemed of your birth. None should despair as to what would be the fate of wife and children. When the enemy raids on this country, who will protect your wife and children? Determine therefore not to be cowards but to be heroes and rush in this movement when only your name will be remembered for ever. Life is transitory and make the best use of your life for a national cause. Let each individual do his duty in India consisting of 400 millions, with the object of quitting the Britishers out of India. I repeat this again and again. But I must also tell you that Swaraj earned with violence is a thing I do not desire; Swaraj must be earned only by non-violence

The Govt. servants are engrossed with the ingrained slave mentality and cannot shake off from it. It is so down from the Dewan to the lowest Govt. servant. What more with their worry and subordination. Let them shake off their slave mentality and join this movement 'en masse' when opportunity is knocking at the door.

Barring fear in the minds of some people, I am certain that not even 1% of the people ~~desire~~ like the Britishers. Let each Police man refuse to charge with his lathi, in view of the biggest objective, namely, freedom. All personal considerations must sink now. Mr. Mushnuwalla writes that if 100 officers resign from each province, the British Govt. will soon come to a standstill.

The mistakes that you commit today will ruin you for ever and you will rue keenly for it. It is far better to be inside the jails than remain outside, under the present situation. As a test, everyone would better gain the experience of remaining in jail atleast for 6 months. If it is so, everyone will have tasted for himself the jail life. When all of you determine so, the jails would all be flooded.

I had occasion to argue with some members of the National War Front Committee. They say that the objective of the Congress and the National War Front is one and the same. If it so, let them refuse to work under the control of the Government on paid basis, and deliver speeches boldly in public places where Congressmen are wont to speak. Let them not even join the Congress. Let them address public meetings boldly as Congressmen have been doing. I can challenge they cannot do it. The same remarks apply to the A.R.P. organisation. Mr. Patel has said that Congress organisation exists only so long as independence is won by India, after which period there will be no Congress. Therefore, forget, for the present, all personal and communal considerations and work selflessly for the independence of India, by making the Britishers quit India. Whether I am arrested or not, this movement is bound to continue, at any cost. This is not the time to hear speeches when the movement is initiated by the great man, Gandhiji. Never hesitate any longer. Life is uncertain and transitory; let it be sacrificed for this noble cause. Be heroes, all of you, persons between 16 and 70 - men and women of India. What do you do if there is conscription throughout the country or air raids occur? Either way, life is not safe. This world movement is sure to draw you in. Your riches and property are not constant; in this world conflagration the rich have become beggars. Therefore, I exhort you to enter heart and soul into this world movement, and do or die like heroes."

The meeting commenced at 6-15 P.M. and terminated at 7-30 P.M. The gathering was 400 strong.

P.T.O.

The speech would seem to have made impression the audience.

The Kannada Reporter also attended the meeting and took down the proceedings thereof.

SD. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 25, 1942.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల కాంగ్రెస్ నివేదిక

పరిపాలనా శిక్షణ కార్యక్రమం నిర్వహించి, ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల ప్రతినిధుల కొరకు ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల కాంగ్రెస్ నివేదిక యను ఒక కరపత్రాన్ని రచించి ప్రచురించి, ఆర్థిక శాఖ, విద్యాశాఖ కార్యదర్శులకు పంపించి, ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల కాంగ్రెస్ నాయకులను ఆహ్వానించి సమావేశపరచి, ఆ నివేదికను చదువుతూ, ప్రతి అంశాన్ని వివరించి, ఆర్థిక శాఖ కార్యదర్శి గారు ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల కాంగ్రెస్ నాయకులతో మాట్లాడి, ఉపాధ్యాయ సంఘాల కాంగ్రెస్ నివేదిక ప్రచురణకు అనుమతి ఇచ్చారు.

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23-8-42

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పం॥ శ్రీ మహా గణపతి

శ్రీ మహారాజ కాంగ్రెస్ - బెంగుళూరు నగరం

శ్రీ మహారాజ కాంగ్రెస్ తరఫున శ్రీ. N. రాఘవేంద్ర అయ్యంగార్ B.A. B.L గారు రాష్ట్ర శాసన సభ్యులైన శ్రీ ఎం. రామకృష్ణ గారి పేరిట క్రింద తెలిపిన విధంగా వ్రాశారు:-

శ్రీ మహారాజ కళ్ళి నిం॥ కుంటినాథ స్వామి శ్రీ మహా రథోత్సవం కాగా ఒకటవ రోజు రథోత్సవం జరిగింది. శ్రీ మహారాజ కాంగ్రెస్ త్రి సూత్ర పథకం కాగా చిత్రదుర్గ జిల్లా అధ్యక్షులు శ్రీ మహారాజ కళ్ళి నిం॥ కుంటినాథ స్వామి రథోత్సవం జరిగింది.

మహాస్వామీ, భారతదేశ స్వాతంత్ర్యం కొరకు రాష్ట్ర కాంగ్రెస్ త్రి ఇతరులు కాంగ్రెస్ కాంగ్రెస్ కార్యకర్తలు చేసిన త్యాగం చూడగా మహా స్వామీ గారు గమనించి వుంటారు. తరతరాలుగా, స్వాతంత్ర్యమే ధ్యేయంగా భారతదేశ ప్రజలు. ఉద్యమం చేశారు. మన్నెల్లర ఉత్తమ త్యాగాలు మన దేశంలో స్వాతంత్ర్య భారతదేశం ఏర్పడడానికి కారణం అయినవి. భారతదేశ దేశం యొక్క ఆర్థిక పరిస్థితి కారణం గాంధీ మహాత్ముడు తన జీవితాన్ని త్యాగం చేసి ఉద్యమం కొనసాగించి ప్రజలు త్రి పోరాడి సత్యాగ్రహం చేసి మన దేశం స్వాతంత్ర్యం పొందింది. స్వాతంత్ర్య భారతదేశం కాంగ్రెస్ త్రి పోరాడి ఉద్యమం జరిగింది. ఆ తర్వాత వేర్పాటువాదం పెరిగి ప్రజలు పడే బాధలన్నీ తమ దృష్టికి వచ్చాక ఉంచి తరతరాలుగా కాపాడుకుంటూ రావడం జరిగింది. కాబట్టి త్రి నన్ను

(1) మా మీద ఉన్న గౌరవంతో ప్రజల సమస్యలను తీర్చడానికి కొలువు తీరారు కాబట్టి త్రి పథకాలను రూపొందించి మా మీద త్రి తీసుకున్నారు అని తెలియజేస్తున్నారు.

(2) మహా స్వామీజీ గారు స్వాతంత్ర్య భారతదేశం యొక్క పోరాటం గురించి ఇట్లు పేర్కొనడమైనది.

(3) శాసన సభ్యులు మరియు పార్లమెంటు సభ్యులు తమ తమ నియోజకవర్గాలలో త్రి జరుగుల కాపాడుకోవడానికి ఒక్క నిధి నమ్మకం ఏర్పాటు చేయడమైనది.

(4) త్రి పోరాట యోధుల భారతదేశ ఉద్యమాన్ని ఒక్క పుస్తకంగా తయారు చేయడమైనది.

(5) రాష్ట్ర స్థాయి సంస్థలన్నింటిని ఒక్క గుర్తుకు తెచ్చడమైనది.

మహాస్వామీ, పోలీసులు త్రి కాల పథకాలు దేనంతరం మన రాష్ట్ర ప్రభుత్వం కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ వారి నాయకత్వంలో కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ వారి నాయకత్వంలో ఇంతకు కాపాడుకుంటూ వచ్చిన

ఈ తేదీ రోజున నన్ను క్షమించి విడుదల చేయగలను
అని నేను ఆశిస్తున్నాను -

కాపలా సిబ్బందికి నా
క్షమాపణలు తెలియజేస్తున్నాను.

సత్యనారాయణ శ్రీనివాస్, ఇంజినీరు.

Satyanarayana Srinivas
ఇం.

24-8-42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.15 నుండి 7.15 వరకూ జరిగిన ఒక బహిరంగ సభలో శ్రీ ఆర్.వి.కృష్ణయ్య గారు కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ మీద చేసిన ఆరోపణలు

తేదీ: 24.8.42. సం. సుం. తిరువళ్ళువర్ పుట్టినరోజు:- నిన్న మన నాయకులకు మన ఉపాధ్యక్షులు శ్రీ సుబ్బరాయ కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ మీద కొన్ని ఆరోపణలు చేసారు. ఆరోపణలు ఆలోచన లేనివి. వాటన్నిటినీ మీముందు ఉంచుతాను. (ఇక్కడ ఆ.శ్రీ. కాం. నుండి వచ్చిన నివేదికలోని వాక్యాలను చదివారు - అవన్నీ కాంగ్రెస్‌ను ఇరకాటంలో పడేశాయి). ఈ నివేదిక ప్రకారం సాధారణ శ్రీసామాన్య ప్రజలు ఎన్నో కష్టాలు పడ్డారు. ఇవన్నీ పోగా ఇన్ని కలుపు మొక్కలు మన్నే కనబడుతున్నాయి. నాకు ఈ పని అప్పగించిన కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ నన్ను ఒక నాయకుడిగా గుర్తించి నేను నమ్మిన సిద్ధాంతాలను బట్టి ఒక నాయకుడిని చేసి ఇచ్చింది. ఇలా కలిసినప్పుడు కలుపు మొక్కలు మన్నే కనబడుతున్నాయి. ఈ కార్యక్రమాలన్నీ కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ ఎంత నష్టపోయిందో తెలియజేస్తాయి. కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ ఎక్కువగా పేదవారి పక్షాన నిలబడి పనిచేస్తుంది. ఇలా కలిసినప్పుడు కలుపు మొక్కలు మన్నే కనబడుతున్నాయి. ఈ కార్యక్రమాలన్నీ కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ ఎంత నష్టపోయిందో తెలియజేస్తాయి. ఈ నివేదిక ప్రకారం సాధారణ ప్రజలు ఎన్నో కష్టాలు పడ్డారు. ఇవన్నీ పోగా ఇన్ని కలుపు మొక్కలు మన్నే కనబడుతున్నాయి. ఇవన్నీ కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ ఎంత నష్టపోయిందో తెలియజేస్తాయి. ఇవన్నీ కాంగ్రెస్ పార్టీ ఎంత నష్టపోయిందో తెలియజేస్తాయి. ఈ నివేదిక ప్రకారం సాధారణ ప్రజలు ఎన్నో కష్టాలు పడ్డారు. ఇవన్నీ పోగా ఇన్ని కలుపు మొక్కలు మన్నే కనబడుతున్న

వస్తున్నారు. ఈ బాంబు దాడులను మా తండ్రి గారు ఎలా ఎదుర్కొన్నారో ఆలోచిస్తే, అంత శక్తి ఆయనకు ఎలా వచ్చిందో అర్థం అవుతుంది? నాకు కూడా బాంబు దాడులు, స్వాతంత్ర్యోద్యమం గురించి తెలుసుకోవడానికి నిజాం పరిపాలన కిరాతకాన్ని బైటపెట్టే ఒక్క ఉదాహరణ చెప్పి మీకు వివరిస్తాను? నా వయసు 8 సం. ఇంటర్ చదువుతున్నాను. మా నాన్నగారు ఇంటి దగ్గర లేరు. ఆయన కోసం ఇంటి ముందు కొందరు వచ్చి కూర్చుని ఉన్నారు. వారు ఆయన్ను ఎక్కడికి తీసుకెళ్లారు? అని అడిగితే ఇంటి దగ్గర వాళ్ళు చెప్పలేదు. ఎప్పుడు వస్తారో కూడా చెప్పలేదు. ఆ రోజు నన్ను తీసుకుని ఇంటి నుండి బయటకు వెళ్లి పోయారు. ఆ రోజు నన్ను కారులో కూర్చోబెట్టి ఇంటికి తీసుకెళ్లారు. ఆ ఇంట్లో 6 నెలలు నన్ను నిర్బంధించారు. ఆ ఇంట్లో నా తండ్రి గారు ఉన్నారు. ఆయన్ను చిత్రహింసలు పెడుతున్నారు. ఆయన్ను ఎలా చిత్రహింసలు పెడుతున్నారు అంటే ఆయన్ను ఒక్కరోజు ఇంటి నుండి బయటకు తీసుకెళ్లి ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న చెట్టుకు కట్టేసి ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న రోడ్డు మీద వెళ్లే వారు ఆయన్ను చెప్పుతో కొట్టి వెళ్లేలా చేసారు. ఆ రోజు నన్ను తీసుకుని ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న చెట్టుకు కట్టేసి ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న రోడ్డు మీద వెళ్లే వారు నా తండ్రి గారిని చెప్పుతో కొట్టి వెళ్లేలా చేసారు. ఈ విధంగా నన్ను రోజుకొకసారి చొప్పున 6 నెలలు హింసించారు. ఇలా ఎందుకు చేసారు అంటే నా తండ్రి గారు నిజాం రాజు గారి పరిపాలనకు వ్యతిరేకంగా పోరాడారు. ఆయన్ను ఎలా చిత్రహింసలు పెడుతున్నారు అంటే ఆయన్ను ఒక్కరోజు ఇంటి నుండి బయటకు తీసుకెళ్లి ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న చెట్టుకు కట్టేసి ఇంటి ముందు ఉన్న రోడ్డు మీద వెళ్లే వారు ఆయన్ను

[illegible] నన్ను [illegible] నన్ను [illegible] నన్ను [

తేదీ. ఆ సమయంలో నేను తిపటూరు స్టేషన్ నుండి వెళ్ళి పోతున్నాను. నేను N.W.7 వద్దకు వచ్చాను. నేను ఆ రైలు కంపార్ట్‌మెంట్ లో ఎక్కి కూర్చున్నాను. నేను కూర్చుని ఉండగా నా పక్కన ఒక వ్యక్తి వచ్చి కూర్చున్నాడు. నేను ఆ Platform మీద నుండి కిందకు దిగి వెళ్ళి తిరిగి వచ్చేటప్పుడు నా పక్కన ఉన్న కంపార్ట్‌మెంట్ లో నా పక్కన కూర్చుని ఉన్నాడు. కాంట్రాక్టు పని చేస్తున్నాడు, దీని మీద పోలీసు కేసు ఉన్నది, నేను ఆయనతో మాట్లాడాను, ఆయన నేను పనిచేసే కంపెనీకి సంబంధించిన వ్యక్తి, నేను ఆయనతో మాట్లాడాను. N.W.7 వద్ద ఆయన ఆయన పెట్టెలో ఆయన కూర్చుని ఉన్నాడు. నేను ఆయన పక్కన కూర్చుని ఉన్నాను. నేను ఆయన పక్కన కూర్చుని ఉన్నాను. నేను ఆయన పక్కన కూర్చుని ఉన్నాను

No. 1100/CB

31st August 2

Dear Sir,

Please refer to your letter No.J.C.26 dated the 27th August 1942 forwarding a report about the situation in the District. It is seen therefrom that B. C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur must have taken prominent part in encouraging others ~~for~~ to commit~~ting~~ unlawful acts. I am to request that prompt action may be taken to prevent his further campaigns.

Yours sincerely,

31/8

Chief Secretary.

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

883
CB

Confidential

J.C. 26/42-43.

Encs. Five only

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 27th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the political situation in the district, I have the honour to state that the situation in Gubbi, Kunigal and Tiptur taluks is - calm. Except for a small procession of boys and observance of Hartal by some merchants and a condolence meeting at Hosakote there was nothing important in Pavagada taluk. There was a strike of school children at Sira.

In Madhugiri taluk there was picketting of toddy shops and school children. The toddy shop at Nitrahally was pulled down. A cart containing toddy was attacked near Byalya and toddy spilt out in spite of the police protests. The students did not attend schools. The toddy shop at Byrenahally was burnt and pots tied to trees were broken. It is reported that some congressites of Madhugiri taluk intend to visit Mavattur shandy to prevent the collection of taxes. Necessary police arrangements are made to prevent such unlawful acts and book the individuals concerened in the above mischievous acts. The congress leaders at Madhugiri had a talk with Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah of Tumkur. The design of some of the congressites of Koratagere to set fire to some toddy shops has been frustrated by timely precautions taken by the police. Instructions are however issued to book the offenders.

At Tumkur, Mr. B.C.Nanjundiah addressed a public gathering of about 200 people in the Cooperative Society maidan - wherein he condemned the speech of Mr. Shankaranaraya Rao

advising the scouts not to take part in politics.

But for the above incidents the situation throughout the district is calm. Copies of the marginally noted papers received from the District Superintendent of Police are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Krishnamurthy Sekhar
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin.

1. Copy of letter No. 145-68 dated 27-8-42
2-4 copies of three Kannada pamphlets.
5. Copy of the speech delivered by Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah on the 26th evening.

No.S.B.145-68
W.O.S

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 27, 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated 26-8-1942, I have the honour to state that there were no disturbances at Kunigal and Chikkanaikanahalli on 24-8-1942.

At Hoskote, some Congressites and boys went round the town in procession, whereupon the students went on strike and hartal was also observed. Some time later, many of the boys ~~rushed~~ turned up, and the majority of the merchants opened their shops. In a condolence meeting held in the evening Messrs. Venkatesa Gupta, H.K. Gundachar and B. Subbannachar addressed the gathering on the present political situation stressing the need for independence.

A strike was observed by pupils of schools at Sira on 24-8-1942.

On 21-8-1942 the toddy shop at Nittarahalli, Madhugiri Taluk, was pulled down and the toddy spilt. Necessary action is taken. On 23-8-1942, Sanjeeva Reddy and Thimmiah of Madhugiri High School proceeded to Kodigenahalli and hacing collected some students went round in procession inducing the local boys not to attend school. It is further reported that on 24-8-1942 at Byalya, in Madhugiri taluk, some Congressites with the help of the public spilt the toddy contained in a cart, inspite of the protests of the local Police. The vendor was warned by the mob to avoid bringing the toddy into those limits henceforth. Necessary enquiries are being made and a case will be registered.

It is also reported that on 24-8-1942 most of the students did not attend the schools and showed their indignation towards their Head-master, when advised to keep order The toddy shop at Byrenahally was burnt on 24-8-1942 and the pots tied to date trees to collect the juice have been broken.

Some Congressites of Chikkanahally, Hosahally, Doddagere, Teetha and Yelerampur are intending to visit Kavathur shandy to prevent the Shandy contractor from collecting the tax. The Inspector has been instructed to take necessary precautions to prevent any such overt acts and put up cases.

It is further reported from Koratagere that the design to set fire to the toddy shop of Akkirampur and Teetha by the Congressites headed by Basavaraju, Hanumanthiah and Chikkanna, as related in my report of yesterday, has been frustrated by the timely precautionary measures taken by the local Police. The ring-leaders will be booked.

On 25-8-1942 the local Congressites, viz., Henjarappa, Nanjiah Setty and Rama Rao of Madhugiri received bulletin No. 52(details in my report of the public meeting held on 23-8-42 at Tumkur) issued by the All Mysore Congress Committee; they had a talk with Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah to the effect that they have not decided as yet to hold any meeting.

Report from Tiptur is that on 25-8-42 everything was quiet except that 6 arrests were made as per the requisition of the Railway Police, Arsikere, in connection with their crimes of arrested persons.

At Tumkur on 26-8-1942 a public meeting was held in the usual place after procession in the main roads, after which Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah addressed the gathering, the trend of his speech to condemn the statement of Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao saying that scouts should not take part in politics. The gathering amounted to 200 persons. Nothing else of importance is reported in the town.

Manuscript pamphlet with the caption " [illegible] " is enclosed for kind perusal.

A public meeting at Hikkal on 26-8-42 is reported to have taken place in which Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah addressed a gathering of about 25 villagers, the subject being current politics. Veerabhadriah and Venkataramiah also are reported to have spoken on the occasion.

That all was quiet on 27-8-42 is the report from Gubbi. Mr. Channappa who returned from Tumkur is in (continued

in Headquarters.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

క్రాంతి నం. 16

సంపాదకులు
"క్రాంతివీరులు

1) C [illegible] రాయడం స్వాతంత్ర్యం అనుభవించడం కష్టం తప్పదు విని రాజకీయాలు కలుపుకుంటే దాదాపు (తిరుగుబాటు)

2) ఇప్పుడు ఇందులో పాల్గొనడం అనేది ఇండియా రిపబ్లిక్ లోకి తగ్గుతాయి

3) అమెరికా బ్రిటన్నీ ఓడిస్తే జపాన్ బ్రిటన్నీ వదిలేస్తే ఈనాడు అమెరికా నీ గెలవ్వ గల్గి ఆ కళ్ళు మిత్రులు అంటే నవ దిగ కలుగుతుంది అదు ఇక్కడ రాయబడింది ఈనాడు బ్రిటన్ నీ ఓడిస్తే. ఎక్కడికి వెళ్తుంది ప్రజలు. ఆ తరువాత ఇప్పుడు నా అంచనా కొంత కలిగి ఉంటుంది.

ఒకటవ పత్రిక 26.8.42

వి. పి. డిగ్రీ గురించి సూచన:-

వి. పి. డిగ్రీ ఇచ్చుటకు తెంబిలిపిల్లపెంచుకోవలెను అదేకోలాన్నరణపు నిరికింటిసివిపాడుమూరులు గుడ్డి పంచువిత్తు గిలాడిన్నవిలేరి అంటు నిరుపనిలాలాల నంగళ్ళను కలిదుతిన్నజీడిరి.

రెండు ఆడిన సీమాపరిడెంటు నాకేలుబరగూమత్తు ఎంత్రినోగర్నుళ్ళగూలన కిడోవిపేత్రనోరపరిగూ విమ్మరిచుంద్రుబేకి ఇండోనిలిప్పగుట్టాలిద్యార్థిన్ విద్యార్థినిలంవారన్ను పారళాతిగిబరబేకిందు ఉంనినబేడి ఆప్పరజేలాంగ్రారి అవరిసిసిలాత్తు విపుగి అంతే దేశాబ్ధ వలాసవిల్లుఅదరిగంపదేశాగ్ధి మూనమన్ను విశేషంగ్గిక్షలు త్రుంగుగ్గ పడుంపిరిగ్రిబ్బిగిద ప్రింతరడ కంబుగారేల్పవుగుబేడి

ఇదునిజవేగి

(1) చెంగళ్ళూరిన కలక్టరిగారులాబారుకారణిశోలాధవదేగి ఓప్రాలుబ్బారు వి. పి. డిగ్రు కారణిశోలాగి.

(2) పంగళ్ళూరు గుగనుతవనేలుగిలుగు 15 కంగ్రేమేల్పుమన్ను స్త్రీ విద్యార్థినగాగ్రిడవళుదేలవేల 10 మన నత్తిపం

(3) దుప్పిరటు విద్యార్థి తంగంగూ ఆవల్లి నిదేయుత్తిరువ రుగ్గవగ్గంగుల కంగాంగ్లరి నివ్వరు వి. ఇ. నాకిబ్బరు పాలు అవలిగు మతన్ను తుదు నగ్గద మధ్యనవల్లి టురావుదుగూప్రవి

(4) పాదక. వి. వి. కి. గ.

తేదీ 27-8-42

గౌ॥ 27-8-42

మహిళా కళాశాల మహిళా కళాశాల—

విద్యార్థి విద్యార్థినులారా! ఇప్పుడు మీరు మీ జీవితాలలో ఒక ముఖ్యమైన దశలో ఉన్నారు. మీ జీవితాలలో ఇప్పుడు మీరు ఎంతో జాగ్రత్తగా ఉండవలసిన సమయం వచ్చింది. మీ జీవితాలలో ఇప్పుడు మీరు ఎంతో జాగ్రత్తగా ఉండవలసిన సమయం వచ్చింది.

మహిళా కళాశాల మహిళా కళాశాల! ఇప్పుడు మీరు నేర్చుకున్నదంతా మీ కాలేజీలలో మీ సీనియర్ అధ్యాపకులు విద్యార్థినులు మీ ఉపాధ్యాయులు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ ప్రొఫెసర్లు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ ప్రొఫెసర్లు. తల్లులారా మహిళా కళాశాల మహిళా కళాశాల! మీ పిల్లలు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ పిల్లలు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ పిల్లలు. నేను మీకు చెప్పేది ఒక్కటే. మీ పిల్లలు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ పిల్లలు మీ విద్యార్థినులు మీ పిల్లలు మీ విద్యార్థినులు

Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, at 6-30 P.M. on 26-8-1942.

Mr. B.C. NANJUNDIAH was the main speaker and he addressed the gathering to the following effect - " Brothers and sisters, There seems to be no necessity to speak anything more than what I have already spoken to you during the past few days. It is past 15 days since we have been violating the prohibitory order passed by the authorities and calling ourselves members of unlawful assemblies and associations, according to the principle of Satyagraha. Hereafter we shall have meetings when there seems to be any necessity and not daily.

I wish to stress that the students should not drop their daily processions at any cost. We may be arrested and put into jails. The responsibility then falls on the students to carry on the movement to its victorious and successful conclusion, as laid down by Gandhiji.

The schools and Colleges are to open tomorrow. The students who are fit to carry on Satyagraha work, can picket near the educational institutions, in a peaceful manner. Every man is expected to do his duty in this critical and fateful period; else, there is no salvation for India. It is certain that Colleges cannot work this year. Students who are holders of freeships or scholarships should also join this movement and not be enamoured of the petty endowments they hold. Students have to go the villages and work there.

The Chief Scout Commissioner Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao is reported to have issued a statement instructing the Scouts to abstain from joining the national movement going on at present. It is true that Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao has earnestly worked for the Scouts to the best of his ability and has greatly improved the Scout organisation in Mysore State. It is really a surprise to me to hear that he has made such a statement. Scout organisations are meant to help the nation to attain independence, and not to hinder it and wer reduce it to an organisation to make the nation a slave nation. The Scout organisation has already reduced itself to some scouts putting up uniform and making salams to officers. If what Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao

is reported to have said, is true, then, let there be an end to the present scout organisation, and the grant of Rs.36000 for it would be a sheer waste; and he will responsible for the downfall of the scout organisation. I will have to tender resignation to the post that I hold in the Scout organisation, having worked in it for 22 years.

There can be no peace in the country till the British Govt. quit India. I want you to remember Mr. Mushrwalla's statement published in 'Harijan' wherein a Tonga-walla refuses to ply his tonga to a Police officer, for the purpose of shifting some detenus. That example should now be followed by every Govt. servant. None of you should attempt to stifle this movement. Be true to your conscience, think for yourself, be just and do the needful at this fateful and critical period. Hesitate not to join this movement whole-heartedly, as this is a national movement for the good of one and all in India.

Only those who are prepared to sacrifice must go to the schools and picket the school-going persons. Because the success of this movement entirely depends on the students' co-operation and active participation. At the same time, let them remember 'Ahimsa' at all times and in all they do."

After the singing of two national songs by Mr. S.V. Achar, the meeting terminated at 7 P.M.

The gathering was about 200 strong.

The Kannada Reporter also attended the meeting.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 27, 1942.

Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

26-8-62 నాడు సాయంకాల తుది సమావేశం ఆరోగ్యశాఖ మంత్రి V. వి. నరేంద్ర (6.20 pm నుండి 7 వరకు) గారి అధ్యక్షతన జరిగినది:—

శ్రీ. B.C. నరసింహారెడ్డి గారు మాట్లాడుతూ:

గౌరవనీయులైన అధ్యక్షులవారు, మీరు ఈ సభకు అధ్యక్షులుగా ఉండి మా సమస్యలు వినడానికి అవకాశం కలిగించినందుకు మీకు నా కృతజ్ఞతలు. ఆంధ్ర ఉద్యమం మీద నా అభిప్రాయాలు తెలియజేయడానికి ఈ అవకాశం కలిగినందుకు సంతోషిస్తున్నాను. ఈ సభలో పాల్గొన్న సభ్యులు అందరూ ఆంధ్ర ప్రజల సమస్యలు తెలియజేశారు. ఇప్పుడు నేను ఆంధ్ర ప్రజల సమస్యలు మీకు తెలియజేస్తాను. నాకు తెలిసిన మేరకు నేను చెప్పగలను. ఆంధ్ర ప్రజల సమస్యలు అనేవి అనేకం. నేను కేవలం కొన్ని మాత్రమే చెప్పగలను. ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలకు ఉద్యోగాలు, విద్య, వ్యవసాయం, పరిశ్రమలు, ఆరోగ్యం, రవాణా సౌకర్యాలు, ఆహారం, వస్త్రాలు, గృహవసతి మొదలైన అనేక సమస్యలు ఉన్నాయి. ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలు ఈ సమస్యలన్నిటినీ ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారు. ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలు ఈ సమస్యలన్నిటినీ పరిష్కరించుకోవడానికి ఆంధ్ర రాష్ట్రం కావాలని కోరుకుంటున్నారు. ఆంధ్ర రాష్ట్రం ఏర్పడితే ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలు తమ సమస్యలు తమే పరిష్కరించుకోగలుగుతారు. ఆంధ్ర ప్రజలు

ఈ Scout బాయ్స్ నన్ను కూడా కలవాలని అన్నారు. వాళ్ళ సంతకాలు తీసుకుని, ఒక్కొక్కరు తాము ఈ Scout బాయ్స్ చదువుకున్న కాలేజీ లో ఎంత కాలం పని చేసారో వివరాలు రాసి ఇచ్చారు. నాకు వాళ్ళ తీరు చాలా నచ్చింది. ఈ త్రి తీరు గారు, Leader Scout ఒకరకంగా తన పనిని పరిధి దాటి చేస్తున్నారు. ఒకప్పుడు పరిధి దాటి పనులు చేస్తే ఇష్టం. ఈ మధ్య కొన్ని సంవత్సరాలుగా కొంచెం ఒక్కరు మాత్రం ఇలా ఇష్టపడి పనులు చేస్తున్నారు. త్రి తీరు గారు నాకు మరి ఇలా రాయకపోతే నిజం వివరాలు ఈ తరహా Scout పని కొంతమంది తప్పకుండా కష్టపడి పనిని పూర్తి చేస్తారు అని నాకు తెలిసింది. త్రి తీరు గారు కాలేజీ లో ఎంత కాలం పని చేసారో వివరాలు ఇచ్చారు. ఒక్కొక్కరు తమ తమ పనులు చేసుకుంటూ ఉన్నారు. ఈ బాయ్స్ కి ఇప్పుడు 15 నుండి 18 సంవత్సరాల వయస్సు ఉంటుంది. ఈ Scout బాయ్స్ అంటే ఇష్టపడి పనులు చేస్తారు. వీళ్ళకి ఈ బాయ్స్ అంటే చాలా ఇష్టం. వీళ్ళకి ఈ బాయ్స్ అంటే స్నేహితులు. వీళ్ళకి ఈ బాయ్స్ అంటే ఇష్టం. వీళ్ళకి ఈ బాయ్స్ అంటే ఇష్టం. ఈ బాయ్స్ కి వీళ్ళ పనులు చేయడం అంటే ఇష్టం. వీళ్ళ పనులు చేయడం

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

I went to Madhugiri this morning accompanied by the District Organizer. On the way, I halted at Koratagere and met Mr. C.Ramaiah, Chairman of the Koratagere Taluk Committee and discussed the present position with him and advised him to work actively to prevent subversive propaganda at Koratagere and in the neighbouring villages. It was gratifying to see that Koratagere was unaffected by ~~the~~ students' disturbances, and attendance at schools - middle and primary - was almost normal. This was said to be mainly due to the absence of extraneous elements who incite pupils to strike and sustain their mischievous activities.

Madhugiri presented a different picture. As we proceeded to the High School, we were met by a large mixed crowd of school boys and grown ups, waving Congress flags. They greeted us with cries of "Vande mataram", but readily made way for us. Mr. H.Venkataramiah attempted to ~~xxxxx~~ speak to them, and they were all asked to sit down in front of the High School to ~~xx~~ hear Mr. Venkataramiah and me. Though inclined at first to hear us, they very soon changed their mind under the influence of the leaders who repeatedly said that they were not in a mood then to hear either of us. When after repeated persuasion and reasoning we found that they did not want to listen to us we gave up the attempt to bring them back to sanity, and advised them to disperse quietly, which they did.

The District Organizer and I then met the Chairman of the local taluk committee of the

National War Front, a local lawyer by name Mr. Krishnamachar whose two daughters attend the High School, Mr. C.Ramaiah of Koratagere, who accompanied us to Madhugiri, the headmasters of high and middle schools and some others and talked over the situation with a view to devising means to bring about an improvement.

It was learnt that the trouble at Madhugiri started only this week when the school re-opened last Monday, the 24th instant. No classes could be held on that day as a good number of the students not only kept out of the schools but forcibly prevented those who wanted to attend them, and even rushed into the school buildings, and attempted to drag out students. Tuesday and Wednesday were holidays and the teachers of the High School tried to influence the parents and leading persons of the place, but to no avail. Demonstration continued yesterday, but the crowd did not approach the school buildings as constables had been posted at the entrances. The attendance today was 55 out of 313 in the High School, and 130 out of 410 in the Kannada Middle School.

The "strikers" not only forcibly prevented students from attending the schools but assaulted some parents who escorted their children to schools. Mr. Krishnamachar, a local lawyer, related that when he escorted his two daughters to the high school yesterday his turban was removed and thrown, he was offerred and compelled to accept bangles and turmeric was thrown upon his face. He, however, persisted and saw his daughters into the High School. That phase of the trouble is now past, but picketting by large crowds continues. The work in the schools is proceeding on usual lines.

In the course of the talk with the headmasters of

of schools and National War Front workers and others it was learnt that the Vaisya hostel, the Vivekananda hostel and Tilak Hall (a lodging home for students) managed by persons who belonged to the congress fold were the main source of trouble, and meetings were held at night in the Vaisya hostel to concert mesures for keeping up the strike. The leaders of the pickets whom we noticed and talked to were: (1) Lakshmana Sastry an L.E.E. diploma holder of the Engineering College and native of the place (2) Venkataramana Setty, a local trader, said to be staunch congressman and the mian-spring of the trouble, and (3) a student of Senior Intermediate Class in Bangalore son of a local Advocate by name Narayana Sastry, besides one or two ex-students of the high schools. The "strikers" appear to be in communication with the students in Bangalore who are said to have formed a Federation and been issuing instructions to the students here. It was stated by the head master as well as by some of the local people that 90 per cent of the High School and Middle School pupils were ready to attend the schools but for the fear of assault and rough handling. It was felt also that the temporary closing of schools gave opportunity to mischief makers to influence school boys and draw them into their net. The opinion expressed in this place also was that the police with help from the public and National War Front Workers should effectively prevent picketting in front of the schools or in the squares nearby.

The Deputy Commissioner accompanied by the District Superintendent of Police arrived at the

Respect

These should be detained under D of I Act by the Dt. Conv, after getting the report or personal visit to Madhugiri

31/8

High School, after we had finished our talk with the local people. ~~It~~ I told the Deputy Commissioner all that we had learnt. The Police Superintendent said that he had also received reports about the activities of the leaders of the crowd of students named by us. While prepared to disperse pickets to enable pupils who wish to attend schools to do so in safety, the Deputy Commissioner and the District Superintendent of Police did not know whether they could adopt force if it became necessary to do so in case peaceful dispersal did not succeed and the crowd became violent. About this matter, the Deputy Commissioner felt he had no instructions from Government. But he appeared prepared to arrest ring leaders.

The District Organizer and I spoke to some local people, particularly the Chairman and members of the taluk committee of the National War Front and also the headmasters and teachers of local schools, to endeavour to influence the parents and students by speaking to them so that normal condition might be restored as early as possible. The District Organizers and the taluk committee Chairman ~~are~~ being of the view that public meetings and talks were not appropriate and effective in the present situation, they were advised to adopt individual means of approach in order to mobilise public opinion and secure active support in favour of general order and peace.

As it is understood there is no trouble at present in any other part of the District, I propose to leave for Shimoga tomorrow morning.

M. S. Nizamuddin
28/8/42

Submitted for information
Law Minister.)
21/8

NV 11/17/C 3

Dear Sir,

The Organising Secretary of the National War Front, who had been to Madhugiri recently, reports that the Vaisya Hostel, the Vivekananda Hostel and the Tilak Hall, which are managed by persons belonging to the congress-fold are the main source of trouble at Madhugiri and that meetings are being held in the Vaisya Hostel to concert measures for keeping up the strike.

It is also mentioned that Lakshmana Sastry, a diploma holder of the Engineering College, Venkataramana Setty, a local trader and a student of the Senior Intermediate College in Bangalore and son of a local Advocate by name Narayana Sastry, are the main leaders for picketting.

I am to request you to take necessary action to detain the individuals under the provisions of the Defence of India Act as applied to Mysore, after obtaining a police report or after paying a personal visit to Madhugiri.

Yours sincerely,

31/8

Chief Secretary.

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

Confidential.

From S

Syed Abdul Aleem, Esq, B.A.

Assistant Commissioner,
and Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub Division,
TUMKUR.

To,

P.Suryanarayana Setti Esq, B.A.,LL.B.

Deputy Commissioner, and
District Magistrate
Tumkur District,

TUMKUR.

Dated, camp Tiptur, 20th August 1942.

Report for 21-8-42.

Sir,

In continuation of this office letter No. Spl.6/42-43 dated 21th instant, I have the honour to submit the following report for 21-8-42.

There is absolutely no incident to report. Every thing is quiet everywhere. All the Schools are working. Passengers train is running regularly up and down. The telegraph lines etc., are being repaired. All the military was withdrawn to Arasikere. I am therefore returning to Head Quarters today giving necessary instructions to the Amildar to keep close watch over the railway line and stations. The Military party stationed at Tumkur is reported to be moving up and down up to Banasandra on patrol duty.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Sd. Syed Abdul Aleem,
Assistant Commissioner,
Ex-Officio Magistrate,
Gubbi Sub Division,
TUMKUR.

Spl 7
arrs

Copy of the above is submitted to the Minister for Law and Order to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore for kind perusal.

OFFICE OF THE
MINISTER FOR LAW
AUG 29 1942
No .....

Syed Abdullah
Assistant Commissioner,
and Ex-Officio Magistrate
Gubbi Sub Division,
Camp Tiptur.

Complete
He may be
that no further reports
need be sent to him
CB
28/8
L
28/8

No. 11024/C3

31st August 2

Dear Sir,

The Assistant Commissioner, Gubbi Sub Division, may be informed that it is not necessary for him to submit in future reports to the Minister for Law directly.

Yours sincerely,

Chief Secy.

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

CONFIDENTIAL

J.C. 26/42-43.
Encs:- Five only.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner
Tumkur District,
Tumkur, Dated 26th August 1942.

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous letters regarding the political situation in the district, I have the honour to state that on the evening of the 25th instant Mr. B.C.Nanjundiah of Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 200 people in the Town Cooperative Society maidan inducing the audience to carry on the programme. He also stated that the prohibitory order at Tumkur had been sufficiently violated and in view of the fact that the authorities have failed to take action, against the speakers there was no further need for daily meetings etc.

Small batches of students move from house to house - appealing to the Government servants to resign and the parents not to send their children to schools. Pamphlets with the Caption " Students Call" and "Do or Die " were found posted on some walls.

The toddy shop at Bychapur in the Koratagere taluk was burnt and some of the congressites are said to be intending further mischief. Necessary arrangements are made to watch their movements. At Amruthur in the Kunigal Taluk, some congressites addressed a public gathering on the existing situation and the policy of the British and Mysore Government and encouraged the audience to have a bold stand.

But for the above activities the situation throughout the district is calm. Copies of the reports noted over leaf are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

P. Ramaiyanna Setty
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

P.T.O.

1. Report dated 26-8-42 recived from the D.S.P., Tumkur.

2. Pamphlet ೮೦೩

3."Studenta Call"

4. "ಕರಪತ್ರ"

5. Copy of the proceedings of the meeting held at Tumkur on the 25th evening.

S.B.No.145-65/42-43.
E.3

District Police Office,
Tumkur, Agust 26, 1942.

From

T. V. Reddy, Esq., LI
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated 25-8-1942, I have the honour to state that it is reported that a meeting was held between 6-30 and 7 P.M. in the Town Co-operative Society, Maidan at Tumkur and Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah addressed the gathering of about 200 in number. He told them that the Tumkur Congress have gained a point by violating the prohibitory order promulgated and that it automatically proved the inefficiency of the power the officers held etc., and that there seemed to be no necessity to have lectures daily unless further arrests were effected etc. He is reported to have advocated the students to proceed to the villages and enlighten the villagers.

This morning a few batches of students moved about in the Town from house to house, appealing to the Government servants to resign and the parents not to send their children to schools.

Pamphlets with the caption " [illegible] " "Students Call" etc., were found pasted on the walls, which are herein enclosed for kind information.

Report from Koratagere is to the effect that on 25-8-1942, some Congressmen set fire to the toddy shops of Bychapur and spilt toddy and that some more, headed by Basavaraju, Hanumanthia, Chikkanna etc., are intending to set fire to the toddy shops at Akkiramapura and Teetha etc. Necessary arrangements have been made to guard against any such untoward incident.

On 22-8-1942 all is reported to be quiet at Kunigal. On 24-8-1942 after Prabhat Pheri, a meeting took place at 5 P.M. at Amruthur wherein Seshadri Iyengar, Sundaraja Iyengar and Krishna Iyengar addressed the gathering. Mr. Seshadri Iyengar talked on the existing situation and the alleged repressive policy

P. T. O.

policy of the British and Mysore Government and has stated - [illegible]

etc. The others also are reported to have encouraged the gathering to have a bold stand under any circumstances.

It is reported that there was no activity at Kereyagalahalli, Sira taluk, on 21-8-1942 and 23-8-1942, except for ~~the~~ one Rame Gowda's instructing the boys to carry on the propaganda.

Gubbi and Chikkanaikanahalli Police report that everything was quiet on 25-8-1942 and 22-8-1942 respectively.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

[illegible]

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

ತ್ರಾಂಕಿ ತಾ 26-8-42

ಶ್ರೀಯುತರೆ -

ಅಂಯುರುಗಳೇ, ಸುಶ್ರೀ ಬಾಹ್ಯಾಯರು ಗಳು -

ಈ ಹೀಗೆ ನಿರ್ಕಾರದ ವಿಂಬಲು ನೀಡಿದ್ದೇವೆ ಇನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಿ ನಿನ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಿಯರು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿ. ನಿಲ್ಲದ ನಿಶ್ಚಿತ ಕೆಲಸಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಾಲಿ ನಾಲಿಯನ್ನು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ನಾವು ಹೀಗೆ ಈ ಸಂಕಿ ಸೂಚಿಸ್ತೇವೆ. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಸುಮಾರು ಭೋಂಬು ಹಿಟ್ಟಿಕು (ಎಲ್ಲಿಯೆ) ನೀವು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಂಬಾಲಿಸಿರಿ? ಇಲ್ಲದ ಬಿಟ್ಟವಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಂಬಾಗುವ ದನ್ನು ನೀಲಿ ಸೋಲಿ ಲ್ವನೆ ನಷ್ಟಿಕಾರವಾಗಿರಿ. ನಮಗೆ ಹೇಳ ಹೇಳ ಬೇಜಾರಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಗಳಿಗೆ ಯಾರೂ ಬೆಂಬಲಿಸಿರಿ.

ಧಿರ್ಕಾರದ ಬಂತನೆ

ಧಿರ್ಕಾರದವರಿಗೆ ನೀವು ಮನಸು ಕಿಲ್ಲ ಯದರಂಥ ನಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ದೌಜ್ಜನ್ಯ ಯಿಂದಲೇ ಮತ್ತಿ ಸಂಕಟ ಪಡುತಿರಿ. ಈ ಬಾಧೆವನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಕೀರಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತಿರಿ. ಕಿಚ್ಚಿರಂತ ಕೂಗಲೇ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿ ಯುದ್ಧ ನಮ್ಮ ಇಷ್ಟಾರ್ಥಗಳನ್ನು ನೆರವೇರಿಸಿರಿ. ನಾವು ಈಗ ಪ್ರಾಣ, ಧನ, ಸ್ವೇಚ್ಛೆಯನ್ನು 2 ಪ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ನಿಂತಿದ್ದೇವೆ. ಊರು ಮರ್ಪ ದನ್ನಿರಲು ನಿಮಲಾಟ ರಿಯಾ ನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಕೆಡೆ ಯಿರಿ. ಇಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ ಬೂದಿ ಯಾಗಿ ಹೋಗುವ ತಂತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕಡಿಸಿಬಿಂಬಾಗುವುದು ನೆನ್ನಿರಿ. ಒರೆದ ಲೆನಾನು.

True copy
H Rao

Student's Call.

Freedom is in peril. Defend it with all your might. J. Nehru

You are the van guard of our struggle. It is your solemn task to rouse and awaken and vitalise the dumb millions from one end of the country to the other. It is unthinkable that you can be passive spectators of the grand fight for freedom that is going on about you. You who are above 16 years please leave the colleges, and universities and conduct the non violent struggle to its victorious conclusion. Our leaders have been arrested. Now you are the intellegentsia and the leaders of the country. You are the citizens of the future. You are to enjoy the freedom, defy them. It matters not whether they are friends or the respected parents. Their days are gone. They have lived as slaves & they want us to be slaves. We cannot tollerate this insolence. Defy them. They are actuated by a narrow family affection. They cannot think broadly of the suffering of dumb millions.

You fellow students are shot down in many places. Where are lathi charges in gesavant force. Can you tolerate this. Be you cowards. Develop the Singapore mentality. Continue your strike unless your demand is granted.

Inquilab - Zindabad.

'Copy'
28 Narayanmay
8/B.Ds
26/8/42

రంగి రెడ్డిగారు

కుమారి కుం తెం
తే 26.8.42

చిత్త

ఉమాంగి.

శాంతి.

కుమారి కుంతిగారి వకీలుగారికి: మానవత వకీలు రావు శ్రీ A.G. రాజేంద్ర రాయలు తరఫు వకీలు బుట్టేశు. నీవారి తరఫు వినుకుంటి నీ వారి వకాలతను ప్రతిభటించి స్వాతంత్ర్య సంగ్రామములో మానవత్వం వహించి.

బెంగళూరులో విలువైన వారు కలిసినట్లయితే:- మీరు నీ వారి తరఫున ఈ వరకు ఎప్పుడు బాలిజా రాయలతో? మైసూరు రాజ్యములో 17 సంవత్సరాల క్రిందట జరుగుతున్నదే మీ వారి యోగక్షేమము తెలుపుట. ఈ ప్రజల సంక్షేమము నీ వారి వలన సాధ్యపడదా?

కాంగ్రెసువారు ఉపవాసము చాలా వారంతి గళు బలవంతి నీ వారి వలన ఇవన్నీ మీరు పోరుచున్నారు. స్వాతంత్ర్యమును గురించి నమ్మకము తిరుగుతుంది: నిన్నటి యిన మీ వారు ఎక్కడ కుటుంబ నీ వారి వలన కుంచి వారు బంచుచున్నారు కుంత్రు ఇతరులు తమ్మి నాతనలను స్వాతంత్ర్యకి రేళుతున్నారు.?

బెంగళూరులో విద్యార్థులు గళు శాలా వాళ్ళు జనగళనే క్రోధపరిచి యి గూడినట్లు వదంతియే? ఇదు విద్యార్థులు నిజ? మీ వదంతి యన్ను కేళువాగ్ద పడుతుంది? ఇదు ఎంతో తప్పు అంతే? నీవు శాలా వాళ్ళు జనగళనే క్రోధగుంపుగు నిరక్షర తప్పే?

కుటుంబాలు క్రోధగొండిరువుదు మిలువి అయుత్తదే:— నిమ్మ యుద్ధిగే కుంత్తు అంతయితే? క్రోధిసి నాని తగుత మయువరగళన్ను రక్షిసుత్తేనే. నిమ్మ అక్కా తంగియరన్ను కొల్లువుదు నరక్షిసుత్తేనే నన్ను బుద్ధి ఇట్టు తుంతిరి? నాకు తిళియదు. నిమగే తుంబా విద్యేయి నిమ్మ దేశదవరు స్వాతంత్ర్య వీరరన్ను నేప్పుతారే. ఈ దేశక్కే క్రోధ బరువదన్ను తరి.

కుటుంబదవర వర్తనెయిందే:— నిరుద్యోగిగళు బందేదినల్లి రణాంగణవాగుత్తే. అంతే గుంపు తుంగళనే ఉదయిసిరి. కుణ్ణు నిధి. వాయిస్సిగే దయవిట్టు తరి. స్వాతంత్ర్యకే జయవాగలి.

Inquilab - Zindabad.

Your loyal
M Rahuthy

Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur Town, on the evening of 25-8-1942.

MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH of Tumkur addressed the gathering briefly to the following effect - " It is past ten days since I have begun to address meetings which are prohibited by the District Magistrate. I remain now where I was ten days before, inspite of defying the order. In accordance with the instructions of Gandhiji to defy all prohibitory orders issued by authorities and to declare oneself as a member of the unlawful assemblies and associations, we, in Tumkur, have been defying the prohibitory order of the District Magistrate. Reply has been suitably given by the civilians to the ban of the District Magistrate. The people are prepared to take the consequences of defying such prohibitory orders. Still I wonder why no action has been taken. It is the responsibility of the authority to enforce its orders, when once they are passed. The fact that the authorities have not taken any action is significant to show that the power of the officialdom has waned, or the present Government has ceased to function. When the orders of this Govt., are not being enforced, then, let the authorities withdraw such orders. We have been conducting meetings everyday on the principle of carrying on our Satyagraha campaign. In Tumkur specially, people do not fall behind when it is a question of action, though there may not be good speakers in large numbers. For the present, action is required and not mere speeches. For, people in Tumkur, are educated enough in political matters. Ordinarily, provided there are no further arrests, there will no necessity of speeches in Tumkur hereafter.

When Gandhiji said that students should abstain from attending schools and colleges, he did not mean that they should sit idle and while away their time; the students should go to the villages, and to the best of his ability, educate the masses there in political matters and thus carry ~~carry~~ on the programme of Gandhiji.

The news that 4 students were arrested owing to the reason that they conducted peaceful picketing before the schools, is welcome, because arrests would give impetus to the movement, which

shall be carried on till independence is won.

If we stop making speeches frequently, hereafter, the Govt. need not be under the impression that we are afraid of their probable action. We are prepared to feed them as many Satyagrahis as they like to take action on. I need not say this, because, during the previous Satyagraha that Congress in Tumkur carried on, the authorities were left exhausted in effecting arrests until at last they gave up the idea of effecting arrests. I may take this opportunity of informing the authorities that the town of Tumkur has so far not fallen behind and it will not fall behind at any time."

After the singing of two Congress Lavanies, the meeting terminated at 7 P.M., having commenced at 6-30 P.M.

The gathering was about 200 strong.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 26, 1942.

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Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

1939 ನೇ ಇಸ್ವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಮ್ಮ ತಂದೆಯವರು ಸಾಲಗಾರರು ಮನೆಯ ಬಾಗಿಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ಕೂಗಿ ಕೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. 1919 ನೇ ಇಸ್ವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಹುಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು 39 ನೇ ಕೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಹಾಕಿದಾಗ 6 ನೇ ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೂಲಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೆ. ಆಗಿನ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ಪಾಲು ಮತ್ತು, ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಹಿಟ್ಟು ಹಿಟ್ಟು ಮನೆಯ ಬಾಗಿಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ಕೂಗಿ ಕರೆಯುವುದು ಉಂಟು. ನಾನು ಈಗ ಸುಮಾರು 5-6 ದಿನ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಬಳಿ ಬರುತ್ತಾ ಇದ್ದೇನೆ. ಒಂದು ಕಡೆ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿ ಕೊಡಿ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಅಂತ ಕೇಳ್ತಾ ಇದ್ದೇನೆ. ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ್ ಅಂತ ಕೂಗಿ ಕರೆದ ಕೂಡಲೆ ಬಂದು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡ್ತೇನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ. S.V. Achar ರವರು "ಒಂದು ಕೇಸಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರು ಸಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಾರ್ಟಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ತರಾಗಿದ್ದರು ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಸಭೆಗಳು ನಡೆಯುವ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು ಒಂದು ಸಲ ಅವರನ್ನು ಬಂಧಿಸಿದರು.

H.S. Srinivas
Kannada Steno
26.8.62. Tumkur D.P.O.

Copy.

K.N. Reddy
Dist. Supdt. of Police
Tumkur Dt.

25. 8. 42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.15 లేదా 6.30 కు మరియు ఆ బాంబు కేసు ఆరోపణలపై నన్ను బాగ్దాద్ జైలు నుండి తీసుకొని వెళ్లడం జరిగింది

శ్రీమతి కె. నాంచారమ్మ గారి జ్ఞాపకాలు

నన్ను పిల్లల్ని మళ్ళీ జైల్లోకి పంపక ముందు నన్నూ, పిల్లల్ని బాగ్దాద్ నుండి జైలుకు తీసుకొని వెళ్ళారు. అక్కడ కొన్ని రోజులు ఉంచి మరలా నన్ను పిల్లల్ని తీసుకొని వెళ్ళారు. మేము వచ్చిన తరువాత ఇరవై రోజులు ఉంచి తీసుకొని వెళ్ళారు. నన్ను సాయంత్రం 6 గంటకు

నాన్న బతికుండగా నన్నే కాదు అందరినీ ఆప్యాయంగా పలకరించేవాడు. కానీ ఎవరు పిలిచినా అలాగే. నాకు గుర్తుంది 8-10 సార్లు అన్నాడు ఎవరో పిలిచారని. ఇప్పుడు నాకర్థమవుతోంది. నన్ను పిలవడానికే ఇలా అన్నాడని. నన్ను ఎవరూ పిలవకపోతే నా పేరు గుర్తుకు రాదేమో అని భయపడి నన్ను నేనే పిలుచుకుంటూ ఉండేవాడు. నన్ను ఎలా పిలవాలో అర్థం కాక తికమక పడేవారు. నన్ను ఎలా పిలవాలో అర్థం కాక తికమక పడేవారు. ఎప్పుడు నన్ను విద్యార్థులందరూ తోటి నన్ను ఎలా పిలవాలో అర్థం కాక తికమక పడేవారు. "ఏమండీ, ఏమండీ అన్నా" అని పిలవడం మొదలుపెట్టారు. "ఇప్పుడు పిలవకండి" అని చెప్పేశాను. పిలవకపోతే, నన్ను నేనే పిలుచుకుంటాను. నన్ను నేనే పిలుచుకుంటే, నా పేరు గుర్తుకు వస్తుంది. ఇప్పుడు నన్ను ఎవరూ పిలవకపోతే నా పేరు మర్చిపోతాను. నాకు ఇప్పుడు ఇలా అనిపిస్తోంది. ఆదరణ కోసం పిలుస్తాను. ఇప్పుడు వెర్రిలా అనిపిస్తోంది. ఎందుకు పిలవకపోతే నా పేరు మర్చిపోతాను

No 1138/CB

1st Septaber 2

With reference to your confidential letter No. J.C.26/42-43 dated the 28th August 1942 forwarding a report about the situation in the District, I am desired to state that efforts should be made to get at the persons responsible for the issue of the pamphlet under the caption"తిరిగి తెంబర పుట్టు బాంధవ సుద్దాలు వాడి త్రుంచి." and book them.

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

No 1099/CS

Ec/

31st August 2

Dear Sir,

I am desired to enclose a cutting from the "Daily News" of the 27th August 1942 stating among other things that certain congress men were not arrested despite the fact that they were delivering lectures at public meetings. I am to request you to kindly submit a report to Government in the matter.

The enclosure may be kindly returned with your reply.

Yours sincerely,

21/5

Chief Secretary.

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

Confidential

J.C. 26/42-43.

Encs: Five.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, Dated 28th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated 27-8-1942 regarding the present situation, I have the honour to state that as - usual ap Public meeting was held in front of the Town Cooperative Society at 6-30 P.M. on 27-8-42, after the usual procession with the ~~the~~ Tri-coloured flag. About 200 persons, mostly boys and a few ladies attended the meeting. Messrs. T.L.N. Sastry (a resigned official of the Hidustan Air craft Ltd.) B.C. Nanjundiah and Mrs. Seshamma addressed the gathering. The latter appealed to the ladies to come forward and help the struggle. Mr. Nanjundiah, it is reported condemned the alleged statement of Mr. K.Shankaranarayana Rao asking the Scouts to keep away from the movement.

ISSUED. 31.8.42

On 27-8-1942, information was received at about 8 P.M. that some congressites were causing trou-ble near Mallasandra toddy shop. Necessary police help was sent to the place and it is reported that thre was no trouble.

There was the usual prabhat pheri this morning, and at about 11 O' Clok some students were reported to have picketted in a peaceful manner near the Govt. High School and the Empress Girls' High School stading away from the School premises. In spite of this 90% of the students were reported to have attended the classes. Leaflets announcing the holding of a meeting at 6 P.M. are posted on electric poles and walls.

It is reported from Tiptur that the situation on 26-8-42 was quiet and that 5 more persons were arrested in connection with Arsikere Railway Station Crime No 63/42 and they were

handed over to them on 27-8-42 on requisition.

It is reported from Madhugiri that all was quiet on 26-8-42 except for a precession with a Tri-coloured flag by about 7-8 students. About 5 students were reported to have picketted near High School but they were reported to have been dispersed peacefully.

Report has been received from Koratagere that one Basavaraju of Hosahalli and Hanumanthiah of Chikkanahalli were responsible for inciting and instigating the vilagers to take recourse to subversive activities. The local police have been instructed to watch their movements.

It is reported from Sira that Mr. Mali Mariyappa was camping on 26-8-42.

Copies of the proceedings of the meeting held on 27-8-42 both in English and Kannada together with the report of the District Superintendet of Police are herewith enclosed for favour of kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant.

P. Ranganathan Seth

Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

SECRET

No.S.B.145-70/42-43.

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 28, 1942.

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

In continuation of my report dated 27-8-1942 I have the honour to state that a public meeting was held in front of the Town Co-operative Society at 6-30 P.M., after the usual procession with the tri-coloured flag. About 200 persons, mostly boys and a few ladies attended the meeting. Messrs. T.L.N. Sastry (a resigned official of the Hindusthan Aircraft Ltd., Bangalore) and B.C. Nanjundiah, and Mrs. Seshamma addressed the gathering.

It is reported that Subramanyaswamy Seshamma appealed to the ladies to come forward and help the struggle. Mr. Sastry too pressed for a united front in this critical situation. Mr. Nanjundiah not only repeated his usual slogan of non-violence but also condemned the alleged statement of Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao about the Scouts being precluded from taking part in political in the present struggle.

On information being received at about 8 P.M. that some Congressites were causing trouble near Mallasandra toddy shop, necessary Police help was sent and it is reported that there was no trouble.

On the morning of 28-8-1942 there was the usual Prabhat Pheri and at 11 O'clock, some students are reported to have picketed near the High School and the Empress Girls' School, standing away from the School premises in a peaceful manner, and inspite of their appeal 90% of the students are reported to have attended the classes.

A leaflet announcing the holding of a meeting at 6 P.M. today to condemn the alleged ~~occurrence~~ occupation of the University buildings of Benares Hindu University by the Military authorities and another leaflet with caption " [illegible] and [illegible].

are being pasted on electric poles and walls.

It is reported from Tiptur that the situation at Tiptur on 26-8-1942 was quiet and that 5 more persons are arrested in connection with Arsikere Railway Station Cr.No.63/42, and on requisition by them, were handed over to them on 27-8-1942.

Report from Sira is to the effect that Mr. Mali Mariappa arrived at Sira on 26-8-42, having attended the Amildar-Magistrate's court; halted at Sira for the night.

Madhugiri Police have reported that all was quiet at Madhugiri on 26-8-42 except for a procession with a tri coloured flag by about 7-8 students; one Rangappa of Koratagere is reported to have visited Madhugiri on 26-8-42 and left the place the same day and that Mali Mariappa left for Sira.

It is reported from Koratagere that one Basavaraju of Hosahally, Hanumanthiah of Chikkanahally were responsible for inciting and instigating the villagers to take recourse to subversive activities. The local Police are instructed to watch their movements and take action against them if necessary. About 5 Madhugiri High School students are reported to have picketed near Madhugiri High School but they were peacefully dispersed from the School premises.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

ಪತ್ರಿಕೆ 27.8.42

ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಸಂಘದವರಿಗೆ

ನೀವು ಇಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದ ನಮ್ಮ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರನ್ನು ಬಾಯಿಬಿಟ್ಟು ಕೇಳಿದರು ಸಂತೋಷದಿಂದ ಕೇಳುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಈ ಸಲದಿಂದ ನಿಮಗೆ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕೆಲಸಗಾರರನ್ನು ಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಮಗೆ ಕೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ನಮ್ಮ ಸಿ.ಆರ್.ಪಿ. ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ತರಿಗೆ ಬೇಕಿದ್ದರೂ ಬೇರೆ ಕಡೆಯವರಿಗೆ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ತರು ಬೇಕಿದ್ದರೂ ಕೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ.

ಯಾಂಯಾರು ಸದಸ್ಯರು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು

ನಿಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಅವರ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಭೇಟಿ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗ ನಮ್ಮ ನೀವು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಬೇರೆ ಸ್ವಾತಿಕ್ಯ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದು ಇಂದು ಯಾರು ಯಾರು ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಬೇರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ನಾನು ನೀವು ಕೇಳಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಬೇರೆ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ ಕುರಿತು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ಆದುದರಿಂದ ನಾನು ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಇಂದೇ ಬಹಳ ಬೇಗ ಕಳುಹಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಕೆಲಸಗಾರರು

ಮಿಸ್ಟರ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾದ ಅವರ ಬಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುವವರು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬೇರೆ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯಗಳಿಗೆ

(Cont'd)

పెండింగ్ కేసులన్నీ తీర్చివేస్తారని.

2) 300 జన విద్యా ధికారులు మళ్లీ మరి విధానం, పెరుగుతున్న జనసంఖ్యకు తగ్గట్టుగా కొత్త పోస్టులు కేటాయిస్తారని.

భవదీయుడు

వి. రామకృష్ణారావు

Copy

[illegible]

రాయలి గుంటూరు జిల్లా పరిషత్
(29-8-42) రెండవ సారి.

పరమ పూజనీయులు,

ఈ మధ్యన "కల్కి" పత్రికలో వల్లూరి శివ మత్తు పదార్థాల అమ్మకం అనే వ్యాసం ఆధారంగా ఆంధ్ర పత్రికలో మద్యపాన నిషేధం మీద మరియు మత్తు పదార్థాల నిషేధం మీద వివిధ అభిప్రాయాలు వెలువడినవి. ఆ వ్యాసం మీద నిష్పక్షపాతంగా నా దృష్టిని ఇక్కడ తెలియజేస్తాను. ఈ పత్రికలు ఇచ్చిన అభిప్రాయాలు ప్రజలు పాటించాలంటే వారు ఈ పత్రికలు చదవాలి. ఇవి ఎక్కువ మంది చదవరు. కనుక పాటించరు. ఇవి పాటించాలంటే వారు పాటించే విధంగా ఈ పత్రికలు ఉండాలి. అనేక పత్రికలు మంచి పత్రికలు మరియు అనేక పత్రికలు మంచి పత్రికలు అని వివాదం వచ్చినప్పుడు ఏ పత్రిక మంచిదో తేల్చుకోవలసి వస్తుంది. ఇప్పుడు అనేక పత్రికలు కలవక పోవడం వల్ల మద్యపాన నిషేధం కలగడం లేదు.

ఇవాళ ఈ పత్రికలు ఏ విధమైన పాత్ర వహించాలి అనే విషయం గురించి ఆలోచిస్తే మద్యపాన నిషేధం మీద ఆ పత్రికలు ఈ విధమైన అభిప్రాయాలు ఆ పత్రికా రచయితలు వ్రాయడం వల్ల ప్రజలు కొంత ప్రభావితులు అవుతారు. కనుక ఆ పత్రికలు కూడా మద్యపాన నిషేధం మీద ఆంధ్ర పత్రికలో వచ్చిన వ్యాసాలు ప్రచురించి ప్రజలకు తెలియజేయగలరు. ఇట్లు విధేయుడు.

రాయప్రోలు భగవంతరావు ఈ పత్రికలో మద్యపాన నిషేధం

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Copy
[illegible]
28/8/[illegible]

శాంతి.

25. August 42

రేడియో ద్వారా పత్రికా వార్తల గుమ్మాచ

రేడియో ద్వారా పత్రికా వార్తల గుమ్మాచ దినే దినే బలవత్తరమైనది. త్రిటిషర్ విశ్వ దిగ్విజయాలను గురించి నిందనాం అందుబాటులోనున్నవి. పత్రికా వార్తలు పత్రికలలో, రేడియోలో నగరవాసులు మిలిటరీ అధికారుల కన్నా ముందుగా తెలుసుకుంటారు. నిజానికి ఆ వార్తలు నేను గురించి మాట్లాడుతూనే విందులోకి దిగుచున్నదా అనునట్లు పత్రికా వార్తలు తెలిపినట్లే.

పుకారాలు పుట్టకపోలేదు.

కష్టప్రజలలో పుకారు అంటే తొందరపాటు. ప్రతి పుకారు పుట్టిన తరువాత చాలా త్వరగా ఒకరి నుండి మరొకరికి వ్యాపించి గుండెలు కాలి కలుగుతున్నవి. ఇప్పటికి అంతా అయిపోయిందని రాస్తున్నారు. నాకు గుర్తు ఉన్నది - ఇప్పటికి కూడా ఉన్నట్లే, పదుగురు అంటుంటారు. బాంబు పడ్డ తరువాత బాంబు పడినట్లే విందులోకి దిగుచున్నవి అన్నట్లే.

లాంతర్లు దీపాలు.

గుండెనత్రప్రకరణ విధ చీకటిలో దీపాలు ఎట్టి పుండి అయిందంటే అందరూ అరిచినారు. ఇప్పటికి - అప్పటికి అందు నా నా రీతిని అట్టి పోగుపడ్డారు. ఎట్టి నిజ స్థితి పరాలు అంతరించి గుడ్డి లాంతర్లు కాలుచున్నదనన్నవి నలుగురు నవ్వుకొని పలుకుచున్నారు.

శాంతి వచనాలు

పెద్దలు పిల్లలు పిల్లలు గుడ్డు, కాయగూరలు అంటే పాదపు. శాంతి వచనాలు దేశంలోని పత్రికలు కలిపి తెలుపుతున్నవి. అరకే ఇప్పటి ఇండియాలో కాంగ్రెస్ అధ్యక్షుడు లేకుండా అయిపోయి పుట్టు. అట్టి కష్టం ఎందుకన్నట్లు ఆ కాగ్రెస్ వారిని తీసుకొచ్చి ఉంచుతారు అనుకున్నవి?

పిల్లల్ని కాపాడుకోవాలి.

పిల్లల్ని కాపాడుకోవాలి కాలం కాలం పాలు గుడ్డు పిల్లల్ని కాపాడుకోవాలి అన్నట్లే పిల్లలు పెద్దలు అయి పోయి తిరుగుచున్నట్లే

ನೀವೆಲ್ಲರು ನೆನಪಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡಿರಬೇಕಾದ ಅಂಶವೆಂದರೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮಕ್ಕಳು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಶಾಲೆಗೆ ಬರುವಂತೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾದುದು ಮುಖ್ಯವಾದ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯ. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಿಂದ ಮುಕ್ತವಾದ ಚೈತನ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವ ಶಾಲೆಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಜನರು ಬರುವರೆಲ್ಲ? ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸವು ಬೆಳೆದು ಉಪಾಧ್ಯಾಯರನ್ನು ಕೊಂಡಿರುವರೆಲ್ಲ ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಿರಿ.

ರಾ. ಚಿಕ್ಕರಾಜ.

Copy
T. Narahmulu
SB.

Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur Town, on the evening of 27-8-1942.

At the outset Mrs. Seshamma (Representative Assembly Member) addressed the gathering briefly to the following effect - " This is my first speech in a public meeting; therefore I request you to kindly excuse me if I commit any mistakes. My sisters, all of you are educated and you know how our sisters in other places have been sacrificing their lives for the sake of independence of India. Opportunity is opened for you now to come forward and do your duty. I therefore request you to co-operate with the movement that is launched in India."

Nextly one T.L.N. SASTRY (an official resigned his post in Hindusthan Aircraft Co., Bangalore) spoke briefly to the following effect - " I may tell you that this is my first speech in a public meeting. I am ashamed to tell you that I was a worker in Hindusthan Aircraft Co., Bangalore. My co-workers in the Company also struck work with unanimity in a peaceful and disciplined manner. American officers in the Company were pleased with the policy of our striking work in the Company and expressed - " Boys, you are adopting American policy. Do not be discouraged by anybody; carry on your fight and fight for your nation". On the contrary an Englishman - Director of the Company by the Govt. of India - remarked to the strikers standing outside - 'Gandhi is a fool; you are also fools in adopting his policies'. From that moment the strikers resolved not to enter work till an apology came forth from than gentleman for having indicted Gandhiji like that. It is really shameful that some workers have gone back to work again in the Company.

I believe in Tumkur, students have resolved not to attend schools till their leaders are released. This is a struggle for independence in which even Govt. servants should give support to this movement. In Bombay, the Indian Police and Military are giving support to this movement.. I hope the same example will be followed in Mysore State also."

MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH of Tumkur addressed the gathering to the following effect - " The meetings will continue for two days more as some new speakers are anxious to speak. Women in India would do well to lend their support to the movement, suffering mildly all the hardships that may befall them, till the crisis is over. I hope that they will induce their husbands to tender resignation to their jobs so that they may join the movement. Whatever violence or repression the authorities may commit on the people, it is for the people to remain strictly non-violent, as this is a struggle initiated by the non-violent expert Gandhiji.

It is really commendable that students in Tumkur have been successful in closing the schools for nearly a month. The Govt. servants not only have cultivated ~~for themselves~~ slave mentality for themselves, but are also ~~ent~~ encouraging their children to cultive the same slave mentality, by sending them to the schools at this fateful period of India; they should therefore shed all personal considerations and help the movement launched for the freedom of India. Gandhiji had never called upon the students to enter politics; but shrewd man that he is, he has now indented on the students. The storm is now blowing all over India. Either the people have to go along the current or stand aside; if they stand against the current, he will fall topsy-turvy. In this storm, individual likes and dislikes do not decide the issue, as the storm is too severe to be stemmed.

It is reported that a few students attended the classes. I may assure the parents of those students that no purpose is thereby served, as no separate examinations and no separate convocations will be held for them alone; I urge them to give up this sort of defeatist attitude regarding the education of their boys and girls; let them think independently and broadly.

I request the members of the National War Front Committee to give up the petty allowance meted out to them by the Govt., and work selflessly for the country, if they contend that the object of Congress and National War Front ~~are~~ is one and the same. I understand that they ~~should~~ are instructed, hereafter, to carry on anti-Congress propaganda. If they do it, they will be traitors to their own country which has launched a movement for the

sake of the deliverance of foreign rule, for the benefit of all kinds and classes of people in India. I therefore appeal to them to tender resignation immediately and be redeemed. There is only one Front, that is, Congress Front and the object of it is to make the Britishers quit India. Let all Indians hit straight to the mark and achieve their objective now. Else, slavery will continue in India for centuries to come, when the Britishers will fleece Indians more and more, for eternity. Live and die like heroes. Delay not for there is danger, for, when the struggle is over, there is no use of repentance for not joining in this movement in time.

Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao, the Chief Scout Commissioner, in his statement, has said to the effect that students, if they would join the national movement, would be ruined. He has reduced the Scout organisation a slave one, by making the scouts abstain from participating in the movement. When Gandhiji has called upon them, it is not right for Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao, enlightened man that he is, to make propaganda against Gandhiji; let him keep away from the current and let him not interfere in this matter, if he cannot help the movement. I am really sorry for his statement. It is said in the Scout promise to be loyal to the King and the country. The scouts do seriously mean to be so, but how can they remain passive spectators to the misdeeds of the existing Govt., and remain to sit idle when a movement is launched for the deli-verance of the country from foreign rule? How can the scouts obey an irresponsible Govt., which has all of a sudden declared a recognised body like Congress, ~~declared~~ as unlawful, merely acting on the phone instructions from ~~the~~ an alien Govt. By having made hi statement Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao, learned that he is, has don great dis-service to the Scouting organisation. I appeal to hi not to stand in the way of this movement as an obstacle. For this is no ordinary struggle for the reason that this is initiate at the instance of Gandhiji. When Americans could sympathise with this movment in India, how has Mr. Shankaranarayana Rao the face to tell the scouts to keep away from the movement; does he want all the scouts to remain orderlies in India? Is this not shameful? Such statements bespeak mentality of the low order.

I want to warn the students not/be snared by the cunning words of some Govt. officers who might snare the boys by cunning. Let the students take care not to heed such words, till instructions come to them through Gandhiji. For any queries that may be put to them by the authorities, let them say 'Go and consult Gandhiji'.

I am told that some students want to undertake fast for the mistake of some students who attended the schools, inspite of picketing. In this connection I may tell you that fast for this purpose is not necessary. Those who attended the scholls are bound to realise soon their mistake. I may emphasize in this connection strict adherence of non-violence by the students in all they do. Let them blindly follow Gandhiji, for he alone is the World leader today."

After the singing of national songs by two girls and a student, the meeting terminated at 7-40 P.M., having commenced at 6-15 P.M.

The gathering was about 200 strong.

The gathering included ladies and girls about 30 in number.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Tumkur,
August 28, 1942.

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Copy

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

27-8-42 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.30 నుండి 7.30 వరకూ తమ తమ బసలో రేడియో ద్వారా మన స్వేచ్ఛ కాంగ్రెస్ వారు చెప్పిన విషయాలు.-

1) శ్రీ అరుణ్ అసఫ్ అలీ గారు:- నేను రేడియో. నేను రేడియో అయినాను- అంటే నేను మీకు ఒక సందేశం తెలియజేయడానికి వచ్చాను. నేను నన్ను మీ ముందు ఉంచుకోవడానికి వచ్చాను. నేను రేడియో అయినాక, నాకు వెలుతురు అంటే ఇష్టం. నేను ఎప్పుడూ వెలుతురు కోసం ఎదురుచూస్తాను. కాంగ్రెస్ వారు నేను ఇక్కడ ఉన్నాను అని తెలియజేయడానికి నేను ఇక్కడ ఉన్నాను. శ్రీ కాకాలేల్కర్ గారు నేను ఇక్కడ ఉన్నాను అని చెప్పారు.

2) శ్రీ T.L.N. శాస్త్రి గారు:- (ఇక్కడ మన్నాడు కాంగ్రెస్ వారు స్వేచ్ఛ ప్రకటించి ఉన్నారు అని మీకు తెలియజేస్తున్నాను).

నాకు ఇక్కడ ఉద్యోగం ఎలా వచ్చిందో తెలియచేస్తాను. నాకు మొదట Air Craft Factory లో పని చేయడానికి పిలుపు వచ్చింది. నేను వెళ్ళాను. నన్ను 6 నెలలు పని చేయించారు. నాకు Strike చేయడానికి 6 నెలల తరువాత తీర్మానం చేయడం జరిగింది. నన్ను పిలిచి నువ్వు వెళ్ళిపోవచ్చు అని చెప్పారు. 6 నెలలు పని చేసిన నేను వారితో: Our Boys, you are adopting American policy in achieving independence; Carry on your fight అని అన్నారు. నన్ను Hindustan Air Craft Factory లో పనిచేయమని తుంగా 6 నెలలు పని చేసాను. ఈ నన్ను క్రిస్టోఫర్ Sir John Higgins గారు నన్ను తన కాంగ్రెస్ వారన్న వెళ్ళారు. "నీ పేరే ఇక్కడ క్రిస్టోఫర్ రేడియో" నన్ను పేరు నా కాంగ్రెస్ వారన్న వెళ్ళారు. వెళ్ళిన తర్వాత Factory లో పనిచేస్తున్న వారు నన్ను పిలిచి, Your name is also తెలుసు అని అన్నారు. తరువాత నాకు కాంగ్రెస్ వారు తెలుసు, Your name is also తెలుసు అని అన్నారు. తరువాత నాకు కాంగ్రెస్ వారు తెలుసు అనగానే, 6 నెలలు apologise చేసి తప్పుకున్నారు. నాకు రేడియో అన్న పేరు ఎలా వచ్చిందో తెలియజేస్తాను. ఆవకాశాలు వారు రేడియో అన్న పేరు పెట్టారు. ఇవన్నీ రేడియో వారు నన్ను సమాధానపరచి చూస్తున్నారు. నాకు పని చేయడానికి అన్ని అవకాశాలు ఇస్తున్నారు. నన్ను తీసుకువెళ్ళి కాంగ్రెస్ వారన్న వెళ్ళారు. వారు నాకు కాంగ్రెస్ వారన్న పరిచయం చేసి నాకు తెలియకుండా నాకు కొన్ని విధులు అప్పగించారు. 6 నెలలు అలా గడిచాయి. ఇలా నన్ను పిలిచి పనిచేయించి వారన్న వెళ్ళారు. ఇలా నన్ను క్రిస్టోఫర్ గారు తీసుకువెళ్ళారు. ఇలా నన్ను శ్రీ అరుణ్ గారు తీసుకువెళ్ళారు. నన్ను పోలీసు వారు వెతకడం మొదలుపెట్టారు. నన్ను కాంగ్రెస్ వారన్న పరిచయం చేసి తీసుకువెళ్ళారు.

[illegible]

[illegible] N.W.7. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Boy as the Scout [illegible] King and Country [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

H. [illegible]
Karnataka State.
Tumkur D.P.C.

Copy

[illegible]
Dist. Supto. of Police
Tumkur Dist

No 1128/CB

1st September 2.

Dear Sir,

Please refer to your confidential letter No.J.C.26/42-43 dated the 29th August 1942 reporting about the political situation in the District. It is seen from the police report enclosed with your letter that one Krishnamurthy, clerk of Mr. T. Subrahmanya, Advocate, was found instigating the students at the High School Premises at Tumkur. Necessary action may be taken to detain this individual under the provisions of the Defence of India Act, if he is found taking active part in such movements.

Yours sincerely,

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

CONFIDENTIAL.

C. 26/42-43.
cs: Three.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur, dated 29th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the political situation in the district, I have the honour to state that on the 28th morning, I took the District Superintendent of Police and visited Sira, Madhugiri and Koratagere where we met the parents of school children and advised them ~~to send their~~ children to schools promising them the necessary protection against the acts of the mischief mongers. A majority of the students at Sira attended the classes. The School authorities were also instructed to advise the students properly. The local police officers were instructed to keep a vigilant watch near the premises and prevent trobles to school children. The students at Koratagere attended their classes without any trouble. The villagers of Nelahal and Kallambella were advised not to take part in subversive aticites.

ISSUED.

Messrs. Sudhama, K.V.Subramanya Swamy, B.C. Nanjundiah, Subba Rao and Srimati Amrita Bai of Tumkur addressed a public gathering of about 500 persons in the Society - maidan at Tumkur condemning the action of Government in accomodating the Military in the Benares Hindu University Building and exhorted the students to continue their strike. Some congressites are reported to have gone to Kyatasandra Railway Station this morning and prevented the supply of milk to the military camp at Bangalore. The Police are taking necessary action in the matter. The movements of some congressites who are instigating students not to attend

attend classes are being cosely watched.

One Hosahalli of Gubbi was found to picket students to come out of their classes. He was warned against this. Some 10 students of Tumkur are said to have talked to this Hosahalli and left towards Mandya on cycles Via Mayasandra. As it was found unsafe to allow this Hosahalli to remain in Gubbi he was arrested and detained in the District Lock-up Tumkur under rule 26 (1) of the Defence of India Rules.

Some congressites of Koratagere are said to be conspiring to cut down date trees. They are threatening to set fire to the huts of toddy Vedors, Tappers and Carriers in case they should continue in their business. The local police are watching the movements of these suspects and have been instructed to take preventive action against the leaders.

The situation at Tiptur and Pavagada is reported to be calm. The picketting of school children near the Empress Girls' school and old Middle School at Tumkur, this morning was prevented and the attempts of the High School and College students proved fruitless. But for the above incidents the situation in the entire district is calm. Copies of the following papers received from the District Superintendent of Police are enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. Sreenivasa Setty
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

Margin

1. Copy of the report dated 29-8-42.
2. Proceedings of the meeting held on the 28th evening.
3. Copy of a Kannada pamphlet "ಬಂದಾಯ".

C. F. No. 451

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Telegram / Telephone

OFFICE OF
THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
TUMKUR DISTRICT,
Tumkur.

No. J.C. 26/42-43.
Encls. One.

Date 30th August 1942.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

In continuation of my previous reports regarding the political situation in the district, I have the honour to state that Messrs. B.C.Nanjundiah, Achuta Rao and three others addressed a public gathering of about 150 students and other persons in the Co-operative Society maidan on the 29th evening at 6-30 P.M. Again this morning about 25 students after finishing their prabhat pheri procession assembled near the Hospital grounds. Mr.B.C.Nanjundiah and three others of whom two were students from Bangalore addressed a public gathering of about 75 students. The students from Bangalore congratulated the students of Tumkur for having kept out of their classes and carried on the propoganda successfully. Mr.B.C. Nanjundiah advised the students not to insinuate the C.I'D's and Government servants but to carry on the programme with complete non-violence. He requested them to get ready for Forest Satyagraha which he said would begin within a fortnight.

Three of the congressites at Sira are reported to have picketted the school children and gone round the streets shouting slogans. They entered the Toddy shop and spilt out the liquor. Necessary action will be taken against these individuals.

Three congressites of Koratagere who were reported to be very mischievous and indulging in suversive activities were ordered for detention in the District Lock-up at Tumkur under rule 26 (1

ISSUED.

rule 26 Cl. 1 (b) of the Defence of India Rules.

Some students of Byalya in Madhugiri taluk are reported to have struck work and entered the toddy shop and spilt away the liquor. Necessary action will be taken against the leaders if they do not mend themselves.

Some 20 students of the Madhugiri High School kept out and began inducing the others not to attend classes. Some parents who brought their children to school were treated lightly. The crowd was quietly dispersed.

A copy of the report dated 30-8-42 received from the District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur is enclosed for kind perusal.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. Sriniyasa Rao
Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur District.

No.S.B. 145-74/42-43

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 30, 1942.

SECRET

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales.
Dist. Superintendent of Police, Tumkur

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that it is reported that a public meeting was held in the premises of the Maidan of the Tumkur Town Co-operative Society yesterday at 6-30 P.M. where about 150 persons mostly students attended the meeting. Messrs. B.C. Nanjundiah, Achuta Rao, Yadava Rao, B. Nanjundappa and M.R. Ramaswamy addressed the meeting. Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah is reported to have decried the action of some of the people in pasting bit notices on lamp posts etc., on individuals and exhorted the audience to win the moral sympathy of the citizens by peaceful non-violent means. He added that he wanted to achieve independence by non-violent means and reiterated Gandhiji's sayings that he would not live in an independent country got by violence.

It is reported that this morning there was Prabhat Pheri procession in the streets of Tumkur consisting of about 25 students. After the Prabhat Pheri procession, they assembled near the hospital grounds to hear Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah. There was a gathering of 76 boys; Messrs. Subba Rao, Student, Intermediate College, Tumkur, Achuta Rao and Yadava Rao, Students of Bangalore also addressed the gathering. After congratulating the students of Tumkur for having kept out of their classes and also for having carried on actively the propaganda of the Congress movement successfully, the Bangalore students promised all support and help from the Students Federation and requested them to follow the leadership of Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah. Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah condemned the action of some of the boys regarding their insinuation to the G.S. C.I.Ds and appealed to them not to insult or carry propaganda against any individual of the Government, but to carry on peacefully

the programme laid down by the Congress. He requested the audience not to indulge themselves in cutting down the telegraph and telephone wires and in short advised them not to do anything which would amount to the destruction of private or Government property. Continuing his speech, he added that he would time and again give instructions regarding the constructive programme that had to be done in the villages and requested them to get ready for Forest Satyagraha which would in all probabilities come into force within a fortnight. He said that every move of the Congress party would be notified to the Government. They all dispersed at 9-40 A.M.

It is reported from Sira that one Kenchappa s/o Boppanna, Narasimha s/o Veeranarasappa and C.T. Mukkannappa and others went near the schools on 27-8-42, induced the students to come out of their classes and went round the streets of Sira in a procession carrying the national flag and shouting slogans. They are reported to have entered the toddy shop, broke open the bands and spilled away toddy; action will be taken against them, if necessary.

C.P. Hanumanthiah, Basavaradhya and Sathappa were reported to be mischievous at Koratagere since 3 days indulging in subversive activities and as their being at large was detrimental to public order and safety, orders were obtained yesterday to detain them in Tumkur District lock-up; they were remanded to Tumkur District lock-up under Sec.26 Cl.1(b) of the Defence of India Act, yesterday.

It is reported from Byalya, Kodigenahalli Range, Madhugiri taluk that the students struck work, went round the streets in a procession and spilt away the toddy in the toddy shop; necessary action will be taken against the leaders if they do not mend themselves.

Report from Madhugiri is received that about 20 students kept out of the High School and began inducing other boys not to attend classes; some of the parents who brought children to school were treated lightly; they were quietly dispersed.

There is nothing of importance to report from other taluks.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

No. 1148/CB

2nd September 2

Dear Sir,

With reference to your letter No. J.C.26 dated the 30th August 1942, I am desired to state that in view of the continued activities of B.C.Nanjundiah who has been instigating students it is necessary to take action against him and arrest him under the provisions of the Defence of India Act.

It is also mentioned in your letter that three congressites at Sira have been picketing school children and committing other acts of a subversive nature. I am to point out that such offenders should have been promptly arrested.

Yours sincerely,

P. Suryanarayana Setty, Esqr., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.

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[illegible]

H. Narasimha Rao
Kamala Steels
Tumkur D.P.O.

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2. n. [illegible]
Dist. Supdt. of Police
of Tumkur Dt.

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Proceedings of Congress Meeting held in the premises of the Town Co-operative Society, Tumkur, on the evening of 28-8-1942, under the auspices of the Student League, Tumkur.

After the singing of national song by one Chandrasekhar, K.V. SUDHAMA addressed the gathering briefly to the following effect - " We have met today to exhibit our sorrow for the occupation of the Benares Hindu University by the Military. I hope you will all reciprocate the feelings of sorrow that is passing within me. Pandit Malaviya founded the University, the only premier national institution of India, where 5000 students reside. The name of Pandit Malaviya and the University go together just as Gandhiji and India go together. Such a university is now made use of by the Military, for their stables etc. Its Silver Jubilee was recently celebrated. I am confident that the University shall be restored to Indians soon, for, the Indians shall soon clear the Britishers out of India and drive them out. How much Gandhiji must be feeling over this affair, after having recently lost his spare body, Sjt. Mahadeva Desai. The Saraswati temple in the University is made foul of by the Military. We are confident that the sanctity of the Saraswati temple will soon be restored. You will all be enraged if you hear how the Military occupied the University. Barely half-an-hour time was given to vacate and then Curfew Order was passed- tear gas was used - and within a short time, the whole University buildings were taken possession of, and the students deserted out of their buildings. There is no salvation for India unless this sort of repression is put an end to. I wish to place this resolution before you for your approval.(Read the text of resolution in Kannada purporting to condemn the action of the Military authorities in occupying the Benares Hindu University buildings without the consent of the Vice-Chancellor Sir S. Radhakrishnan, as it would prove a death blow to Pandit Malaviya in his old age, and hoping that the University will soon rise again in all its glory).

Read resolution not to attend schools & colleges till the University is restored and the national demand is conceded.

The Students' Federation in Tumkur has been co-operating with the Mass movement since 15 days and I am sure that they will not stop till the goal is reached. It is enough for having suffered for 150 years of British rule. By dint of sacrifice we shall

shall win Swaraj and I hope that you will all share my feelings.

MR. K.V. SUBRAMANYASWAMY(Member, District Board, Tumkur) next addressed the gathering to the following effect - " I am not a good speaker; so I hope you will please excuse my faults, if any. I am really glad that students in Tumkur have come forward in this movement so enthusiastically. In all countries, such as China and Spain, where students have joined the national movement, there has been success. By the response of students in Tumkur, I feel that they will attain for us, soon, the goal of Responsible Govt.

I am a four-anna member of the Congress; I am therefore a member of the unlawful association. I cannot see the meaning of the declaration by the Mysore Govt. of Congress associations as unlawful, for, I wonder how can these unlawful members so huge -/160 in the Representative Assembly - will have to sit in the forthcoming session and will give their consent to so many measures required to be passed for legislature. Again I see no necessity for the prohibitory order passed in Tumkur; the order is meaningless to me. As per the advice of Vinoba Bhave published in 'Harijan' it is our duty to defy this prohibitory order, being a part of non-co-operation movement started by the Indian Congress. Strikes in factories and other unhappy incidents that have taken place in the whole of India, are due to the mistake of the Govt. policy. According to Gandhiji's instructions, the duty falls on us to see that no recruitment is helped during this war or no supplies are made to the Army. In addition to the present activities of the students, I would advise the students to take up to picketing of foreign goods shops and all foreign cloth, in order that the British Lion may starve, and also in order to carry on our self-sufficiency scheme. By adopting complete non-co-operation with the Govt., the Govt. will soon have to yield. We need not be sorry for the arrest of our leaders; let us carry on the torch of their message.

When foreigners pay such a heavy price for freedom, it is also our duty to make huge sacrifices for the sake of freedom, which is ~~xxxxxxx~~ invaluable, by successfully carrying on the non-co-operation movement started in the country. I hope the students will stick up to the resolution passed today and abstain

abstain from attending schools and colleges. I thank the students for having given me the opportunity to defy today the prohibitory order in Tumkur."

AMRITA BAI (Student: Intermediate College, Tumkur) spoke with the help of a written speech, to the following effect - " I have never so far addressed any public meeting, and so I request you all to kindly excuse me, if I were to speak anything amiss. All of you are aware that India is now in trouble and that Indians are working for the independence of India. Let our womenfolk also do what little they can do for the deliverance of India, by uniting with our brothers who are called upon the by Gandhiji to break the shackles of slavery in India. It is generally supposed that women are the weaker sex who cannot dare so much as the other sex. I affirm that, so far as courage is concerned, the lady students, will not fall behind their brothers. We shall join hands with our brothers working for the national movement and help them to achieve our objective."

MR. B.C. NANJUNDIAH next addressed the gathering to the following effect - " My work has become light today as new speakers have spoken today. Today we have sacrificed Mr. K.V. Subramanyaswamy for the prohibitory order of the Deputy Commissioner, who is however unkind to me, though I am bawling out since 10 days.

Today we have condemned the repression of the authorities in connection with the Benares Hindu University, which is the symbol of our national culture, and built out of huge donations from all over India, and where 5000 students reside. Half-an-hour after the Military order, the University was taken over by the Military, which is repression, pure and simple. Naturally enough, Indians are all enraged, specially for having spoiled the sanctity of the Saraswati temple by the Military authorities. Our answer to this repression must be by the concentration of all our energies directed with the object of ending this repression, in a short time. We require the Britishers to live in India as friends and not as Rulers over Indians, which is symbolied in 'QUIT INDIA', stated by Gandhiji. Gandhiji had no so far called upon the students in politics, but he has called upon them now, in this fateful period, by asking them to come out of their schools & colleges

This is the time to follow the advice of Gandhiji, blindly, without questioning, or argumentation. The country was peaceful and contented prior to the British Rule which has now brought dire poverty and acute discontenment. There is a storm raging all over India; let none face the storm and fall down; if he is wise, let him stand by the current or go along the current, but let him not oppose the current lest he may fall down.

The A.R.P. Personnel seems to consist of retired officers and others who have no independent thinking, for, they are reported to go out in A.R.P. venicles and shout out of them to the students to return back to the schools and colleges and to abide by the advice of their parents. Are the A.R.P. vehicles meant to do this work, or to be used during an Air raid? I am sure that when really an Air raid happens, all these wardens and other A.R.P. personnel will rush in their homes and never come out, after the signal is given. Indeed they are all people who are deprived of independent thinking and who continue in the old slavish rut, and who are dearly hugging to their pensions. I warn them not to go against the current which is flowing furiously, under the guidance of the great man, Gandhiji. What have they to reply to the atrocity commited by the Military to the Benares Hindu University? Have they the ~~stamina~~ strength to oppose the Military repression? Then, why should they preach the students to go back to the schools and colleges, and be jeered at by the students. Let them retain what little dignity and prestige they have, by not participating in such advice to the students, whose duty now is to quit the British out of India and thus earn the freedom of India. Let them not hinder the progress of the freedom movement in India, if they cannot actively participate in it. There will no peace to India and the world, except by Gandhiji, the beloved of all Indians. How can there be peace in India when Gandhiji is in jail? Release of Gandhiji and acting to his wor is the only way to bring the country to peace; this movement shall not stop till it is done. We are really blessed to be living in a period when Gandhiji is living. There is no salvation for anybody except by joining this national movement.

I exhort to the students to stick up to the resolution passed today and not heed to the advice of fondling parents except that of Gandhiji, who, you may take it for granted, is born for the salvation of the students and the whole of India.

As it is certain that the students do not attend schools and Colleges, I would request the authorities to close them down, in order that there may not be picketing, by the boys, of Middle and Primary Schools. The arrest of 25 students in Bangalore has worsened the situation. The authorities should have been wiser and not meddled with the students at all; for, by their action now, they have made the students active workers in politics as well as worsened the situation in the country. The authorities have withheld payment of Money orders to the students; the result of the action is nothing more than depriving some students of their money. However it is certain it will not be possible to run the schools and colleges this year.

I emphatically request the students not to picket near the Girls' schools; that part of the work may well be entrusted to the lady picketeers who may go from house to house and convince the parents and appeal to them not to send their children to schools and colleges."

One SUBBA RAO (a College Student) briefly addressed the gathering to the following effect - " I need not speak in detail, as the previous speakers have told you all that had to be said. However I will speak a few words that are uppermost in my heart.

It is a matter of profound sorrow that the only national University of India, Benares Hindu University, is forcibly closed, owing to the exhibition of satanic and brutal strength of the Britishers. I know I am only voicings the feelings of all of you. The Britishers will lose, by their action, the confidence of the people of India, as they did lose immediately after the last Great War, by their betrayal of trust and promise held out to Indians. I am really surprised by the Government communiques defending their action on the plea that shooting had to be resorted to for the sake of security in India. The repression is confirmed by their action in connection with the Benares Hindu University and by preventing free expression from Gandhiji

as to his feelings at present and especially regarding the death of Sjt. Mahadeva Desai. The students must double up their efforts and carry on their work with determination, inspite of severe repression by the Govt., so as to put an end to their circus, viz., exhibition of brute force. The fire of freedom is now fanned. This is the time to deserts the remark of Swami Vivekananda - " Be proud that you are an Indian " and eventually achieve our goal of independence."

Speaking next Mr. B.C. Nanjundiah expressed satisfaction and admiration of the speeches by students, so pregnant with thought and inspiration, and remarked that, if only the Maharaja had heard such speeches by students, he would surely grant Responsible Govt. in Mysore, and added that Gandhiji, wisely forethought that the latent spirit in the students would rise up to this height, and so he called upon the students to come out of their schools and Colleges, in case all the Congressites were to go behind the bars, and to work for the national movement. He continued and said that the days of the British administration in India were numbered, and lastly appealed to one and all, and especially those who were in the nooks and corners, to shed their indifference and lethargy, and to join and work for the movement, in order that ~~he~~ they may be thereby saved.

With the singing of "Vande Mataram" the meeting terminated at 7-45 P.M.

The gathering was about 500 strong and about 25 lady students also attended the meeting.

Tumkur,
Aug.29, 1942.

Sd. Y. Krishnamurti Rao,
Stenographer,
District Police Office,
Tumkur.

Copy

Y. V. [illegible]
Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.

28.8.62 నాడు సాయంకాలం 6.30 నుండి 7.30 వరకు [illegible]
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No.S.B. 145-72/42-43

District Police Office,
Tumkur, August 29, 1942

From

T.V. Reddy, Esq., LL.B.(Wales),
District Superintendent of Police, Tumkur.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Tumkur.

Sir,

I have the honour to report that the Deputy Commissioner and myself left yesterday morning to Sira where we met the parents of school-going children. After giving necessary instructions to the parents and promising them to give all support to the safety of their children, we advised them to send their children to schools. We met the school authorities and instructed them to advise the children to attend schools. The important local citizens of Sira were also advised to influence the students to go to classes and not to strike work which would ultimately ruin their career. Majority of the students attended the classes yesterday at Sira. From Sira we came to Madhugiri where we advised the students to go to classes and not to be lead away by the heat of the movement. We met the school authorities and instructed them to advise the students and promised to look after the safety of the boys who volunteered to attend the classes.

We came to Koratagere, advised the students and also gave necessary instructions to the school authorities; all the students attended the classes without any trouble. After giving necessary instructions to the Police Inspectors of Madhugiri and Sira to keep close watch over the movements of suspects and also to see that no trouble occurred near the school premises, we returned to Tumkur after visiting Nelahal and Kallambella. We met the village officers of the aforesaid villages and instructed them to advise the villagers not to indulge in such subversive activities.

A public meeting was held in the premises of the Town Co-operatige Society yesterday evening at 6-15 P.M. under the

P.T.O.

the auspices of the Students League; about 500 persons mostly students and about 25 lady students are reported to have attended the meeting. Messrs. Sudhama, Student, Intermediate College, K.V. Subramanyaswamy, Srimathi Amrita Bai and B.C. Nanjundiah and Subba Rao, student, are reported to have addressed the gathering. The speakers, after condemning the action of the Government for accommodating the Military in the Benares Hindu University buildings, exhorted the students not to attend classes till the national demand of independence is conceded.

It is reported that Seenappa, Flower Merchant, Rajanna s/o Shekariah, Krishna Iyengar s/o Sreenivasa Iyengar, Seenappa s/o Venkataputtappa and a few others went to the Railway Station this morning at Kyatsandra and prevented milk from being sent to Military at Bangalore; I have instructed the Police Inspector to take action against the leaders.

It is ascertained that one Krishnamurthy, clerk of Mr. T. Subramanya, Advocate, and President, Mysore Congress, was found instigating the students at the High School premises of Tumkur not to attend classes and also to muster round more students and citizens and to carry on the struggle; his movements are being closely watched and necessary action will be taken if he continues to tread the old path.

It is reported from Gubbi that all was quiet after the arrest of Gatti Revanna and Mallappa till 27-8-1942 when one Hosalli of Gubbi, who had gone away to Bangalore, returned to Gubbi on 27-8-42; he is reported to have gone near the schools and was found requesting the students to come out of their classes; he was however warned on 27-8-42 not to interfere with the peaceful working of the classes. About 10 students of Tumkur are reported to have gone to Gubbi on the night of 27-8-42 on cycles and after having met the aforesaid Hosalli, went away towards Mayasandra road, from which place they intend to go to Mandya.

On 28-8-42 the aforesaid Hosalli again went near the old Middle School and collected the students during the interval, began addressing them not to attend classes and to join hands with him in cutting telephone wire etc. As the said individual's

individual's presence at Gubbi would materially affect public order and tranquillity, orders were obtained to detain him at Tumkur District lock-up; he was arrested yesterday and is detained in Tumkur District lock-up under section 26 Cl.1(b) of the Defence of India Rules.

It is reported from Koratagere that Messrs. Basavaradhya, Hanumanthiah and Sathanna are conspiring to cut down the date trees near Agrahar and threatened the toddy vendors and carriers and tappers that they would set fire to their houses and huts if they continued to deal in their trade. I have instructed the Sub Inspector of Police, Koratagere to watch these suspects and to take immediate preventive action against the leaders. It is also ascertained that the Congressites of Teetha and Yelerampur were designing to cut date trees near Madhya, Venkatapura. Necessary Police arrangements are made near Venkatapura and Teetha to prevent such overt acts.

One Karissiddiah Setty of Settahalli, Chikkanaikanahalli Taluk is reported to have instigated secretly some Congressites to preach No-tax campaign in the villages. Unobtrusive watch has been kept on the said individual and will be rounded if he comes to adverse notice.

It is reported from Pavagada that Mr. Henjerappa of Madhugiri went to Pavagada on court work on 27-8-42; his movements are being closely watched.

Everything at Tiptur is reported to be quiet.

After the usual Prabhat-Pheri procession in the morning this day at Tumkur, about 50 students of High School and Intermediate College of Tumkur gathered in the road opposite to High School premises at about 7 A.M. and went round all the schools; they were prevented from entering the school premises; they went about shouting in the roads. None of the girl students responded to their call outside the Empress Girls' School and hence they came near the Old Middle School where their attempts also proved futile.

I beg leave to add that this movement, if it is gaining any strength, is gaining only through the efforts of students who are making daily shows by processions, picketing and by keeping out of their classes.

Developments are being watched and reports will duly be submitted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Police,
Tumkur District.